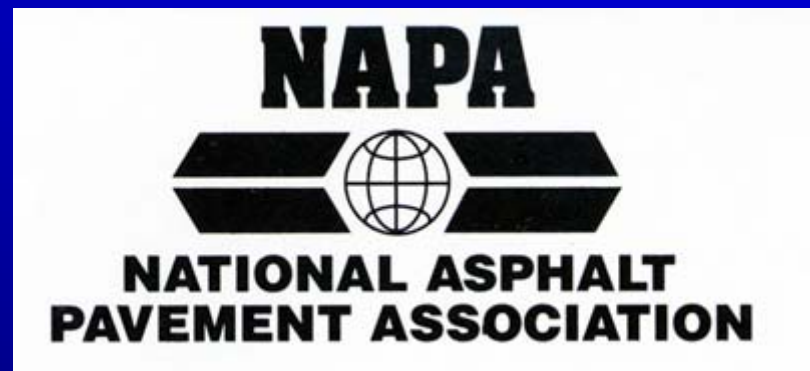


Stone Matrix Asphalt,
Porous Open Stone Graded
Open-Graded Friction Course,
Friction Matrix Course Asphalt
Porous Pavement
Pavement



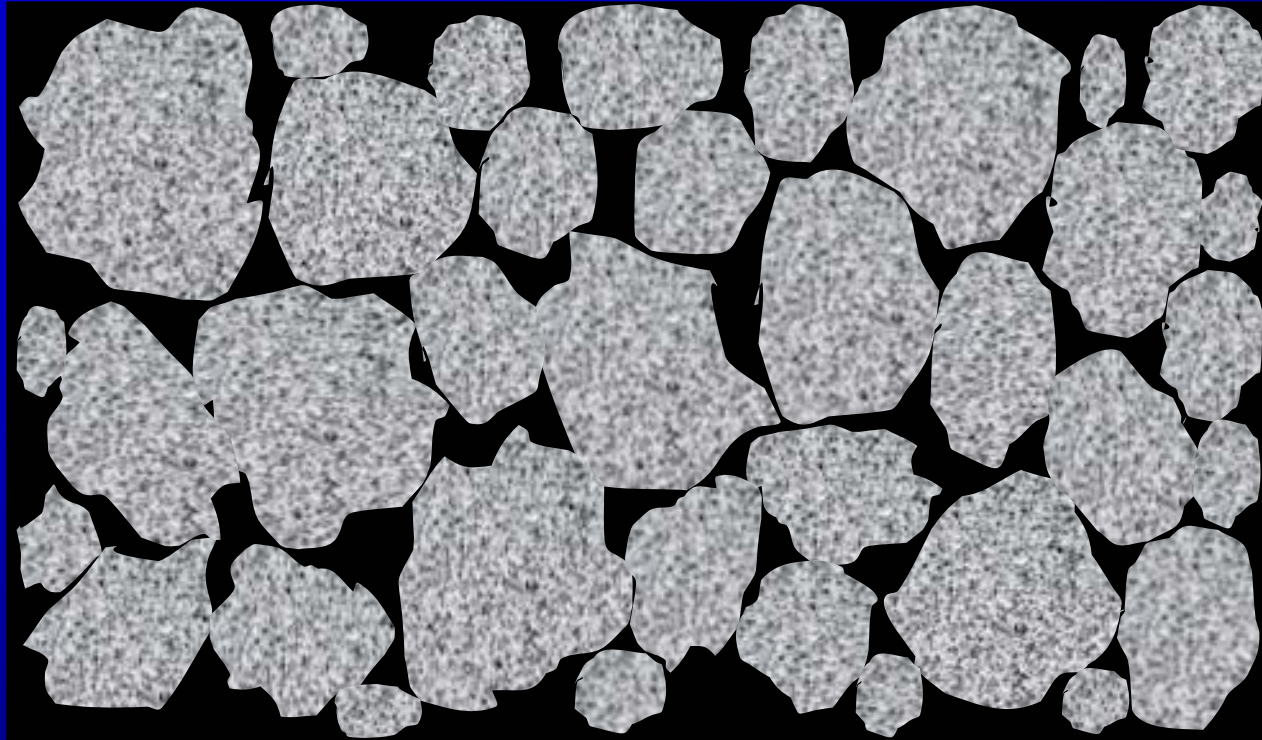
Stone Matrix Asphalt (SMA)

- Premium Surface Mix
- Stone-on-Stone Contact
- Voids Filled
 - Asphalt
 - Filler
- Long Lasting
 - Minimize Rutting
 - Minimize Cracking

Components of SMA

- Aggregate
- Asphalt Cement
- Polymer Modifier
- Mineral Filler
- Fiber Stabilizer
- Hydrated Lime (as needed)

Aggregate Skeleton Stone Matrix Asphalt Mix







1XC Control
2XC Control
No long on #2204
40%

| | | | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| To | To | To | To |
| 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 |

