#### Introduction to EE637 Digital Image Processing I

- Prerequisites:
  - EE301 Undergraduate signals and systems
  - EE302 Undergraduate probability
- Course Objectives:
  - Learn analytical methods of image and 2-D signal processing.
  - Learn techniques commonly used in image processing.
  - Develop experience in using computers to process images.
- Course Text (optional):
  - Al Bovik editor, *Handbook of Image & Video Processing*, Academic Press, San Diego.
- Supplementary references:
  - A. K. Jain, Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Prentice-Hall, 1989.
  - A. Rosenfeld and A. Kak, "Digital Picture Processing," volume 1, Academic Press, 1982.

### **Course Structure**

- 1. Course web page
  - http://www.ece.purdue.edu/~bouman/ee637
  - Contains class notes, laboratories, homeworks, and exams
- 2. Lectures emphasize topical coverage
  - Print out course notes **before** lecture
  - Lectures cover details of analytical methods
- 3. Laboratories and homeworks emphasize practical application
  - Should be performed **independently** by students.
  - Require Netscape, Acrobat, Matlab, and ANSI C compiler.
- 4. Old exams can be used to prepare for prepare for exams
  - Will not be collected
  - Solutions are posted, but you should work the problems first.

#### **Overview of Laboratories Assignments**

- 1. Image Filtering
- 2. 2-D Random Processes
- 3. Neighborhoods and Connected Components
- 4. Pointwise Operations and Gamma
- 5. Introduction to Colorimetry
- 6. Image Restoration
- 7. Image Halftoning
- 8. JPEG Image Coding

## What is Image Processing?

- It is more than 2-D signal processing
- It is focused on the applications requiring the processing of "images"
- It requires a complete understanding of:
  - Physics of imaging system
  - Mathematics of imaging algorithms
  - Psychophysics of visual perception

# **Image Processing Applications**

- Digital photography
  - Point and shoot cameras: 6 mega pixel; ≈\$200 (Cannon SD600)
  - Single lens reflex (SLR) and portrate cameras: 16.7 mega pixel; ≈\$6,800 (Cannon EOS-1Ds Mark II)
- Digital scanners
  - Flat bed home scanner: 24bit, 600dpi;  $\approx$ \$100
  - High resolution PMT drum scanner: 4000 dpi 36-bit color;  $\approx$ \$10,000
- The internet
  - Real-time video
  - Image and video database
  - H.261,H.263
  - MPEG1, MPEG2, MPEG4
- Broadcast television
  - Direct satellite system (DSS) using MPEG1 and MPEG2
  - High definition television (HDTV)/digital television (DTV)
- Medical Imaging
  - Transmission tomography: Computed tomography (CT)

- Emission tomography: Positron emission tomography (PET), and single photon emission tomography (SPECT)
- Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI), and functional MRI (fMRI)
- Ultrasound
- Optical and spectroscopic Imaging
- Remote sensing
  - Multispectral (<< 100 bands) and hyperspectral imaging (>> 100 bands)
  - Synthetic aperture radar (SAR)
- Automation
  - Optical character recognition (OCR)
  - Manufacturing and industrial inspection