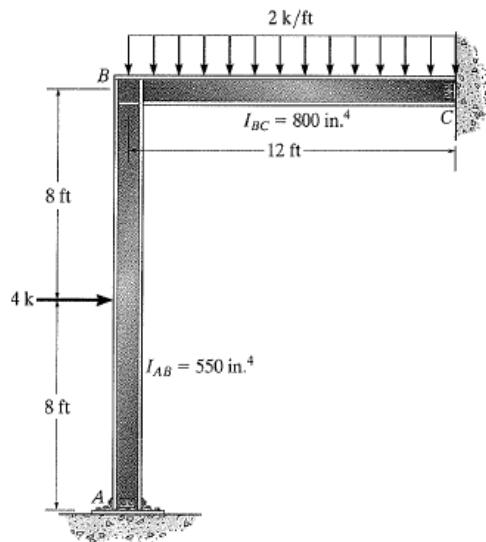


CE371 Structural Analysis I – Moment Distribution Method examples

Example 1:

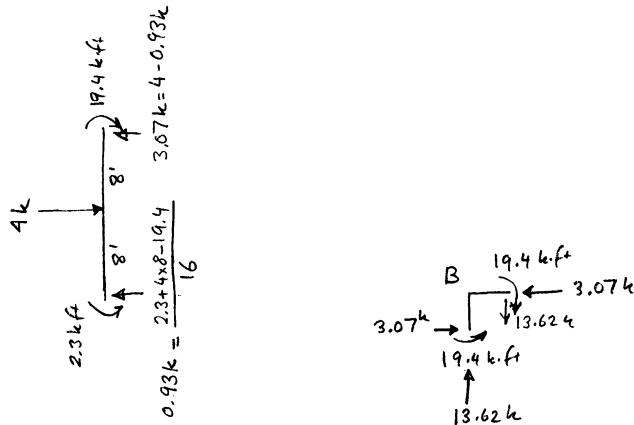
Using the moment-distribution method, determine the moments at the ends of each member. Draw the moment diagram. Let $E = 29,000$ ksi. The moment of inertia of each member is shown on the figure above. Assume the joint at B is rigid, C is pinned, and A is fixed.



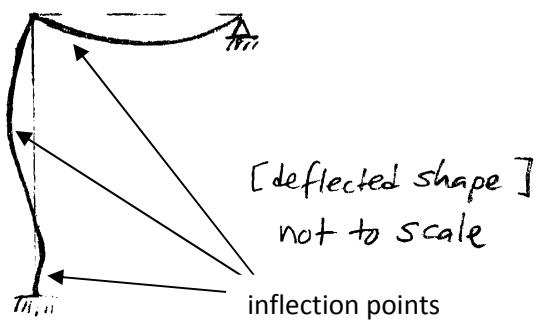
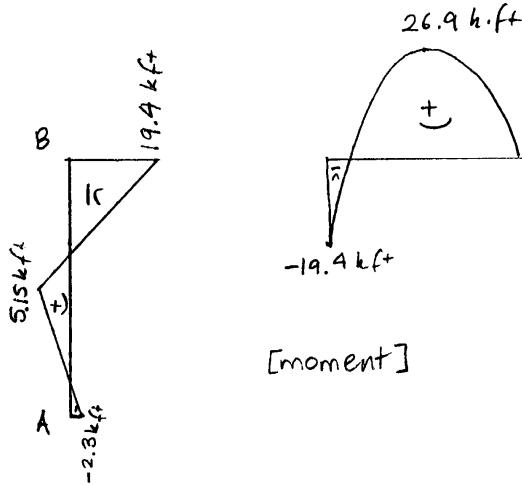
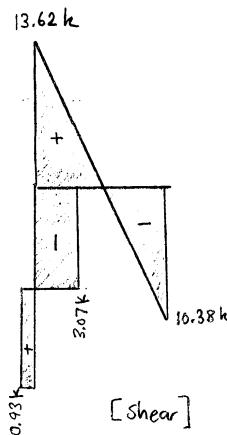
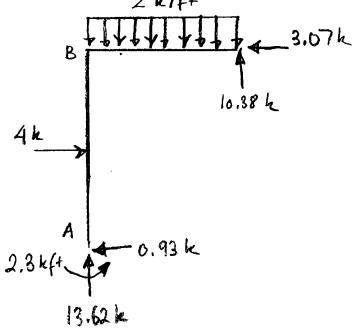
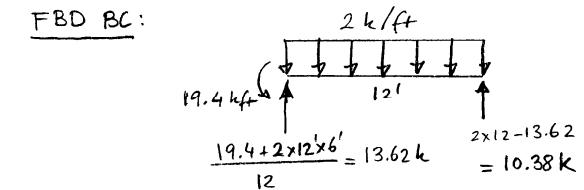
$$\begin{array}{ll}
 K_{AB} = 4EI_{AB}/16 & D.F._{AB} = 0 \\
 K_{BA} = 4EI_{AB}/16 & D.F._{BA} = 0.407 \\
 K_{BC} = 3EI_{BC}/12 & D.F._{BC} = 0.593 \\
 K_{CB} = 3EI_{BC}/12 & D.F._{CB} = 1
 \end{array}$$