5.75

No more than 20%

3:1

No more than 10%

5:1



Asphalt Matrix

- Asphalt Cement
- Polymer
- Fiber
- Mineral Filler

Increased Film Thickness

**SMA has 25% thicker
film coating than
conventional dense
graded mix.**





Polymer
& Fiber

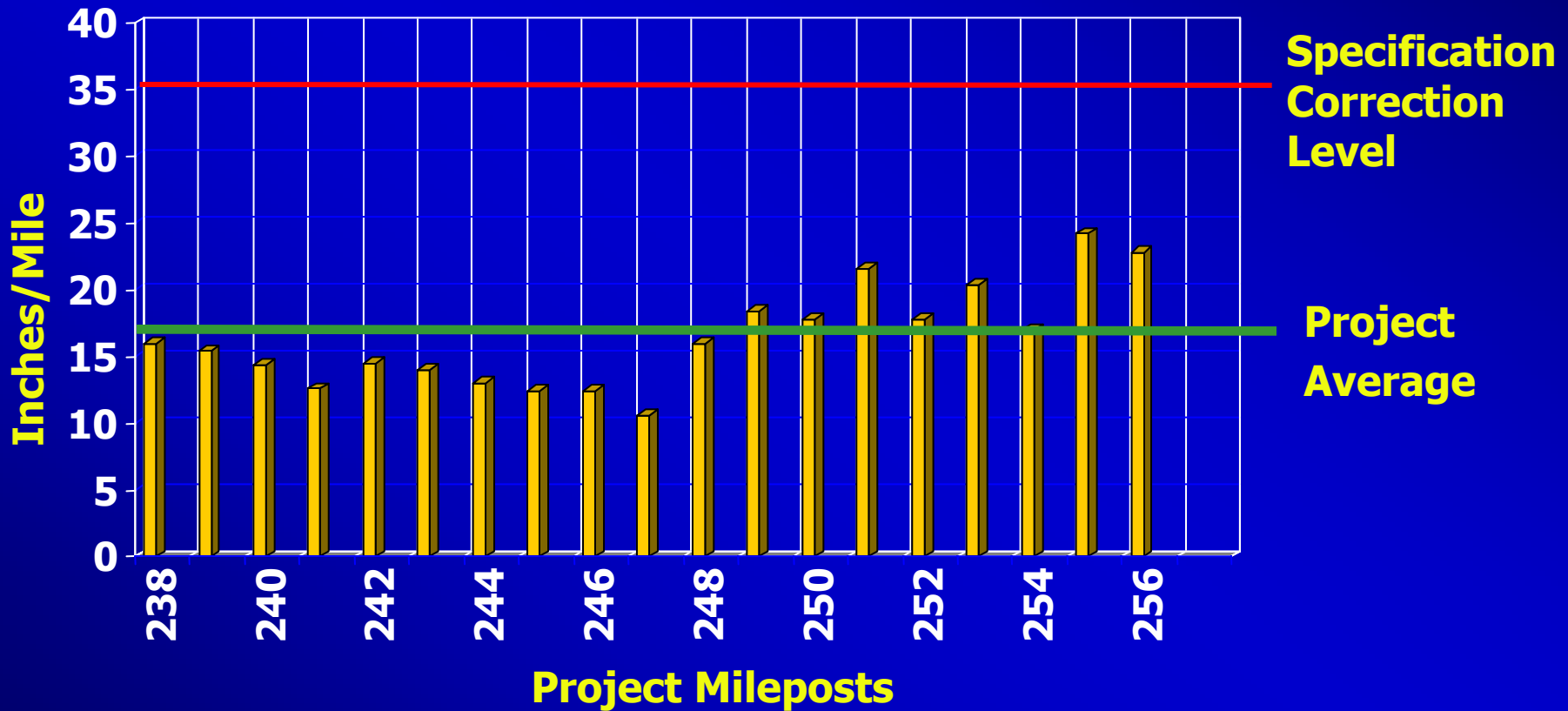


HOV Construction in Atlanta

- 330 Lane Miles
- \$41 Million Project
- 200,000 Tons SMA
- 20% Increased Traffic Capacity
- Improved Air Quality

