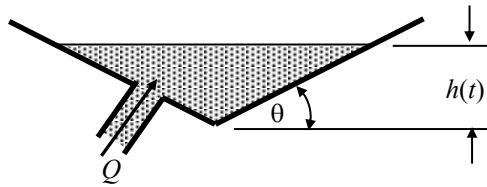


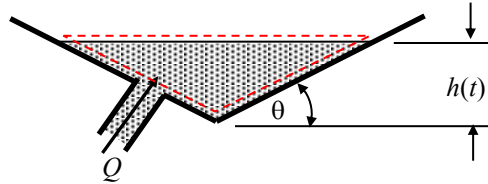
The (symmetric) V-shaped container shown in the figure has width, b , into the page and is filled from the inlet pipe at volume flow rate, Q . Derive expressions for:

- the rate of change of the surface height, dh/dt
- the time required for the surface to rise from h_1 to h_2 .



SOLUTION:

Apply conservation of mass to the deformable control volume shown in the figure below.



$$\frac{d}{dt} \int_{CV} \rho dV + \int_{CS} \rho \mathbf{u}_{rel} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = 0$$

where

$$\frac{d}{dt} \int_{CV} \rho dV = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\rho 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} h \frac{h}{\tan \theta} \cdot b \right) = \frac{\rho b}{\tan \theta} \frac{d}{dt} (h^2) = \frac{2\rho b h}{\tan \theta} \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\int_{CS} \rho \mathbf{u}_{rel} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = -\rho Q$$

Substitute and simplify.

$$\frac{2\rho b h}{\tan \theta} \frac{dh}{dt} - \rho Q = 0$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{\tan \theta}{2hb} Q}$$

(1)

Solve the differential equation to determine the time required for a specified change in the liquid level.

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{\tan \theta}{2hb} Q$$

$$\int_{h=h_1}^{h=h_2} h dh = \frac{\tan \theta}{2b} Q \int_{t=t_1}^{t=t_2} dt$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (h_2^2 - h_1^2) = \frac{\tan \theta}{2b} Q (t_2 - t_1)$$

$$\boxed{t_2 - t_1 = \frac{b(h_2^2 - h_1^2)}{Q \tan \theta}}$$

(2)