

Name: _____ Lab Div: _____
Phone: _____ E-mail: _____ @ purdue.edu

Little Bits Lab Manual

SPRING 2019 EDITION

*A Series of Lab Experiments and Exercises
for ECE 270*

INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN

by

David G. Meyer

Designed to Accompany the Text

DIGITAL DESIGN PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES

by

John F. Wakerly

Lab Experiments © 2019 by D. G. Meyer

Some Figures © 2005 by Prentice-Hall – Used by Permission

Preface

The experiments in this *Lab Manual* are based on use of the Purdue “DK-2” Parts Kit, which consists of the following components:

<i>Qty</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Qty</i>	<i>Description</i>
1	74HC00 DIP quad 2-input NAND	1	10K Ω potentiometer
1	74HC02 DIP quad 2-input NOR	10	150 Ω ¼ watt resistor
1	74HC04 DIP hex Inverter	10	1K Ω ¼ watt resistor
1	74HC08 DIP quad 2-input AND	1	10K Ω X 9 SIP
1	74HC10 DIP triple 3-input AND	1	20 MHz oscillator module
1	74HC14 DIP hex Schmitt-trigger Inverter	1	common-anode 7-segment red LED display
1	74HC74 DIP dual edge-trig D flip-flop	2	S.P.D.T. pushbutton switch
1	74HC86 DIP quad 2-input XOR (CMOS)	1	S.P.S.T. X 8 DIP switch
1	74HC03 DIP quad O.D. 2-input NAND	10	RED resistor LED
1	GAL22V10 electronically-erasable PLD	2	GREEN non-resistor LED
		2	YELLOW non-resistor LED

In addition to the components listed above, a small breadboard (approximately 2.5” X 6.5”), a regulated 5-volt DC power supply, and a wire kit is required along with some basic tools: nominally, a small screwdriver, a wire stripper, and needle-nose pliers.

All items are available on-line at http://www.elexp.com/pur_ece270_362.htm.

Learning Outcome: *an ability to realize, test, and debug practical digital circuits*

Learning Objectives:

- 5-1. draw a logic circuit schematic using computer-aided design software (OrCAD)
- 5-2. construct a circuit consisting of discrete CMOS logic gates (NOT, NAND, NOR, XOR) and verify its operation
- 5-3. measure the output voltage swing (V_{OL} - V_{OH}) of a logic gate
- 5-4. measure the input voltage thresholds (V_{IL} - V_{IH}) of a logic gate
- 5-5. measure the input voltage thresholds (V_{IL} - V_{IH}) of a Schmitt trigger and compare them to the switching threshold of a standard CMOS gate
- 5-6. test the response of a logic gate to a “floating” input
- 5-7. measure the output current sourcing (I_{OH}) and sinking (I_{OL}) capability of a logic gate
- 5-8. measure the rise and fall propagation delays (t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}) of a logic gate
- 5-9. measure the rise and fall transition times (t_{TLH} and t_{THL}) of a logic gate
- 5-10. construct a clock generation circuit and measure its frequency of operation
- 5-11. verify the existence of a logic hazard in a combinational circuit and modify the circuit to eliminate it
- 5-12. create a hardware description language (Verilog) program that realizes a prescribed logic function (digital system) and test it on a programmable logic platform
- 5-13. diagnose and correct logic errors in a hardware description language (HDL) program