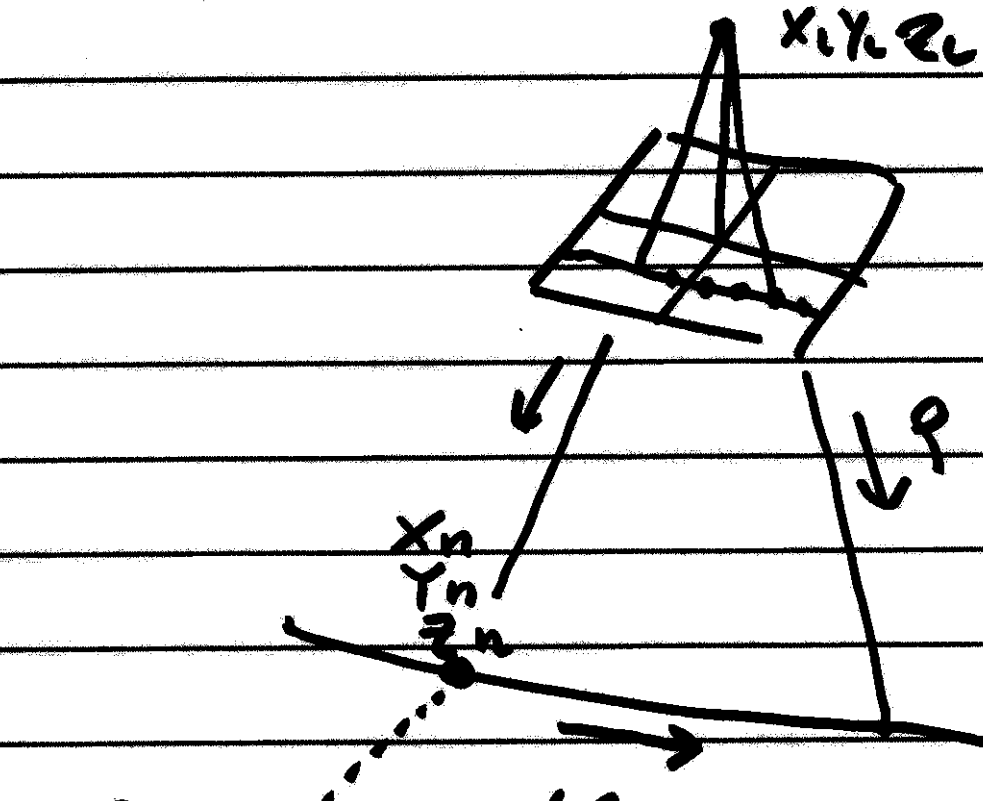


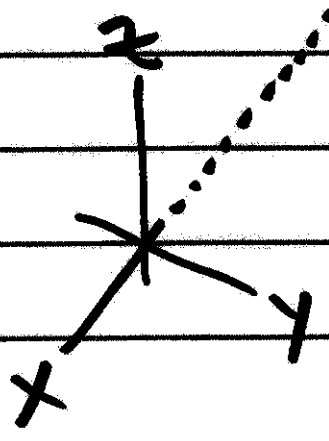
Linear feature : Straight L.F.



$$\begin{pmatrix} p_x \\ p_y \\ p_z \end{pmatrix} = M^T \begin{pmatrix} x-x_0 \\ y-y_0 \\ -f \end{pmatrix}$$

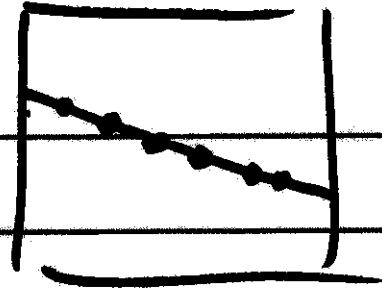
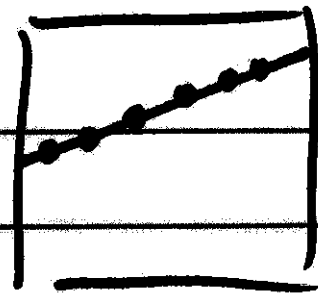
3 vectors are coplanar

$$\begin{vmatrix} p_x & a_x & x_n-x_0 \\ p_y & a_y & y_n-y_0 \\ p_z & a_z & z_n-z_0 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

