

ECE 301 HW9 Solutions

$$1) X_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{j2\pi \frac{kn}{N}}$$

$$a: x[n] = \delta[n] \text{ for } 0 \leq n < N$$

$$X_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \delta[n] e^{j2\pi \frac{kn}{N}} = \frac{1}{N}$$

$$b: x[n] = \delta[n-m]$$

$$X_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \delta[n-m] e^{j2\pi \frac{kn}{N}} = \frac{1}{N} e^{j2\pi \frac{km}{N}}$$

$$c: x[n] = e^{j2\pi \frac{nm}{N}} \quad m < N$$

$$x[n] = \phi_m[n] \Rightarrow X_k = \delta[k-m]$$

$$d: x[n] = \cos\left(\frac{2\pi nm}{N}\right)$$

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{j2\pi \frac{nm}{N}} + e^{-j2\pi \frac{nm}{N}} \right) \Rightarrow X_k = \frac{1}{2} \delta[k-m] + \frac{1}{2} \delta[k-(N-m)]$$

$$e: x[n] = \sin\left(\frac{2\pi nm}{N}\right)$$

$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2j} \left(e^{j2\pi \frac{nm}{N}} - e^{-j2\pi \frac{nm}{N}} \right) \Rightarrow X_k = \frac{1}{2j} \delta[k-m] - \frac{1}{2j} \delta[k-(N-m)]$$

$$2) X_k = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] z^{-kn} \quad x[n] = e^{j\omega n} \quad 0 \leq n < N$$

$$\begin{aligned} a: X_k &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} e^{j\omega n} e^{-j \frac{2\pi k n}{N}} \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \left(e^{j(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})} \right)^n = \frac{1}{N} \frac{1 - \left(e^{j(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})} \right)^N}{1 - e^{j(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})}} \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \frac{1 - e^{j(\omega N - 2\pi k)}}{1 - e^{j(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})}} = \frac{1}{N} \frac{e^{j\frac{1}{2}(\omega N - 2\pi k)} - e^{-j\frac{1}{2}(\omega N - 2\pi k)}}{e^{j\frac{1}{2}(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})} - e^{-j\frac{1}{2}(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})}} \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \frac{1 - e^{j\omega N}}{1 - e^{j(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})}} \quad \text{since } e^{-j2\pi k} = 1 \text{ for } k \in \mathbb{Z} \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \frac{e^{j\frac{\omega N}{2}}}{e^{j(\omega/2 - \pi k/N)}} \frac{e^{-j\omega N/2} - e^{j\omega N/2}}{e^{-j(\omega/2 - \pi k/N)} - e^{j(\omega/2 - \pi k/N)}} \\ &= \frac{1}{N} e^{j(\frac{\omega N}{2} - \frac{\omega}{2} + \frac{\pi k}{N})} \frac{-2j \sin(\frac{\omega N}{2})}{-2j \sin(\frac{\omega}{2} - \frac{\pi k}{N})} \\ &= \frac{1}{N} e^{j(\frac{\omega}{2}(N-1) + \frac{\pi k}{N})} \frac{\sin(\frac{\omega N}{2})}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2} - \frac{\pi k}{N})} \end{aligned}$$

