## ECE 600 Homework 4

- 1. The random variable X is N(10, 1). Find  $f_X(x|(X 10)^2 < 4)$ .
- 2. Let X be an exponential random variable.
  - (a) Find and plot  $F_X(x|\{X > t\})$ , for t a real number.
  - (b) Find and plot  $f_X(x|\{X > t\})$ .
  - (c) Show that  $P(\{X > t + x\} | \{X > t\}) = P(\{X > x\})$ . Explain why this is called the memoryless property.
- 3. A random variable X is said to be a geometric random variable if

$$P(X = k) = pq^{k-1}$$
  $k = 1, 2, 3, ...$ 

where p, q > 0 and p + q = 1.

(a) Show that for any natural numbers m and n,

$$P(X > m + n | X > m) = P(X > n)$$

This is known as the memoryless property of a geometric random variable.

- (b) Show that the converse of part a is also true, i.e., if X is a positive integer-valued random variable satisfying the memoryless property for any two natural numbers m and n, then X is in fact a geometric random variable.
- 4. Let X be the number of customers waiting for a bus. Assume that X is a geometric random variable with parameter p. Suppose that the bus can take M passengers. Find the pmf for  $Y = (X M)^+$ , where

$$x^+ = \begin{cases} x & x \ge 0\\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Note that Y represents the number of customers left behind.

- 5. Suppose that a voltage X is a zero-mean Gaussian random variable. Find the pdf of the power dissipated by an R-ohm resistor  $P = X^2/R$ .
- 6. Let X be uniform on [-1, 1]. Find g(x) such that, if Y = g(X), then  $f_Y(y) = 2e^{-2y}u(y)$ .

7. Let 
$$Y = e^X$$
.

- (a) Find the cdf and pdf of Y in terms of the cdf and pdf of X.
- (b) Find the pdf of Y when X is a Gaussian random variable.