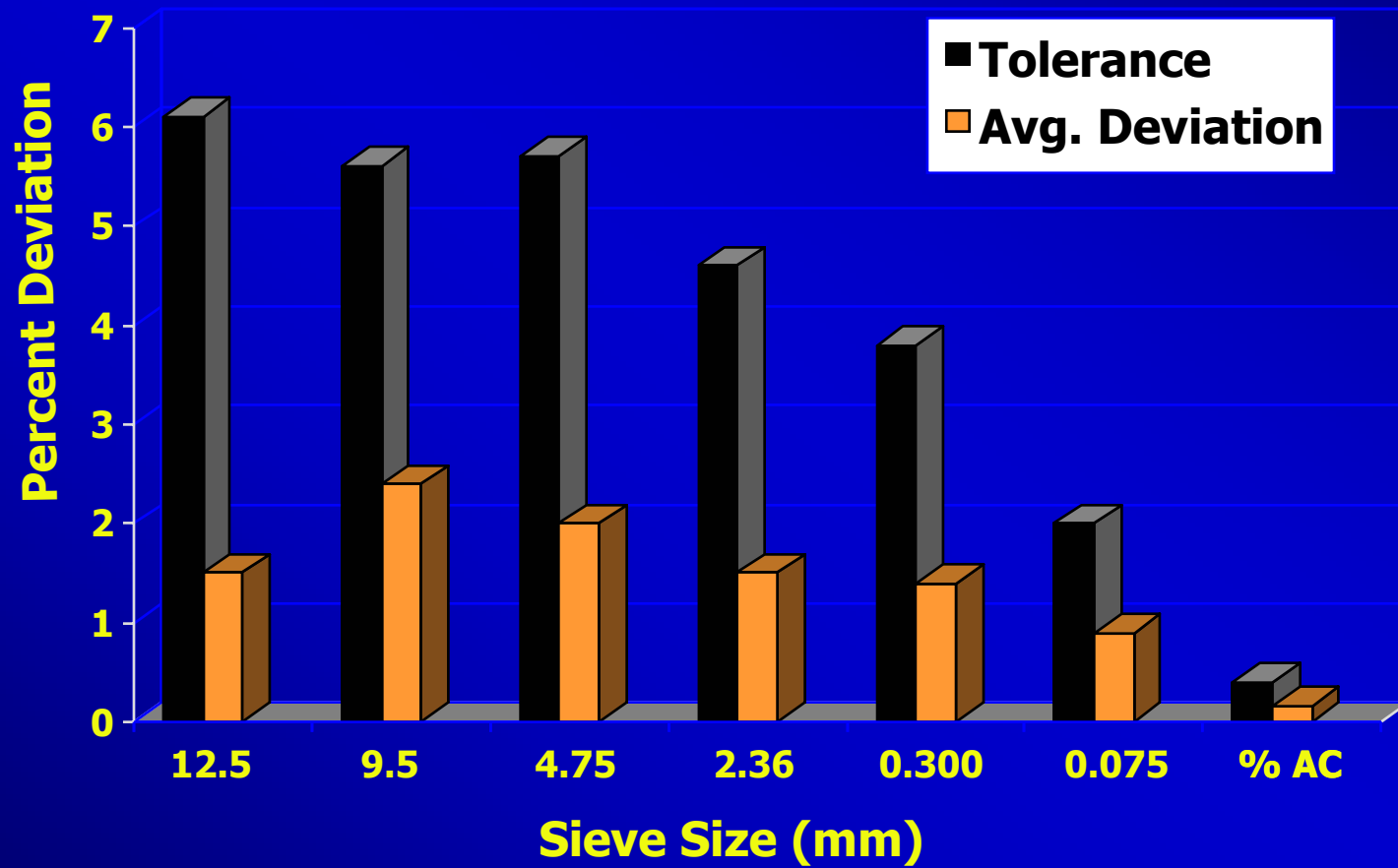


Smoothness of SMA Southbound Lanes

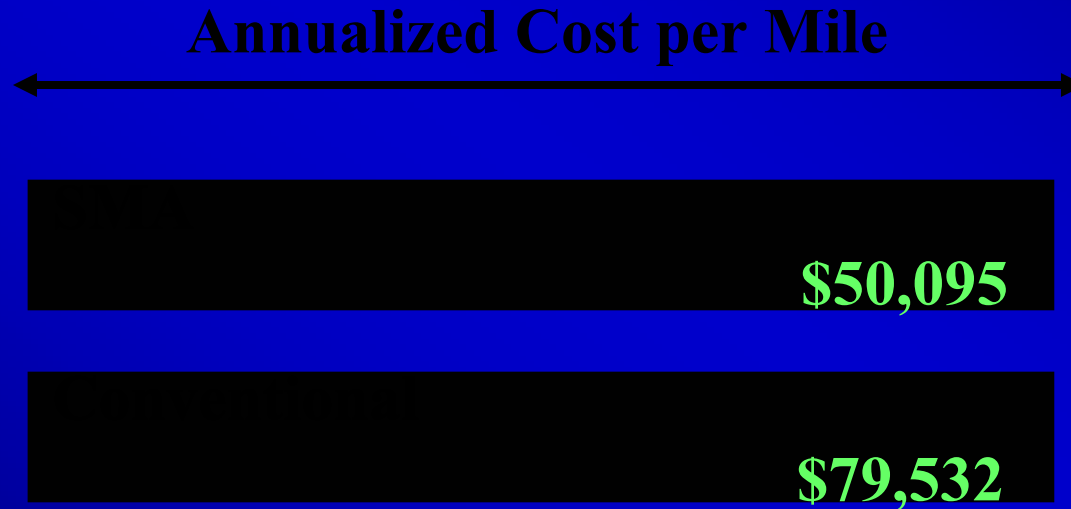




SMA Test Results



SMA Annualized Costs are 37% lower than Conventional Mix

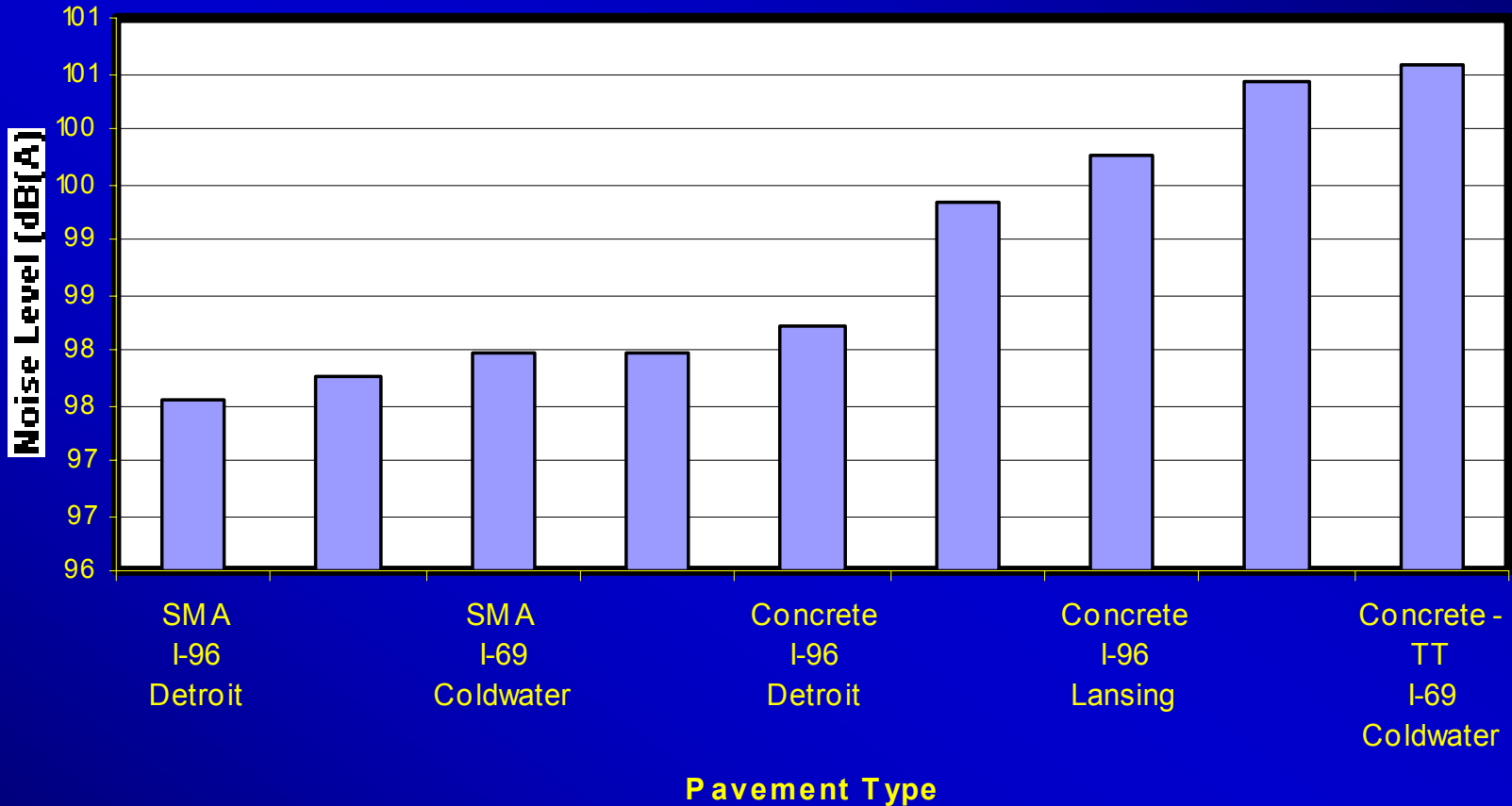


Stone Matrix Asphalt

Intrinsic Benefits

- 30-40% less rutting than conventional mixes
- 3-5 times greater fatigue life
- Europeans experience 30-40% longer service life
- Lower annualized cost

