



Note:  $h_1[n] = (-1)^n$      $h_0[n] = e^{j\pi n}$      $h_0[n]$

$$\Rightarrow H_1(\omega) = H_0(\omega - \pi)$$

Work in freq. domain:

$$X_i(\omega) = H_i(\omega) X(\omega)$$

$$Z_i(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ X_i\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) + X_i\left(\frac{\omega - 2\pi}{2}\right) \right\}$$

$$Z_i(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ H_i\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) X\left(\frac{\omega}{2}\right) + H_i\left(\frac{\omega - 2\pi}{2}\right) X\left(\frac{\omega - 2\pi}{2}\right) \right\}$$

$$Y_i(\omega) = Z_i(2\omega) \quad (i=0,1)$$

$$Y_i(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ H_i(\omega) X(\omega) + H_i(\omega - \pi) X(\omega - \pi) \right\}$$

$$Y(\omega) = F_0(\omega) Y_0(\omega) + F_1(\omega) Y_1(\omega)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left\{ H_0(\omega) F_0(\omega) + H_1(\omega) F_1(\omega) \right\} X(\omega)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \left\{ H_0(\omega - \pi) F_0(\omega) + H_1(\omega - \pi) F_1(\omega) \right\} X(\omega - \pi)$$

Substitute  $H_1(\omega) = H_0(\omega - \pi)$

$$\Rightarrow H_1(\omega - \pi) = H_0(\omega - 2\pi) = H_0(\omega)$$

Desire:  $Y(\omega) = 2 e^{-j\omega} X(\omega)$

$$(y[n] = 2x[n-1])$$

$$\textcircled{A} F_0(\omega) H_0(\omega) + F_1(\omega) H_0(\omega - \pi) = 4e^{-j\omega}$$

$$\textcircled{B} F_0(\omega) H_0(\omega - \pi) + F_1(\omega) H_0(\omega) = 0$$

$$\textcircled{A} \quad a x + b y = d \quad b \textcircled{A} - a \textcircled{B}$$

$$\textcircled{B} \quad b x + a y = 0$$

$$a \textcircled{A} - b \textcircled{B} = (a^2 - b^2)x = ad$$

$$x = \frac{ad}{a^2 - b^2} \quad \Rightarrow \quad y = \frac{-bd}{b^2 - a^2}$$

$$F_0(\omega) = \frac{H_0(\omega) 4e^{-j\omega}}{H_0^2(\omega) - H_0^2(\omega - \pi)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \{1, 2, 1\} - \{1, -2, 1\} &\longleftrightarrow H_0^2(\omega) - H_0^2(\omega - \pi) \\ \uparrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow & \\ = \{0, 4, 0\} & \qquad \qquad \qquad h_0[n] = \{1, 1\} \\ \uparrow & \qquad \qquad \qquad \uparrow \\ = 4\delta[n-1] & \qquad \qquad \qquad h_1[n] = \{1, -1\} \\ & \qquad \qquad \qquad \searrow 4e^{-j\omega} \end{aligned}$$

Substituting:  $F_0(\omega) = H_0(\omega)$

$$f_0[n] = \{1, 1\}$$

$$F_1(\omega) = -H_0(\omega - \pi) = -H_1(\omega)$$

$$f_1[n] = -h_1[n] = \{-1, 1\}$$