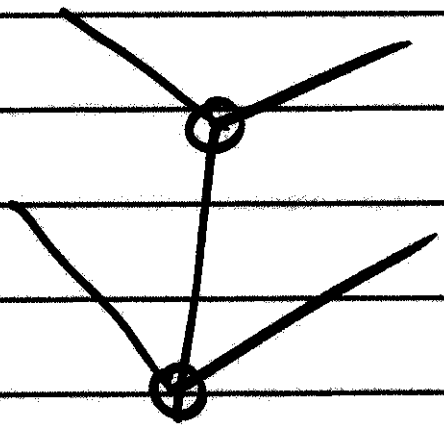


$$\begin{pmatrix} a_x \\ a_y \\ a_z \end{pmatrix}$$

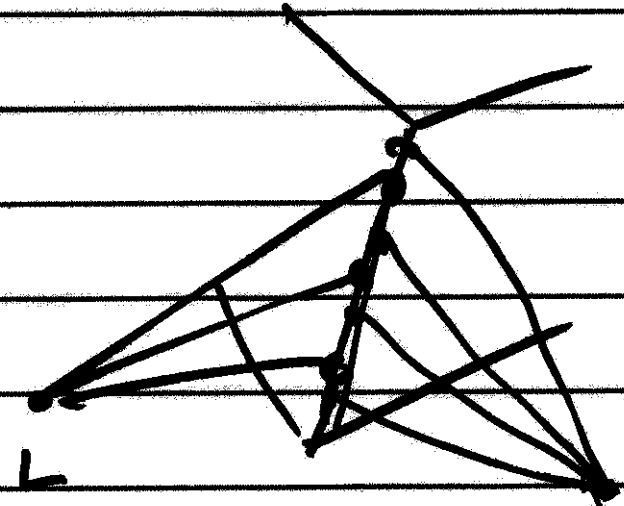
Stereo digitize
straight linear feature



If you are
lucky, 2
vertices define
line, otherwise



you need linear feature
equation



not necessarily conjugate points

minimal constraints

tie network of object points to reference world coordinate system without influencing internal geometry of network.

1. verify quality of measurements + conformance to model
2. verify link to ref. coordinate system.

xy^2



xy^2



fix 7 word components
for minimal constraints



z



xy^2



z



xy^2



avoid arbitrary assignment of GCP —
 distribute constraints among all points

free net adjustment
 inner constrained solution

⋮

$$\begin{array}{lll} X_1 = xxx & Y_1 = yyy & Z_1 = zzz \\ X_2 = xxx & Y_2 = yyy & Z_2 = zzz \\ & & Z_3 = zzz \end{array}$$

$$C\Delta = g, \quad N: \text{nom. eqn.}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} N & C^T \\ \underline{C} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Delta \\ \lambda \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} t \\ g \end{bmatrix}$$

linear constraint solution

22-6

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \right. \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \dots \\ \hline 0 & z_1 & -\gamma_1 & 0 & z_2 & -\gamma_2 \\ -z_1 & 0 & x_1 & -z_2 & 0 & x_2 \\ \gamma_1 & -x_1 & 0 & \gamma_2 & -x_2 & 0 \\ \hline x_1 & \gamma_1 & z_1 & x_2 & \gamma_2 & z_2 \end{array} \right] \begin{bmatrix} \Delta x_1 \\ \Delta x_2 \\ \Delta z_1 \\ \Delta x_1 \\ \Delta \gamma_1 \\ \Delta z_2 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ b \\ b \end{bmatrix}$$

1

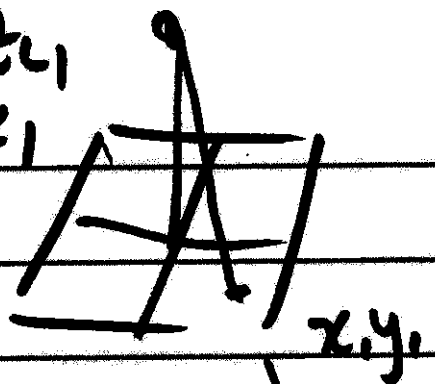
2

No net shift

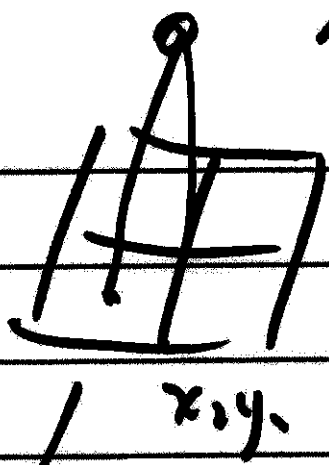
No net rotation

No net scale change

x_0, y_0, z_0
 w_1, ϕ_1, k_1



x_0, y_0, z_0
 w_2, ϕ_2, k_2



f, x_0, y_0

$$\begin{pmatrix} x-x_0 \\ y-y_0 \\ -f \end{pmatrix} = \lambda M \begin{pmatrix} x-x_0 \\ y-y_0 \\ z-z_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

x, y, z ?