Michigan Noise Study



Range is 98 to 101 {3 dB(A)}

Some States Using SMA

- Georgia
- Maryland
- Illinois
- Indiana
- Louisiana
- Michigan
- Wisconsin
- Colorado
- Virginia

Quality Improvement Series 122



Designing and Constructing SMA Mixtures— State-of-the-Practice



U.S. Department
of Transportation
Federal Highway
Administration



Reference:

Open-Graded Friction Course (OGFC)

What we want:



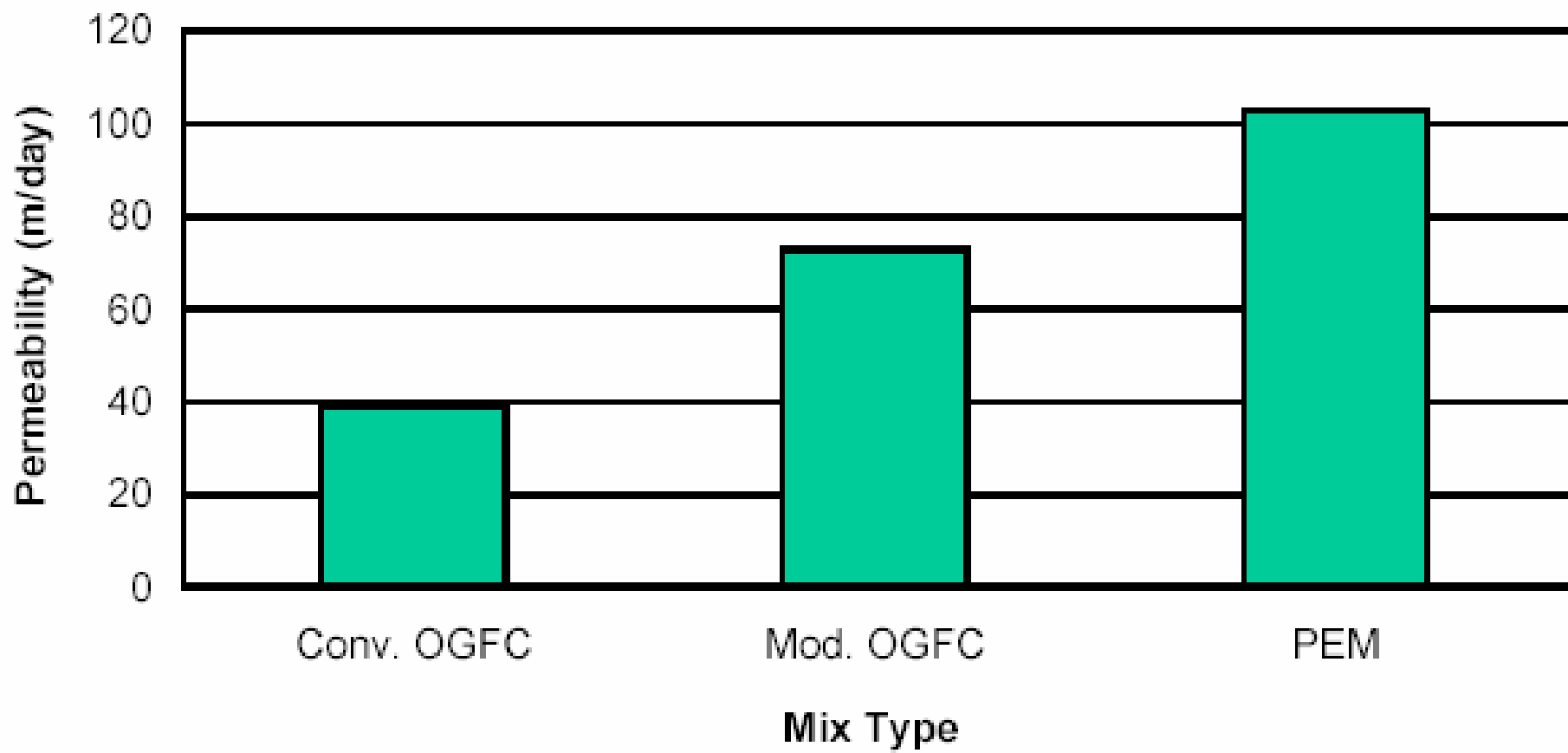
Materials

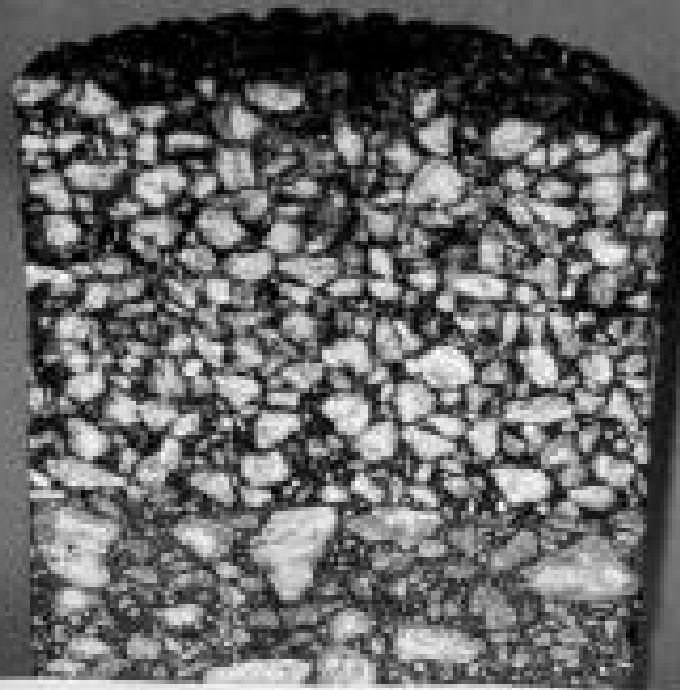
- Hot Mix Asphalt
 - Open Graded Aggregate
 - Crushed Faces
 - 100% 1-face
 - >90% 2-faces
 - Modified Binder - Recommended
 - Fibers - Recommended
 - Void Content > 18%

| | |
|---------|------------|
| 3/4" | 100% |
| 1/2" | 85 to 100% |
| 3/8" | 35 to 60% |
| No. 4 | 10 to 25% |
| No. 8 | 5 to 10% |
| No. 200 | 2 to 4% |

