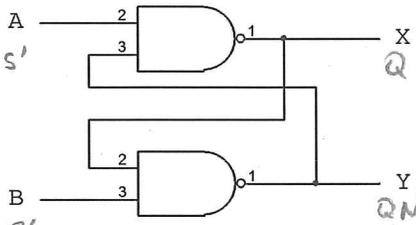


### Practice Quiz 8

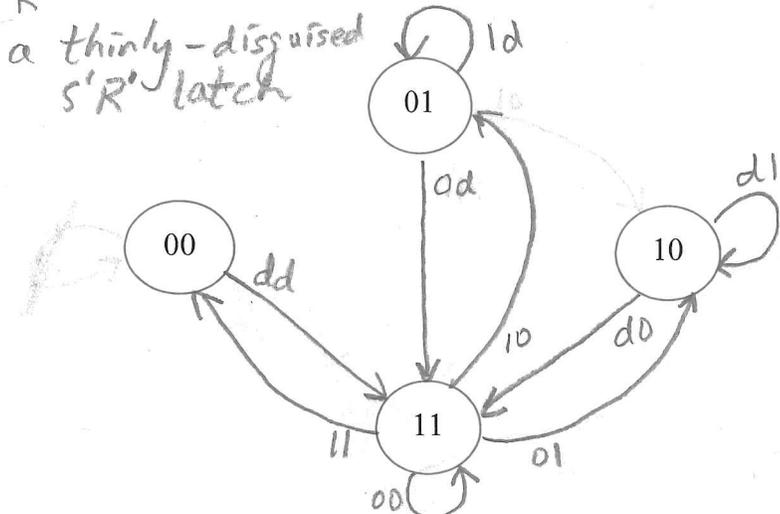
The following circuit applies to the questions on this quiz. Complete the next state equations, present state – next state table, and state transition diagram to determine the answers.



$$X(t+\tau) = A'(t) + Y'(t)$$

$$Y(t+\tau) = B'(t) + X'(t)$$

| X(t) | Y(t) | A(t) | B(t) | X(t+τ) | Y(t+τ) |
|------|------|------|------|--------|--------|
| 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 1      | 1      |
| 0    | 0    | 0    | 1    | 1      | 1      |
| 0    | 0    | 1    | 0    | 1      | 1      |
| 0    | 0    | 1    | 1    | 1      | 1      |
| 0    | 1    | 0    | 0    | 1      | 1      |
| 0    | 1    | 0    | 1    | 1      | 1      |
| 0    | 1    | 1    | 0    | 0      | 1      |
| 0    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 0      | 1      |
| 1    | 0    | 0    | 0    | 1      | 1      |
| 1    | 0    | 0    | 1    | 1      | 0      |
| 1    | 0    | 1    | 0    | 1      | 1      |
| 1    | 0    | 1    | 1    | 1      | 0      |
| 1    | 1    | 0    | 0    | 1      | 1      |
| 1    | 1    | 0    | 1    | 1      | 0      |
| 1    | 1    | 1    | 0    | 0      | 1      |
| 1    | 1    | 1    | 1    | 0      | 0      |



- If the **propagation delay** of each gate is **5 ns**, the **minimum length of time** that (valid) input combinations need to be asserted in order to prevent metastable behavior is:  
 (A) 0 ns    (B) 5 ns    **(C) 10 ns**    (D) 20 ns    (E) none of these
- If the **input** combination **A=0, B=0** is applied to this circuit, the (steady state) output will be:  
 (A) X=0, Y=0    (B) X=0, Y=1    (C) X=1, Y=0    **(D) X=1, Y=1**    (E) unpredictable
- If the **input** combination **A=0, B=1** is applied to this circuit, the (steady state) output will be:  
 (A) X=0, Y=0    (B) X=0, Y=1    **(C) X=1, Y=0**    (D) X=1, Y=1    (E) unpredictable
- If the **input** combination **A=0, B=0** is applied to this circuit, **followed immediately** by the **input** combination **A=1, B=0**, the (steady state) output will be:  
 (A) X=0, Y=0    **(B) X=0, Y=1**    (C) X=1, Y=0    (D) X=1, Y=1    (E) unpredictable
- If the **input** combination **A=0, B=0** is applied to this circuit, **followed immediately** by the **input** combination **A=1, B=1**, the (steady state) output will be:  
 (A) X=0, Y=0    (B) X=0, Y=1    (C) X=1, Y=0    (D) X=1, Y=1    **(E) unpredictable**