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} M^T \begin{pmatrix} x-x_0 \\ y-y_0 \\ -f \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x-x_0 \\ y-y_0 \\ z-z_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x-x_0 \\ y-y_0 \\ z-z_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{u}{w} = \frac{x-x_0}{z-z_0}$$

$$\frac{v}{w} = \frac{y-y_0}{z-z_0}$$

Review Linear
intersection model

$$x = x_L + (z - z_L) \frac{y}{w}, \quad \text{let } C_1 = \frac{y}{w}$$

$$Y = Y_L + (z - z_L) \frac{v}{w}, \quad \text{let } C_2 = \frac{v}{w}$$

$$x = x_L + C_1 (z - z_L) = x_L + C_1 z - C_1 z_L$$

$$Y = Y_L + C_2 (z - z_L) = Y + C_2 z - C_2 z_L$$

$$x - C_1 z = x_L - C_1 z_L$$

$$Y - C_2 z = Y_L - C_2 z_L$$

Linear intersection
equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -C_1 \\ 0 & 1 & -C_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ Y \\ z \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_L - C_1 z_L \\ Y_L - C_2 z_L \end{bmatrix}$$

2 lin. eq. 3 unk.

for 2 rays / 2 images

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left[\begin{array}{ccc}
 1 & 0 & -c_{11} \\
 0 & 1 & -c_{21} \\
 \dots & \dots & \dots \\
 1 & 0 & -c_{12} \\
 0 & 1 & -c_{22}
 \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}
 \begin{array}{c}
 \left[\begin{array}{c}
 x \\
 y \\
 z
 \end{array} \right]
 =
 \begin{array}{c}
 \left[\begin{array}{c}
 x_{L1} - c_{11} z_{L1} \\
 y_{L1} - c_{21} z_{L1} \\
 \dots \\
 x_{L2} - c_{12} z_{L2} \\
 y_{L2} - c_{22} z_{L2}
 \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathbf{B} & \Delta & \mathbf{f} \\
 4,3 & &
 \end{array}$

$$\Delta = (\mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{B})^{-1} \mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{f}$$

check misclosure :

take XYZ of intersected point + project back
into images

$$x = x_0 - f \frac{m_{11}(x-x_c) + m_{12}(y-y_c) + \dots}{m_{31}(x-x_c) + \dots}$$

$$y = y_0 - f \frac{m_{21}(x-x_c) + m_{22}(y-y_c) + \dots}{m_{31}(x-x_c) + \dots}$$