Georgia OGFC

- All Interstates and State Routes with ADT > 25,000
- 850,000 tons since 1993
- Characteristics
 - Gap-grading
 - Fibers
 - Polymer Modified AC
 - 20 - 24% Air Voids





- 12.5 mm PEM
- 12.5 mm SMA
- 19.0 mm SMA
- 25.0 mm (Base)





- **Coarse Superpave Mix**



- **Stone Matrix Asphalt Mix**



- **Open Graded Friction Course**

Noise Levels By Surface Type

| | |
|-------|----------------------------------------|
| 104.9 | Random Transverse (Wisconsin) |
| 102.5 | Uniform Transverse (ADOT-3/4") |
| 99.1 | Longitudinal (ADOT-3/4") |
| 95.5 | Whisper Grind |
| 91.8 | ARFC (OGFC with Asphalt-Rubber Binder) |

Some States Using OGFC

- Georgia
- Florida
- Alabama
- Texas
- Arizona
- California
- New Jersey
- Rhode Island
- Massachusetts
- Oregon

Reference:

Information Series 115



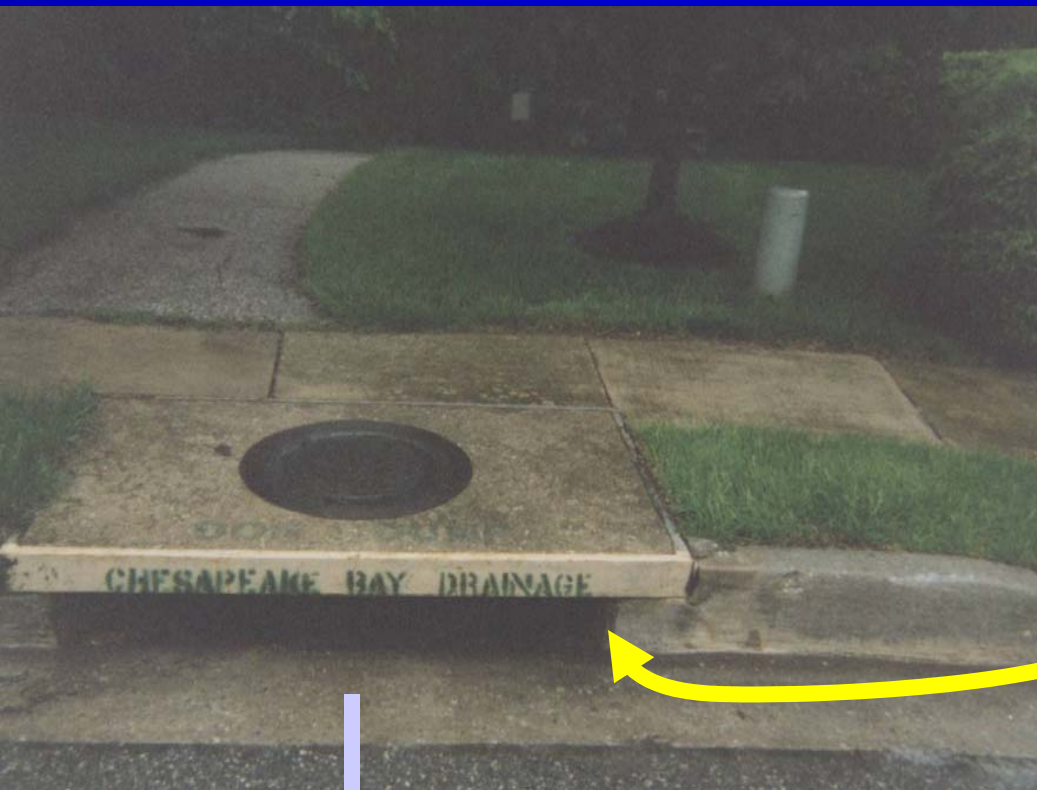
***Design, Construction,
and Maintenance of
Open-Graded Asphalt
Friction Courses***



Porous Pavement

- Porous Surface
- Porous Base
- Allow Infiltration
- Reduce Drainage Features
- Save Land and Trees

What We Usually Do.