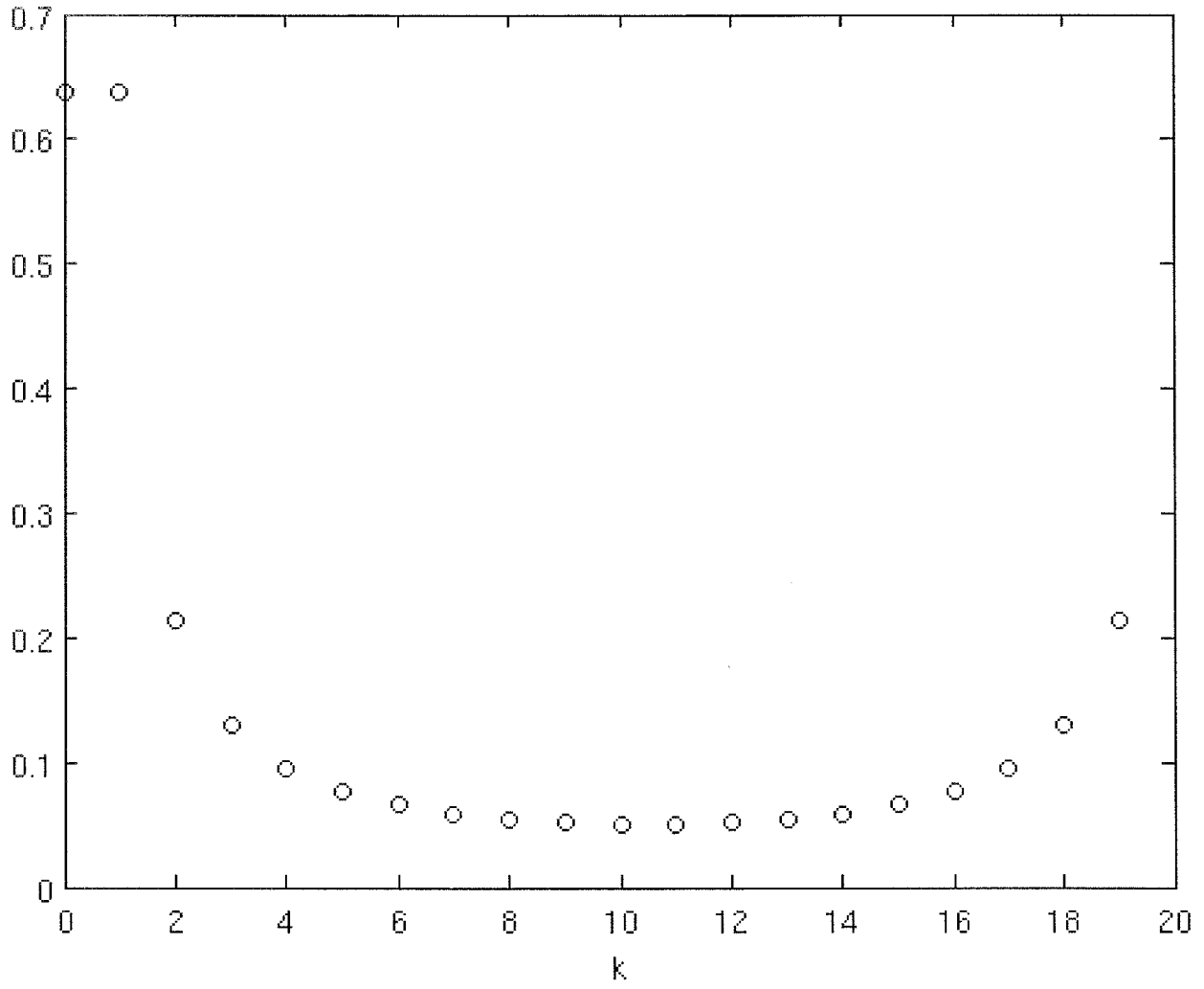
$$b: \omega = \frac{\pi}{N} \quad N = 20$$

$$X_k = \frac{1}{20} e^{j(\frac{\pi}{40}(19) + \frac{\pi k}{20})} \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{40} - \frac{\pi k}{20})}$$

$$|X_k| = \frac{1}{20} \left| \frac{1}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{40} - \frac{\pi k}{20})} \right|$$

See plot for sketch

$|X_k|$



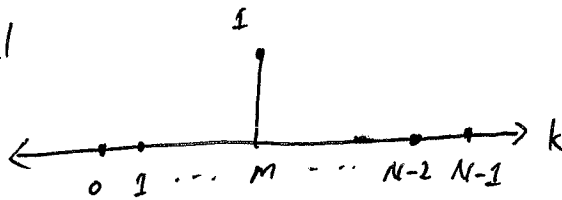
$$c: \omega = \frac{2\pi m}{N} \quad m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$x[n] = e^{j \frac{2\pi m n}{N}}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} x_k e^{j \frac{2\pi k n}{N}} \Rightarrow x_k = \delta[k-m]$$

d: ~~the~~

$|x_k|$



$$3) a: \langle \phi_k, \phi_l \rangle = \alpha \delta[k-l]$$

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X_k \phi_k[n]$$

$$|x[n]|^2 = x[n] x^*[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X_k \phi_k[n] \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} X_l^* \phi_l^*[n]$$