do for both images

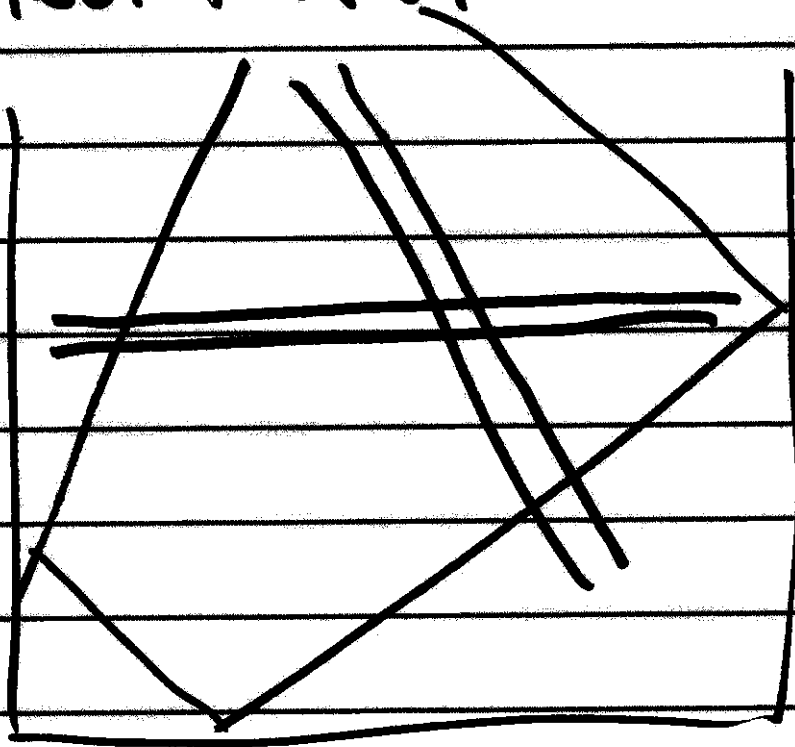
check for consistency

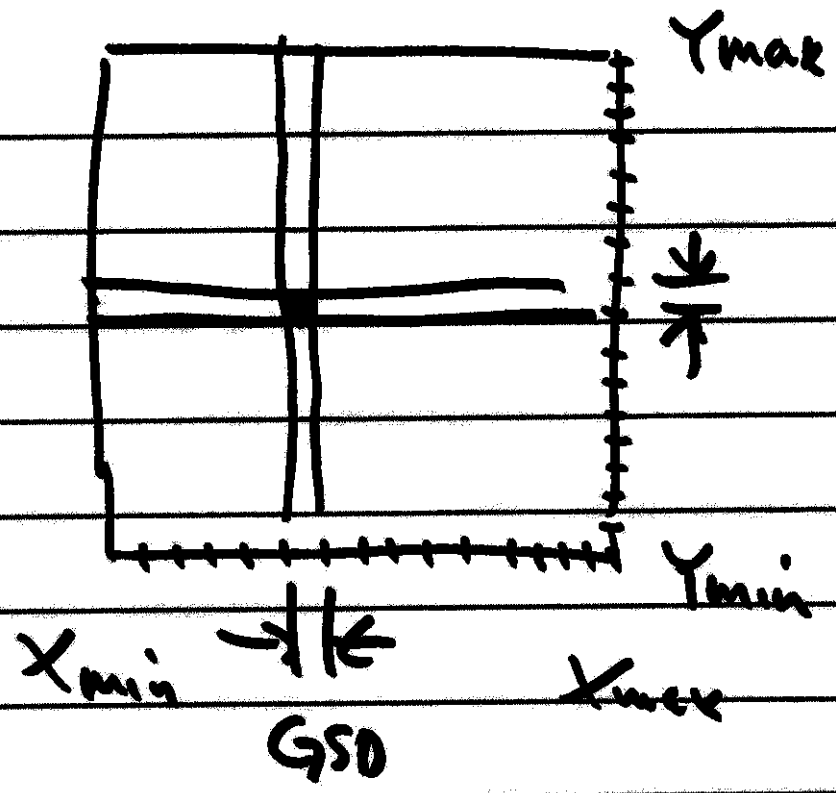
lens distortion

rotation : map1.jpg

Stereo pair : put into document

rectification : send actual image





$$\# \text{ rows} = (Y_{\text{max}} - Y_{\text{min}}) / \text{GSD}$$

$$\# \text{ cols} = (X_{\text{max}} - X_{\text{min}}) / \text{GSD}$$

$$Z = \underline{202}$$

$$F_x = x - x_0 + f \frac{u}{w} = 0$$

$$F_y = y - y_0 + f \frac{v}{w} = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{pmatrix} = M \begin{pmatrix} x - x_0 \\ y - y_0 \\ z - z_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= M \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} - M \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ y_0 \\ z_0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{pmatrix} = M \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} M_{11} \\ M_{21} \\ M_{31} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d}{dy} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{pmatrix} = M \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} M_{12} \\ M_{22} \\ M_{32} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} = \frac{v dw - u dv}{v^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dz} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \\ w \end{pmatrix} = M \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} M_{13} \\ M_{23} \\ M_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

Linearization of the non-linear intersection equations

$$\frac{\partial F_x}{\partial p} = f \left(\frac{wdu - udw}{w^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial F_x}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial z}$$

$$= \frac{f}{w} \left(\frac{du}{dp} - \frac{u}{w} \frac{dw}{dp} \right)$$

x, y, z

$$\frac{\partial F_y}{\partial p} = f \left(\frac{w dv - v dw}{w^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial F_y}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial z}$$

$$= \frac{f}{w} \left(\frac{dv}{dp} - \frac{v}{w} \frac{dw}{dp} \right)$$

x, y, z

Linearized Load. Eqs. :

$$\begin{pmatrix} v_x \\ v_y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial z} \\ \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial z} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \Delta x \\ \Delta y \\ \Delta z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -F_x \\ -F_y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} - & - & - \\ - & - & - \\ - & - & - \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}$$

4x3

3x1

f

4x1

Linearized form of the
nonlinear intersection
equations