	Jnt A AB	Jnt B BA BC		Jnt C CB
D.F.	0.0	0.407	0.593	-
FEM	-8.0	8.0	-36.0	0.0
Imbalance			-28.0	
Distribution		11.4	16.6	
Carry-over	5.7			
Resultant moments	-2.3	19.4	-19.4	0.0

FBD AB:

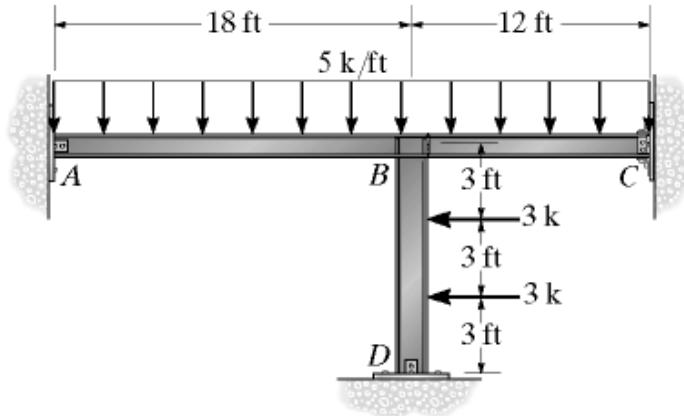


FBD BC:



Example 2.

Using the moment-distribution method, determine the moments acting at the ends of each member. Draw the moment diagram. Assume joints A and D are pin supported and C is rigid. Joint B is a rigid joint. Let $E = 29,000$ ksi. The moment of inertia are $I_{ABC} = 700$ in 4 and $I_{BD} = 1100$ in 4 .



$$K_{AB} = 3EI_{AB}/18 \quad D.F._{AB} = 1$$

$$K_{BA} = 3EI_{AB}/18 \quad D.F._{BA} = 0.163$$

$$K_{BC} = 4EI_{BC}/12 \quad D.F._{BC} = 0.326$$

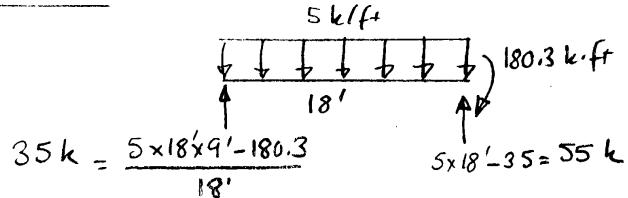
$$K_{BD} = 3EI_{BD}/9 \quad D.F._{BD} = 0.512$$

$$K_{CB} = 4EI_{CD}/12 \quad D.F._{CB} = 0.000$$

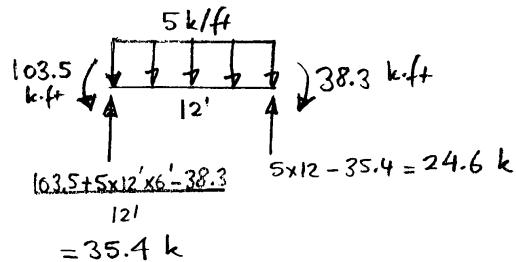
$$K_{DB} = 3EI_{BD}/9 \quad D.F._{DB} = 1.000$$

