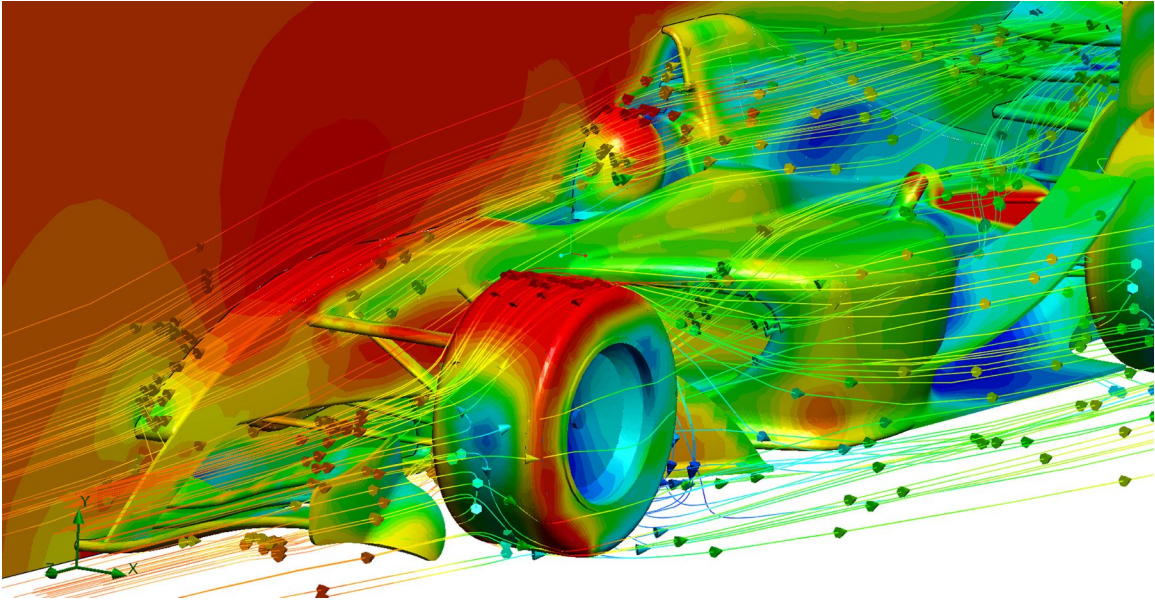
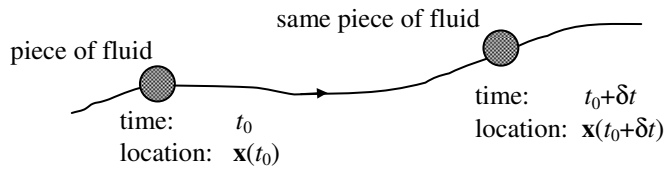


## Acceleration of a Fluid Particle



## Acceleration of a Fluid Particle



$$T = T(t, \mathbf{x}(t))$$

$$\left. \frac{dT}{dt} \right|_{\text{following a fluid particle}} = \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \underbrace{\frac{dx}{dt}}_{=u_x} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} \underbrace{\frac{dy}{dt}}_{=u_y} + \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \underbrace{\frac{dz}{dt}}_{=u_z}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{DT}{Dt} &= \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + u_x \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial T}{\partial y} + u_z \frac{\partial T}{\partial z} \\ &= \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + (\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla) T \end{aligned}$$

$\frac{D}{Dt}(\dots)$	$=$	$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\dots)$	$+$	$(\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla)(\dots)$
Lagrangian rate of change (changes as we follow a fluid particle)		local or Eulerian rate of change (changes due to unsteady effects)		convective rate of change (changes due to a change in particle position)
		$= \frac{\partial}{\partial t}(\dots) + u_x \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(\dots) + u_y \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(\dots) + u_z \frac{\partial}{\partial z}(\dots)$		

$$\frac{D\mathbf{u}}{Dt} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial t} + (\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{u} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial t} + u_x \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial y} + u_z \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial z}$$