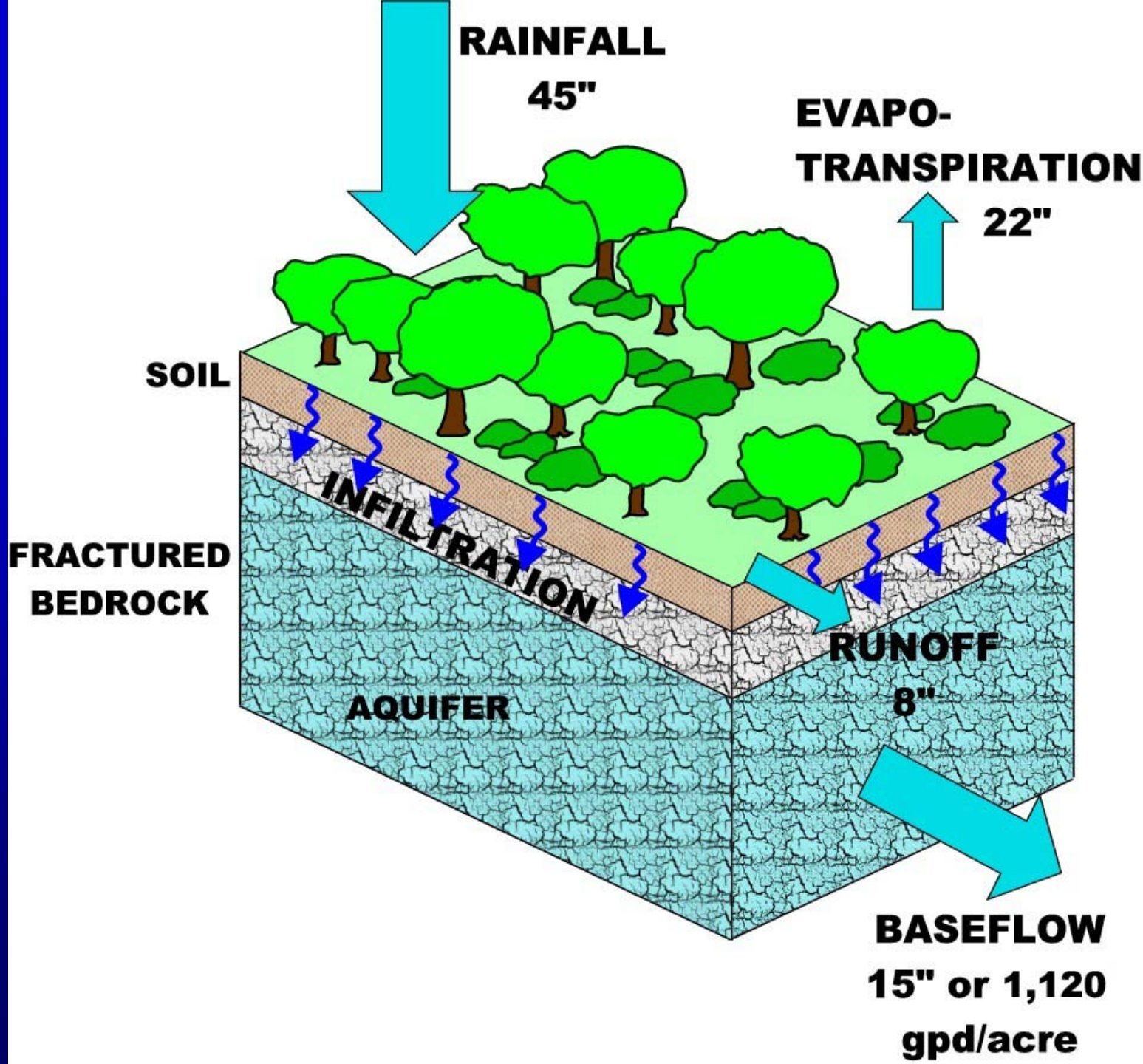
Storm Sewer Inlet

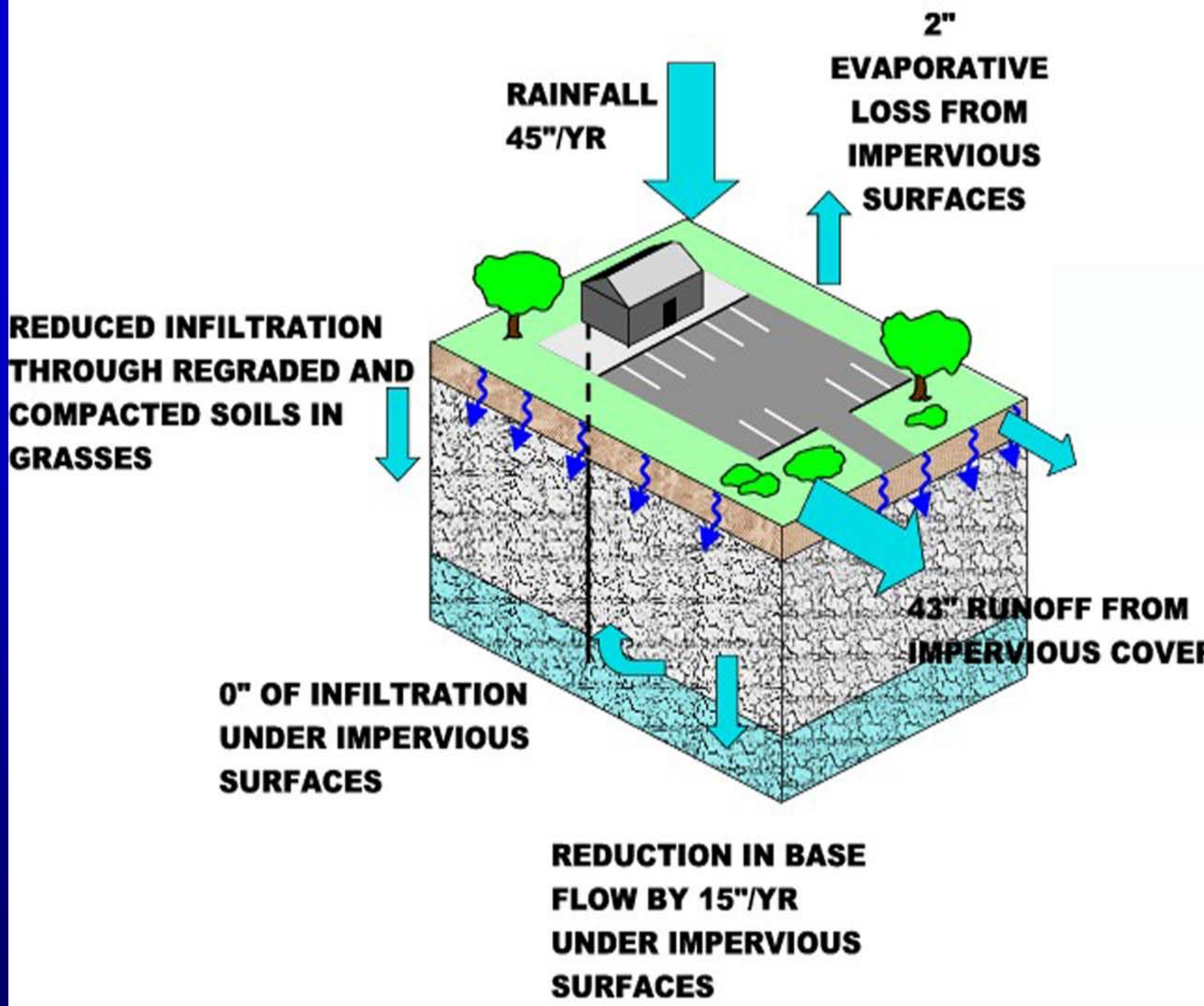


What We
Usually Do.

