

Q82

Let $T = 2X + 3$. Suppose we know the pdf of X . Find the pdf of T .

Ans: Find the cdf of T first.

$$\begin{aligned} F_T(y) &= P(T \leq y) = P(2X+3 \leq y) \\ &= P\left(X \leq \frac{y-3}{2}\right) \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\frac{y-3}{2}} f_X(x) dx \end{aligned}$$

$$f_T(y) = \frac{d}{dy} F_T(y) \quad \downarrow \text{by the chain rule}$$

HW6 Q1

$$\begin{aligned} &= f_X\left(\frac{y-3}{2}\right) \times \frac{d}{dy}\left(\frac{y-3}{2}\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} f_X\left(\frac{y-3}{2}\right) \quad \times \end{aligned}$$

Similar to Q83

Prob 4.76

$F_X = X$ is an exponential R.V with

$$\lambda = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$Y = \max(X, 2)$$

Find the (generalized) pdf of T ,

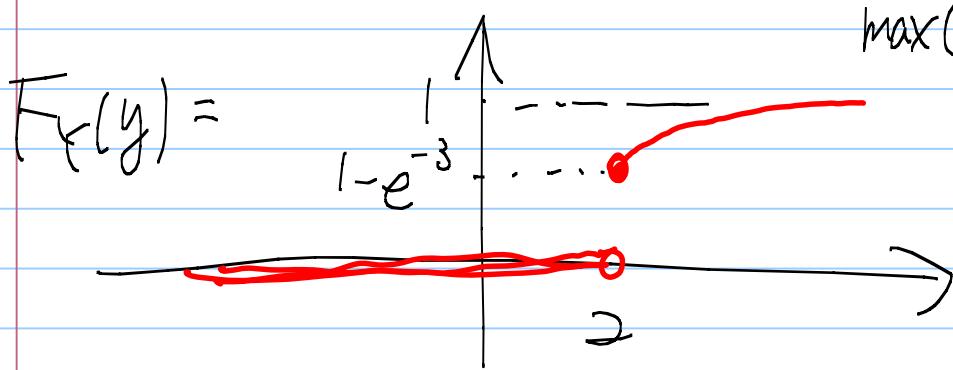
$$E(Y) = ?$$

Ans: Method 1: (Introduced when discussing the cdf)

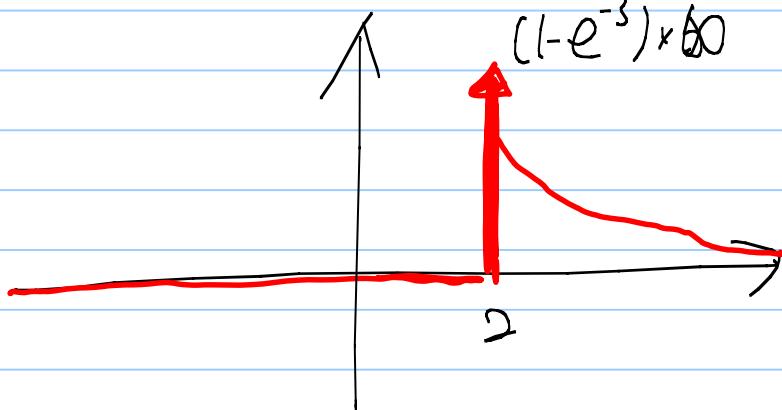
$$F_T(y) = P(Y \leq y) = P(\max(X, 2) \leq y)$$

$$= \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } y < 2 \\ \int_0^y \frac{3}{2} e^{-\frac{3}{2}x} dx & \text{if } 2 \leq y, \text{ then} \\ = 1 - e^{-\frac{3}{2}y} & \text{as long as } X \leq y, \text{ we have} \end{cases}$$

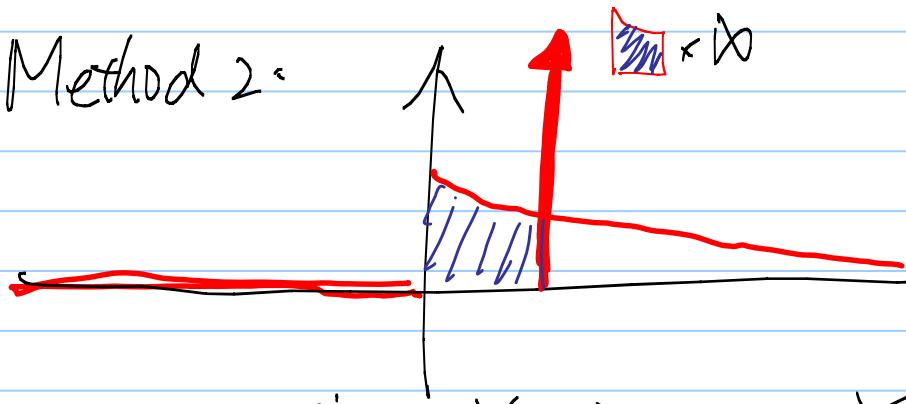
$$\max(X, 2) \leq y.$$



$$f_Y(y) = ((-e^{-3}) \delta(y-2) + \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } y < 2 \\ \frac{3}{2} e^{-\frac{3}{2}y} & \text{if } 2 \leq y \end{cases})$$



Method 2:



any time $X < 2 \Rightarrow Y = 2$.

push the weight for $X < 2$ to

an impulse at $Y = 2$.