

Lab Quiz 11

Closed Book and Notes – No Calculators Allowed

1. The **five-bit** sign and magnitude number $SM(10110)_2$ converted to **radix** notation is:

- (A) $R(11010)_2$
- (B) $R(00110)_2$
- (C) $R(10110)_2$
- (D) $R(11011)_2$
- (E) none of the above

$$\begin{array}{l} -(00110)_2 \\ R(11010)_2 \end{array}$$

2. The **five-bit** diminished radix number $DR(10110)_2$ converted to **radix** notation is:

- (A) $R(10101)_2$
- (B) $R(01001)_2$
- (C) $R(10110)_2$
- (D) $R(10111)_2$
- (E) none of the above

$$\begin{array}{l} -(01001)_2 \\ R(10111)_2 \end{array}$$

3. The **five-bit** radix number $R(10110)_2$ extended to **eight bits** is:

- (A) $R(00010110)_2$
- (B) $R(10010110)_2$
- (C) $R(11110110)_2$
- (D) $R(11101110)_2$
- (E) none of the above

4. When **adding** the **five-bit** signed numbers $(10111)_2 + (11000)_2$ using **radix arithmetic**, the result obtained is:

- (A) $(00000)_2$
- (B) $(10000)_2$
- (C) $(01111)_2$
- (D) overflow (invalid result)
- (E) none of the above

$$\begin{array}{r} 10111 \\ + 11000 \\ \hline 1)01111 \quad \text{OVF} \end{array}$$

5. When **subtracting** the **five-bit** signed numbers $(10111)_2 - (11000)_2$ using **radix arithmetic**, the result obtained is:

- (A) $(01110)_2$
- (B) $(11111)_2$
- (C) $(11110)_2$
- (D) overflow (invalid result)
- (E) none of the above

$$\begin{array}{r} 10111 \\ - 11000 \\ \hline \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 10111 \\ 00111 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 11111 \end{array}$$

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