Drainage
Field

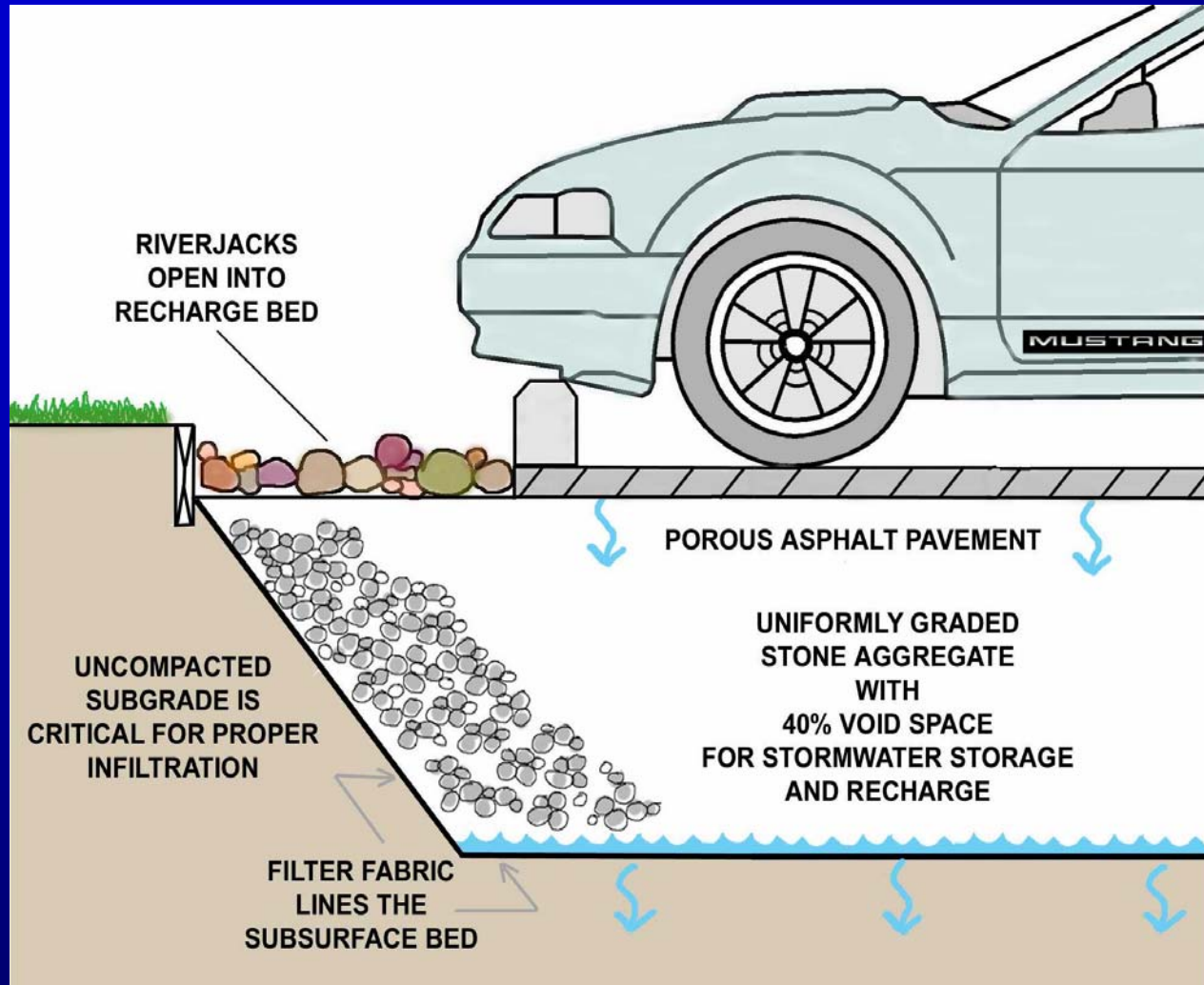






Advantages

- Reduced surface runoff
- Better erosion control
- Better water quality
- Reduced storm sewer requirements
- Maintain natural drainage paths
- Reduced standing water nuisance
- Better GWT recharge
- Better skid resistance