$$\text{So, } \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} |x[n]|^2 = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} X_k X_l^* \phi_k[n] \phi_l^*[n]$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} X_k X_l^* \underbrace{\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \phi_k[n] \phi_l^*[n]}_{\langle \phi_k[n], \phi_l[n] \rangle}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \sum_{l=0}^{N-1} X_k X_l^* \alpha \delta[k-l]$$

$$= \alpha \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} |X_k|^2$$

$$b: \phi_k[n] = e^{j \frac{2\pi k n}{N}} \quad \alpha = N$$

$$4) X(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} \quad x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(\omega) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$

$$a: x[n] = u[n] - u[n-m] \quad m \geq 0$$

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=0}^{m-1} (1) e^{-j\omega n} = \frac{1 - e^{-j\omega m}}{1 - e^{-j\omega}} = \frac{e^{-j\frac{\omega}{2}}}{e^{-j\frac{\omega}{2}}} \frac{e^{+j\frac{\omega m}{2}} - e^{-j\frac{\omega m}{2}}}{e^{j\frac{\omega}{2}} - e^{-j\frac{\omega}{2}}}$$

$$= e^{-j\frac{\omega}{2}(m-1)} \frac{\sin(\frac{\omega m}{2})}{\sin(\frac{\omega}{2})}$$

$$b: x[n] = \delta[n-m] \quad m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n-m] e^{-j\omega n} = e^{-j\omega m}$$

$$c: x[n] = e^{(j\omega_0 - a)n} u[n]$$

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{(j\omega_0 - j\omega - a)n} = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-a} e^{j(\omega_0 - \omega)}}$$

$$d: x[n] = \cos(\omega_0 n + \phi) = \frac{1}{2} e^{j\phi} e^{j\omega_0 n} + \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\phi} e^{-j\omega_0 n}$$

$$X(\omega) = \frac{1}{2} e^{j\phi} \delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\phi} \delta(\omega + \omega_0)$$

$$e: x[n] = \sin(\omega_0 n + \phi) = \frac{1}{2j} e^{j\phi} e^{j\omega_0 n} - \frac{1}{2j} e^{-j\phi} e^{-j\omega_0 n}$$

$$X(\omega) = \frac{1}{2j} e^{j\phi} \delta(\omega - \omega_0) - \frac{1}{2j} e^{-j\phi} \delta(\omega + \omega_0)$$

$$f: x[n] = a^n u[n] \quad |a| < 1$$

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a^n e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (a e^{-j\omega})^n = \frac{1}{1 - a e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$g: x[n] = a^{|n|} \quad |a| < 1$$

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} a^{|n|} e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a^n e^{-j\omega n} + \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} a^{-n} e^{j\omega n} - a^0$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (ae^{-j\omega})^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (ae^{j\omega})^n - 1$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - ae^{-j\omega}} + \frac{1}{1 - ae^{j\omega}} - 1 = \frac{1 - ae^{j\omega} + 1 - ae^{-j\omega}}{1 - ae^{j\omega} - ae^{-j\omega} + a^2} - 1$$

$$= \frac{2 - 2a \cos(\omega)}{1 + a^2 - 2a \cos(\omega)} - 1 = \frac{2 - 2a \cos(\omega) - 1 - a^2 + 2a \cos(\omega)}{1 + a^2 - 2a \cos(\omega)}$$

$$= \frac{1 - a^2}{1 - 2a \cos(\omega) + a^2}$$

$$h: x[n] = n a^n u[n] \quad |a| < 1$$

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n a^n e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n (ae^{-j\omega})^n$$

$$= \frac{ae^{-j\omega}}{(1 - ae^{-j\omega})^2}$$

Note $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} k r^k = \frac{r}{(1-r)^2}$

$$i: x[n] = a^{n-1} u[n-1] \quad |a| < 1$$

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a^{n-1} e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} a^l e^{-j\omega(l+1)} = e^{-j\omega} \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} (ae^{-j\omega})^l$$

$$l = n-1 \quad n = l+1$$

$$= \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{1 - ae^{-j\omega}}$$

$$5) \quad y[n] = 2r \cos(\theta) y[n-1] - r^2 y[n-2] + x[n] \quad |r| < 1$$

a: Let $x_1[n] \rightarrow y_1[n]$, $x_2[n] \rightarrow y_2[n]$, $x_3[n] = a x_1[n] + b x_2[n]$
 $x_3[n] \rightarrow y_3[n]$

$$y_3[n] = 2r \cos(\theta) y_3[n-1] - r^2 y_3[n-2] + x_3[n]$$

$$a y_1[n] + b y_2[n] - 2r \cos(\theta) (a y_1[n-1] + b y_2[n-1]) - r^2 (a y_1[n-2] + b y_2[n-2]) + a x_1[n] + b x_2[n] = a x_1[n] + b x_2[n]$$

