Q: Given any (target) order, say z=3 or 2=15, can we construct the "finite field of order q"?

Q: If so, how to describe / construct the +, and a operations?

Q: Is the construction unique?

Ans: Il a construction is possible, then all other constructions are identical in terms of isomorphism Proof omitted.

Q: What are the set of [3] for which construction exists?

Ans: Any &= pm where P is a prione number and m=13

an integer. Proof omitted.

* Construction of a finite field.

* Simplest Case: 3=P 13 a prime.

 $GF(p) = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, p-1\}$

a b = mod (a D b, P)

 $a+b = mod(a \oplus b, p)$

Exercise: prove GF(z) is a field.

Two different ways of representing GF(q) * Method #1: By the "addition" interpretation

GF(q)={0,1,2,...,p-13 just as

we discussed before.