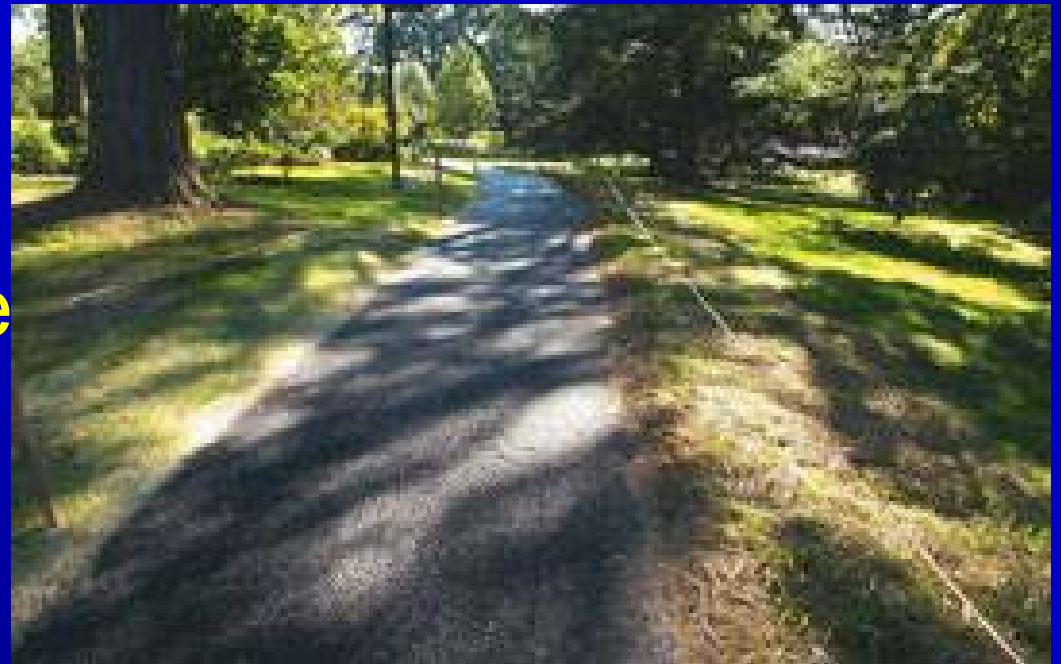




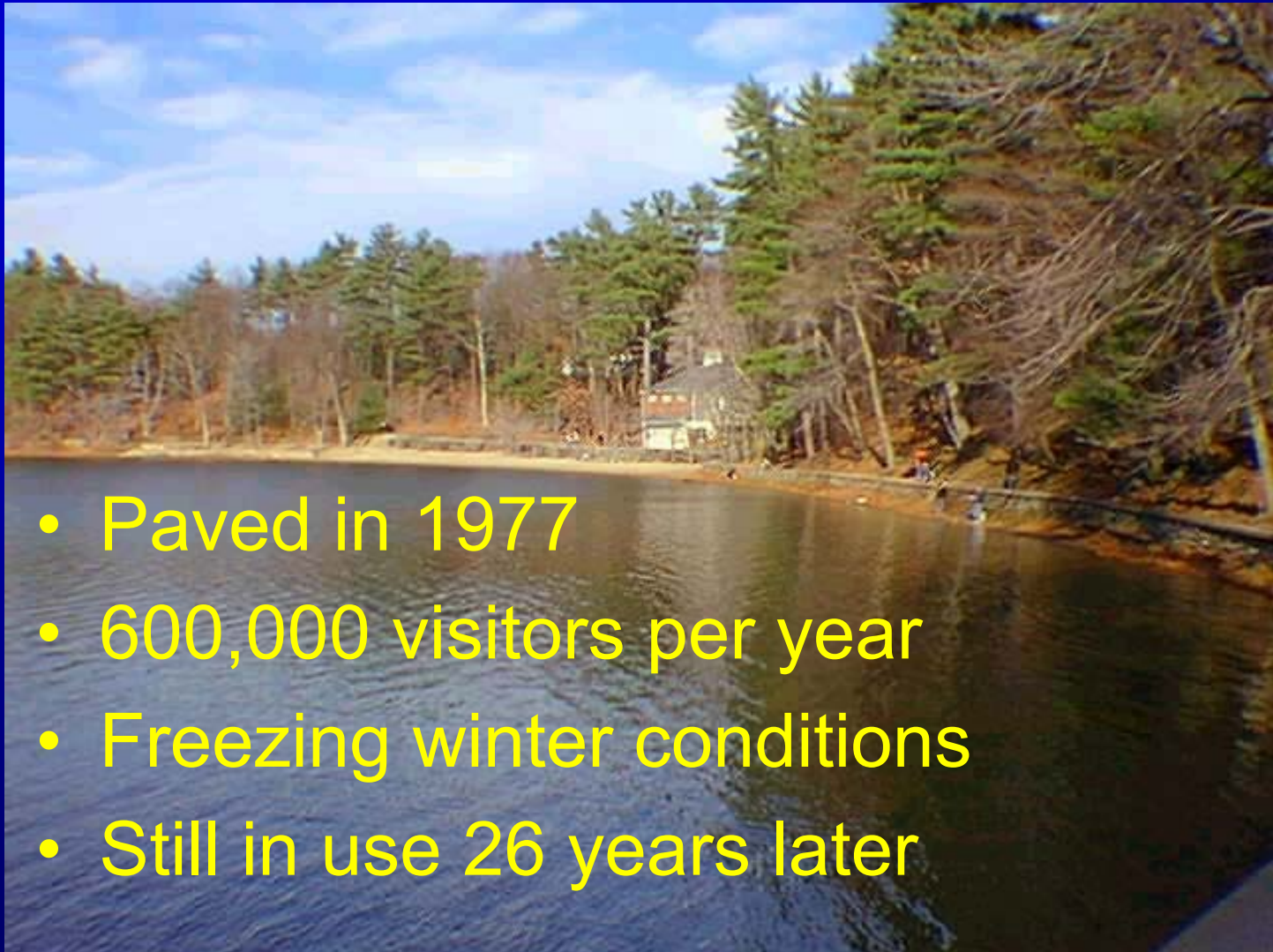
New Penn School Philadelphia

Walkway - Swarthmore College

Stormwater



Walden Pond Concord, MA



- Paved in 1977
- 600,000 visitors per year
- Freezing winter conditions
- Still in use 26 years later

University of North Carolina Chapel Hill

Friday Center Park & Ride

- University - City Agreement - No increase in GW pollution
- Design: Cahill Associates and Rose Group
- Construction: Mangum Group
- 800 vehicle lot
- \$2500/stall vs \$3000/stall conventional
- Grand Conceptor Award - Am. Council of Engrg. Companies of NC

Placement of Fabric



Paving Operation



Drainage Demonstration



Design Considerations

- Soils
 - Full infiltration needs $k \geq 0.50$ inches/hr
 - Partial infiltration needs $k \geq 0.25$ inches/hr
- Frost - Consider in reservoir depth
- Blowing dust - avoid
- Erosion from surrounding terrain - avoid

Design Considerations

- Slope $\leq 5\%$
- Typically use 6-mo/24-hr event
 - More conservative 25-yr/24-hr event
- Layers
 - Porous Asphalt ($>18\%$ voids)
 - Top Filter - Crushed Stone
 - Reservoir - 1.5 - 3" Crushed Stone (min 8 - 9")
 - Bottom Filter - Crushed Stone
 - Fabric

Vehicle Loading

- Best for:
 - Parking lots
 - Recreational areas
 - Sports complexes
- High volume automobile traffic or truck traffic - Consider using Asphalt Treated Permeable Base

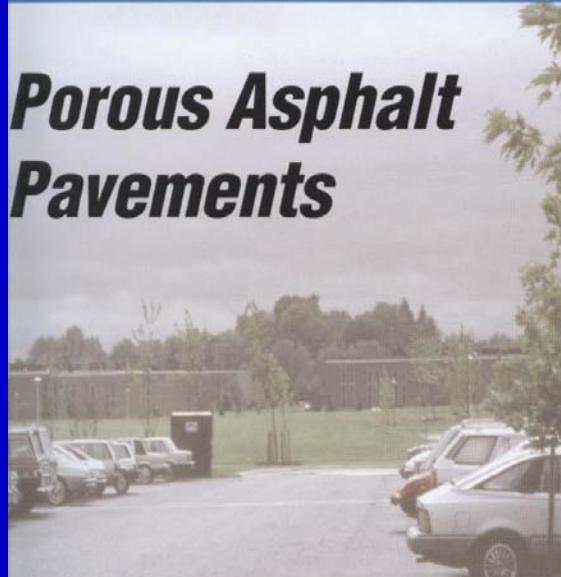
Conclusions

- Numerous Advantages to Porous Asphalt Pavements
- Examples of Successful Facilities
- Need Flat Site with Permeable Soils and Low GWT
- Need Low Traffic
- Attention to Detail in Construction
- Maintenance is Important

Information Series 131



Porous Asphalt Pavements



POROUS ASPHALT
STANDARD ASPHALT



Reference: