

Algorithm for BFS

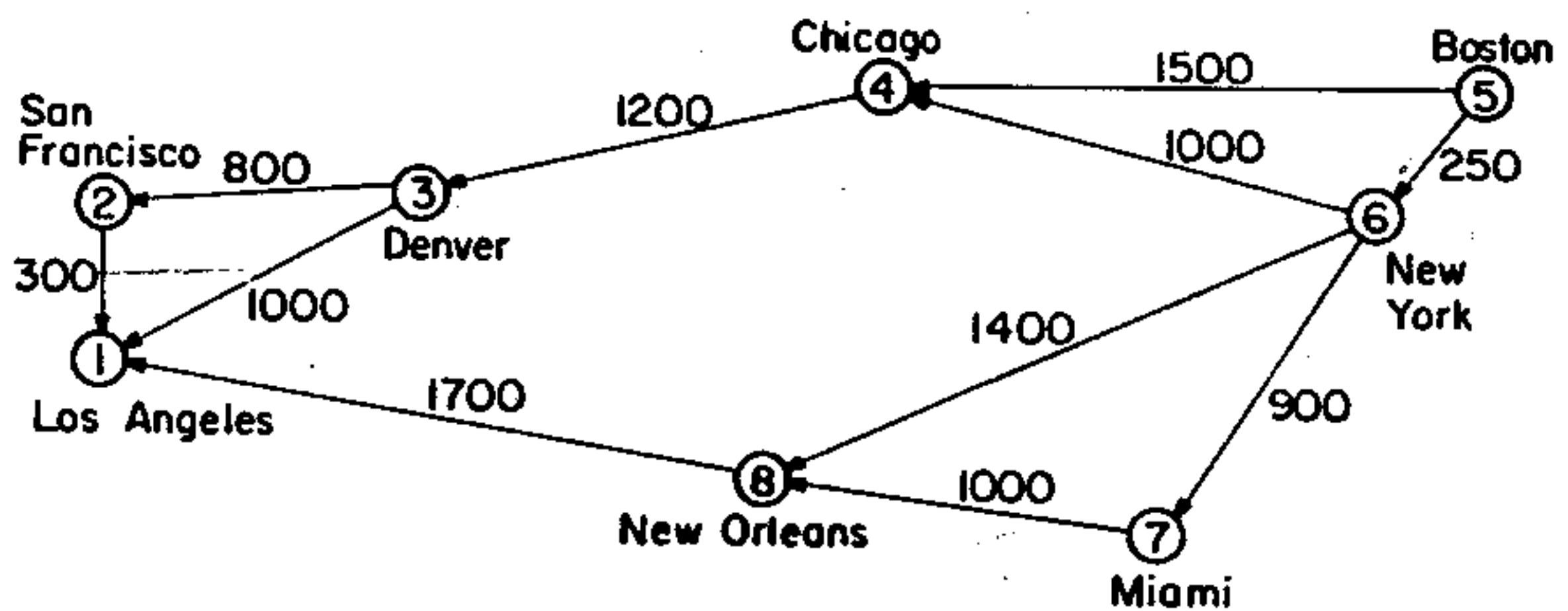
/ Traverse: recursive traversal of a graph */*

```
void Traverse(int v)
{
    int w;
    visited[v] = TRUE;
    Visit(v);
    for (all w adjacent to v)
        if (!visited[w])
            Traverse(w);
}
```

/ BreadthFirst: perform breadth-first traversal of a graph. */*

```
void BreadthFirst(Graph_type G)
{
    Vertexqueue_type Q;
    Boolean_type visited[MAX];
    int v, w;
    for (all v in G)
        visited[v] = FALSE;
    Initialize(Q);           /* Set the queue to be empty. */
    for (all v in G)
        if (!visited[v]) {
            AddQueue(v, Q);
            do {
                DeleteQueue(v, Q);
                visited[v] = TRUE;
                Visit(v);
                for (all w adjacent to v)
                    if (!visited[w])
                        AddQueue(w);
            } while (!Empty(Q));
        }
}
```

Example



	1	2	3	4.	5	6	7	8
1	0							
2	300	0						
3	1000	800	0					
4			1200	0				
5				1500	0	250		
6					1000	0	900	1400
7						0	1000	
8	1700						0	

Example

Shortest Path Algorithm

```
#define INFINITY ...
#define MAXNODES ...
#define MEMBER 1
#define NONMEMBER 0
shortpath (weight, s, t, pd, precede)
int weight[][][MAXNODES];
int s, t, *pd, precede[];
{
    int distance[MAXNODES], perm[MAXNODES];
    int current, i, k, dc;
    int smalldist, newdist;

    /* initialization */
    for (i = 0; i < MAXNODES; ++i) {
        perm[i] = NONMEMBER;
        distance[i] = INFINITY;
    } /* end for */
    perm[s] = MEMBER;
    distance[s] = 0;
    current = s;
    while (current != t) {
        smalldist = INFINITY;
        dc = distance[current];
        for (i = 0; i < MAXNODES; i++)
            if (perm[i] == NONMEMBER) {
                newdist = dc + weight[current][i];
                if (newdist < distance[i]) {
                    /* distance from s to i through current is */
                    /* smaller than distance[i] */
                    distance[i] = newdist;
                    precede[i] = current;
                } /* end if */
                /* determine the smallest distance */
                if (distance[i] < smalldist) {
                    smalldist = distance[i];
                    k = i;
                } /* end if */
            } /* end for ... if */
        current = k;
        perm[current] = MEMBER;
    } /* end while */
    *pd = distance[t];
} /* end shortpath */
```