The aerodynamic behavior of a flying insect is to be investigated in a wind tunnel using a ten-times scale model. If the insect flaps its wings 50 times a second when flying at 4 ft/s, determine the wind tunnel air speed and wing oscillation frequency required for dynamic similarity.



## SOLUTION:

Maintain Reynolds number similarity,

$$\operatorname{Re}_{M} = \operatorname{Re}_{P} \implies \frac{VL}{v}\Big|_{M} = \frac{VL}{v}\Big|_{P} \implies V_{M} = V_{P}\left(\frac{L_{P}}{L_{M}}\right)\left(\frac{v_{M}}{v_{P}}\right)$$
(1)

where 
$$L_P/L_M = 1/10$$
 and  $v_M/v_P = 1$  (air used in both cases). Hence,  
 $V_M = (1/10)V_P = 0.4 \text{ ft/s}$  (2)

Also maintain Strouhal number similarity,

$$\operatorname{St}_{M} = \operatorname{St}_{P} \implies \frac{\omega L}{V}\Big|_{M} = \frac{\omega L}{V}\Big|_{P} \implies \omega_{M} = \omega_{P} \left(\frac{L_{P}}{L_{M}}\right) \left(\frac{V_{M}}{V_{P}}\right) \tag{3}$$

where  $L_P/L_M = 1/10$  and  $V_M/V_P = 1/10$ . Hence,  $\omega_M = (1/100)\omega_P = 0.5 \text{ Hz}$ 

$$\omega_M = (1/100)\,\omega_P = 0.5 \text{ Hz}$$
 (4)