\Rightarrow The system is linear

b: shifted input $x[n-n_0] \Rightarrow y[n-n_0] = 2r \cos(\theta) y[n-n_0-1] - r^2 y[n-n_0-2] + x[n-n_0]$

shifted output $\Rightarrow y[n-n_0] = 2r \cos(\theta) y[n-n_0-1] - r^2 y[n-n_0-2] + x[n-n_0]$

$$y[n-n_0] = T[x[n-n_0]] \Rightarrow \text{time-invariant}$$

c: $Y(\omega) = 2r \cos(\theta) e^{-j\omega} Y(\omega) - r^2 e^{-j2\omega} Y(\omega) + X(\omega)$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{Y(\omega)}{X(\omega)} = \frac{1}{1 - 2r \cos(\theta) e^{-j\omega} + r^2 e^{-j2\omega}}$$

$$s = \frac{2r \cos(\theta) \pm \sqrt{4r^2 \cos^2(\theta) - 4(1)(r^2)}}{2r^2}$$

$$s = \frac{2r \cos(\theta) \pm \sqrt{4r^2 \cos^2(\theta) - 4(1)(r^2)}}{2r^2} = \frac{\cos(\theta) \pm \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta - 1}}{r}$$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{1}{(e^{-j\omega} - \frac{\cos \theta + j \sin \theta}{r})(e^{-j\omega} - \frac{\cos \theta - j \sin \theta}{r})} = \frac{\cos \theta \pm \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta - (\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta)}}{r} = \frac{\cos \theta \pm j \sin \theta}{r}$$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{1}{(e^{-j\omega} - \frac{\cos \theta + j \sin \theta}{r})(e^{-j\omega} - \frac{\cos \theta - j \sin \theta}{r})}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(1 - r e^{j\theta} e^{-j\omega})(1 - r e^{-j\theta} e^{-j\omega})}$$

$$d: H(\omega) = \frac{1}{(1 - re^{j\theta} e^{-j\omega})(1 - re^{-j\theta} e^{-j\omega})} = \frac{A}{1 - re^{j\theta} e^{-j\omega}} + \frac{B}{1 - re^{-j\theta} e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$A(1 - re^{-j\theta} e^{-j\omega}) + B(1 - re^{j\theta} e^{-j\omega}) = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} e^{-j2\theta}(A+B) &= 1 \\ -re^{-j\theta}A - re^{j\theta}B &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad \rightarrow \quad B = \frac{-re^{j\theta}}{re^{j\theta}} A = -e^{-j2\theta} A$$

$$A+B=1 \Rightarrow A(1 - e^{-j2\theta}) = 1 \Rightarrow A = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j2\theta}}, \quad B = \frac{-e^{-j2\theta}}{1 - e^{-j2\theta}}$$

$$H(\omega) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j2\theta}} \frac{1}{1 - re^{j\theta} e^{-j\omega}} - \frac{e^{-j2\theta}}{1 - e^{-j2\theta}} \frac{1}{1 - re^{-j\theta} e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$h[n] = \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j2\theta}} (re^{j\theta})^n \mathcal{U}[n] - \frac{e^{-j2\theta}}{1 - e^{-j2\theta}} (re^{-j\theta})^n \mathcal{U}[n]$$

$$= \frac{r^n}{1 - e^{-j2\theta}} \mathcal{U}[n] (e^{j\theta n} - e^{-j2\theta} e^{-j\theta n})$$

$$= r^n \mathcal{U}[n] \frac{e^{j\theta}}{e^{j\theta} - e^{-j\theta}} [e^{-j\theta} (e^{j\theta} e^{j\theta n} - e^{-j\theta} e^{-j\theta n})]$$

$$= r^n \mathcal{U}[n] \frac{1}{2j \sin(\theta)} (2j \sin(\theta(n+1)))$$

$$= r^n \frac{\sin(\theta(n+1))}{\sin(\theta)} \mathcal{U}[n]$$