Member end	Jnt A AB	Jnt B BA	Jnt B BC	Jnt D BD	Jnt C CB	Jnt D DB
D.F.	1.0	0.163	0.326	0.512	0.000	1.0
FEM Imbalance Distribution Carry-over	0.0	202.5	-60.0 133.5 -21.7	-9.0 -43.5 -68.3	60.0 -21.7	0.0
Resultant moments	0.0	180.8	-103.5	-77.3	38.3	0.0

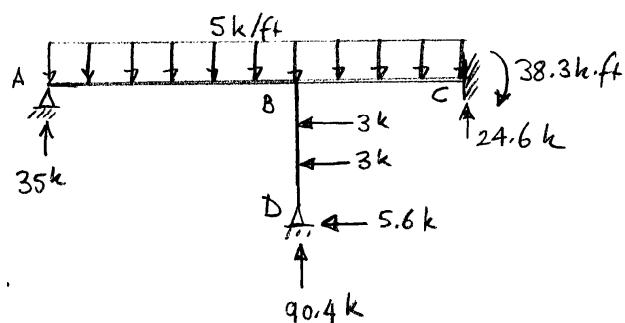
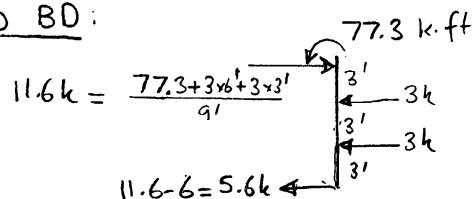
FBD AB:



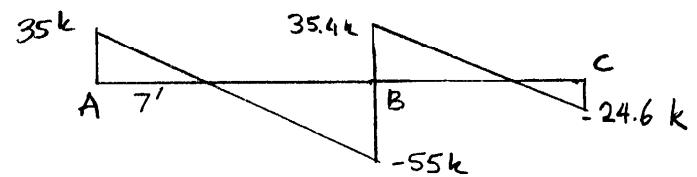
FBD BC:



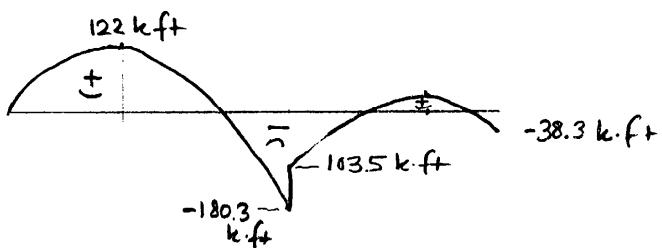
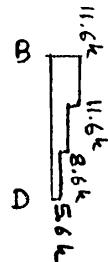
FBD BD:



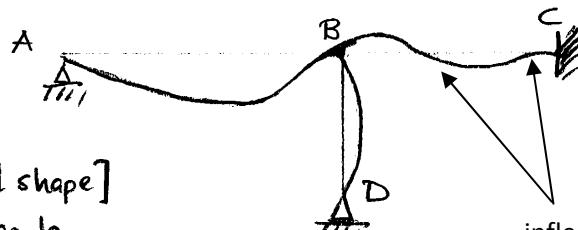
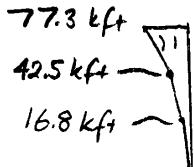
- * Round-offs exist.
- * Assumed node B is not displacing horizontally or vertically.
- * Note that A_x, C_x, D_x depend on whether or not B moves, and the relative stiffness of the members.



[Shear]



[moment]



[displaced shape]
not to scale

inflection points