

## EE301 Homework #9: The DFT and DTFT

### Problem 1 - DFT

For each of the following discrete-time signals  $x(n)$ , calculate the DFT  $X_k$  for  $0 \leq k < N$ . In each case, assume that  $m$  is an integer.

- (a)  $x(n) = \delta(n)$  for  $0 \leq n < N$ .
- (b)  $x(n) = \delta(n - m)$  for  $0 \leq n, m < N$ .
- (c)  $x(n) = e^{j\frac{2\pi nm}{N}}$  for  $0 \leq n, m < N$ .
- (d)  $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{2\pi nm}{N}\right)$  for  $0 \leq n, m < N$ .
- (e)  $x(n) = \sin\left(\frac{2\pi nm}{N}\right)$  for  $0 \leq n, m < N$ .

### Problem 2 - DFT of a Sine Wave

Let  $x(n) = e^{j\omega n}$  for  $0 \leq n < N$  and let  $X_k$  be its DFT.

- (a) Calculate an explicit expression for  $X_k$  that is correct for any value of  $\omega$ .
- (b) Sketch a plot of  $|X_k|$  for  $\omega = \pi/N$  and  $N = 20$ .
- (c) Calculate a simplified expression for  $X_k$  when  $\omega = 2\pi m/N$  where  $m$  is an integer
- (d) Sketch a plot of  $|X_k|$  for  $\omega = 2\pi/N$  and  $N = 20$ .

### Problem 3 - Parseval's Theorem for the DFT

- (a) Let the functions  $\phi_k(n)$  for  $0 \leq n, k < N$  have the property that

$$\langle \phi_k, \phi_l \rangle = \alpha \delta(k - l)$$

and let

$$x(n) = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X_k \phi_k(n)$$

then prove that

$$\sum_{n=0}^{N-1} |x(n)|^2 = \alpha \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} |X_k|^2$$

- (b) Specify the functions  $\phi_k(n)$ , the constant  $\alpha$ , and the form of the innerproduct  $\langle \phi_k, \phi_l \rangle$  so that the transform described in part a) is a DFT as described in lecture.

**Problem 4 DTFT Transforms**

Compute the DTFT,  $X(\omega)$ , for the following signals.

- (a)  $x(n) = u(n) - u(n - m)$  for  $m \geq 0$ .
- (b)  $x(n) = \delta(n - m)$  for  $m$  an integer.
- (c)  $x(n) = e^{(j\omega_0 - a)n} u(n)$
- (d)  $x(n) = \cos(\omega_0 n + \phi)$
- (e)  $x(n) = \sin(\omega_0 n + \phi)$
- (f)  $x(n) = a^n u(n)$  where  $|a| < 1$
- (g)  $x(n) = a^{|n|}$  where  $|a| < 1$
- (h)  $x(n) = na^n u(n)$  where  $|a| < 1$
- (i)  $x(n) = a^{n-1} u(n - 1)$  where  $|a| < 1$

**Problem 5 Difference Equations**

Consider the discrete time system  $y(n) = T[x(n)]$  with input  $x(n)$  and output  $y(n)$  which obeys the following difference equation

$$y(n) = 2r \cos(\theta)y(n - 1) - r^2 y(n - 2) + x(n)$$

where  $|r| < 1$  and  $\theta$  are real valued constants.

- (a) Prove the system  $T[\cdot]$  is linear.
- (b) Prove the system  $T[\cdot]$  is time invariant.
- (c) Calculate the frequency response  $H(\omega)$  of the system.
- (d) Calculate the impulse response  $h(n)$  of the system.