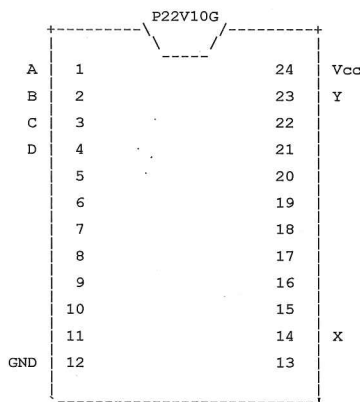


### Practice Quiz 7

The ispLever-Generated Reports below apply to the questions on this quiz:

CHIP REPORT:	REDUCED EQUATION REPORT:															
<p>X = B&amp;D&amp;!A&amp;C # !B&amp;!D&amp;!A&amp;C # B&amp;D&amp;A&amp;!C # !B&amp;!D&amp;A&amp;!C; Y = B&amp;D # A&amp;C # !A&amp;!C;</p> 	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>P-Terms</th> <th>Fan-in</th> <th>Fan-out</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Name (attributes)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>4/4</td> <td>4</td> <td>1</td> <td>Pin</td> <td>X</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3/4</td> <td>4</td> <td>1</td> <td>Pin</td> <td>Y</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <hr/> <p>7/8 <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Best P-Term Total: 7</span>  <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Total Pins: 6</span>  <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Total Nodes: 0</span>  <span style="margin-left: 100px;">Average P-Term/Output: 3</span></p> <p><i>best P-term total</i> (handwritten note with arrow pointing to 7/8)</p> <p>ispLEVER operators:  AND - &amp; OR - #  NOT - ! XOR - \$</p> <p>Positive-Polarity Equations:  X = !B&amp;!D&amp;A&amp;!C # B&amp;D&amp;A&amp;!C # !B&amp;!D&amp;!A&amp;C # B&amp;D&amp;!A&amp;C;  Y = B&amp;D # !A&amp;!C # A&amp;C;</p> <p>Reverse-Polarity Equations:  !X = B&amp;!D # !B&amp;D # !A&amp;!C # A&amp;C;  !Y = !D&amp;A&amp;!C # !B&amp;A&amp;!C # !D&amp;!A&amp;C # !B&amp;!A&amp;C;</p>	P-Terms	Fan-in	Fan-out	Type	Name (attributes)	4/4	4	1	Pin	X	3/4	4	1	Pin	Y
P-Terms	Fan-in	Fan-out	Type	Name (attributes)												
4/4	4	1	Pin	X												
3/4	4	1	Pin	Y												

- The **fitter program** chose the **following form(s)** of the reduced equations to burn into the PLD:
  - (A) the positive polarity forms of both X and Y *match chip report to reduced equation report*
  - (B) the reverse polarity forms of both X and Y
  - (C) the positive polarity form of X and the reverse polarity form of Y
  - (D) the reverse polarity form of X and the positive polarity form of Y
  - (E) none of the above
- The **total number of P terms** used by this Verilog program is:
  - (A) 3 (B) 4 (C) 7 (D) 8 (E) none of these
- A possible **Verilog source form** of the equation for X is:
  - (A) X = (B ^ D) & (A ~^ C);
  - (B) X = (B ^ D) | (A ~^ C);
  - (C) X = (B ~^ D) & (A ^ C);
  - (D) X = (B ~^ D) | (A ^ C);
  - (E) none of the above
- A possible **Verilog source form** of the equation for Y is:
  - (A) Y = (A ^ C) | (B & D);
  - (B) Y = (A ~^ C) | (B & D);
  - (C) Y = (~A ^ ~C) | (B & D);
  - (D) Y = (A ~^ C) & (B | D);
  - (E) none of the above
- The **order** in which dataflow equations appear in Verilog program **does not matter**.
  - (A) true (B) false