

$$R_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c\omega & s\omega \\ 0 & -s\omega & c\omega \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_2 = \begin{bmatrix} c\phi & 0 & -s\phi \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ s\phi & 0 & c\phi \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_3 = \begin{bmatrix} c\kappa & s\kappa & 0 \\ -s\kappa & c\kappa & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R = R_3 R_2 R_1^*$$

$$X_2 = R X_1$$

$$X_2 = R_3 R_2 R_1 X_1$$

$$R' = \frac{R_1 R_2 R_3}{R_1 R_2 R_3 X}$$

$\Theta_x = \omega$ $c\omega : \cos(\omega)$
 $\Theta_y = \phi$ $s\omega : \sin(\omega)$
 $\Theta_z = \kappa$

$X_2 = R_3 R_2 R_1 X_1$
 primary
 secondary
 tertiary

9-1

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$$R = R_3 R_2 R_1$$

$$M = M_\kappa M_\phi M_\omega$$

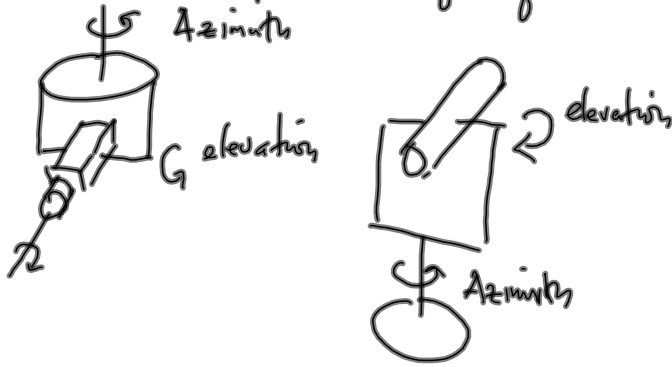
$$M = [M_\kappa][M_\phi][M_\omega]$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} c\phi c\kappa & c\omega s\kappa + s\omega s\phi c\kappa & s\omega s\kappa - c\omega s\phi c\kappa \\ -c\phi s\kappa & c\omega c\kappa - s\omega s\phi s\kappa & s\omega c\kappa + c\omega s\phi s\kappa \\ s\phi & -s\omega c\phi & c\omega c\phi \end{bmatrix}$$

9-2

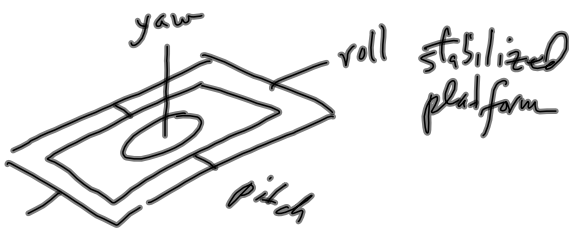
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Mechanical Implementation of Sequential Rotations : Gimbal



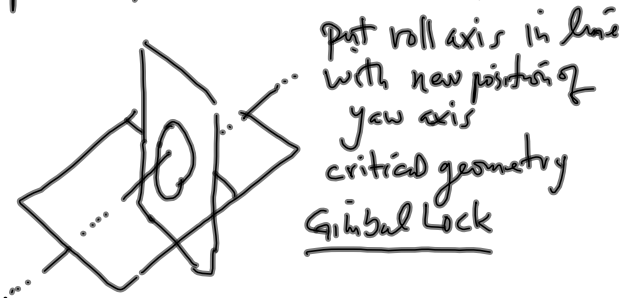
9-3

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more rotations : 9-4
 sequential elem. rotations
 axis-angle
 quaternions
 (algebraic param.)
 direction cosines
 :

problem if middle rotation is $\pm 90^\circ$



put roll axis in line
 with new position of
 yaw axis
 critical geometry
Gimbal Lock

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2D conformal coord. transf. scale, rotation, x-shift, y-shift 95

$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \lambda \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta \\ -\sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} t_x \\ t_y \end{pmatrix}$$

↑ scale ↑ rotation ↑ 2 shifts

4 parameter transf.

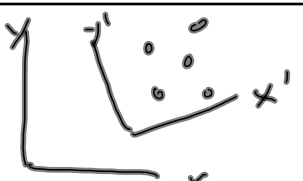
if x, y constant
linear in a, b, c, d

physical parameters

$$\begin{aligned} x' &= \lambda \cos\theta x + \lambda \sin\theta y + t_x \\ y' &= -\lambda \sin\theta x + \lambda \cos\theta y + t_y \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \lambda \cos\theta &= a \\ \lambda \sin\theta &= b \\ t_x &= c \\ t_y &= d \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} x' &= ax + by + c \\ y' &= -bx + ay + d \\ \begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

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9-6

$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ -b & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} c \\ d \end{pmatrix}$$

x, y constant $n = 5 \times 2 = 10$
 x', y' observed $n_0 = 4$
 $r = 6$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{x}'_1 &= ax_1 + by_1 + c \\ \hat{y}'_1 &= -bx_1 + ay_1 + d \\ \hat{x}'_2 &= ax_2 + by_2 + c \\ \hat{y}'_2 &= -bx_2 + ay_2 + d \\ &\vdots \\ \hat{x}'_5 &= ax_5 + by_5 + c \\ \hat{y}'_5 &= -bx_5 + ay_5 + d \end{aligned}$$

Indirect Obs.

10 cond. eqn ✓
4 par a, b, c, d ✓

Least Squares

⇓

$V + B_0 = f$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 v_{x_1} - ax_1 - by_1 - c &= -x_1' \\
 v_{y_1} + bx_1 - ay_1 - d &= -y_1' \\
 &\vdots \\
 v_{x_5} - ax_5 - by_5 - c &= -x_5' \\
 v_{y_5} + bx_5 - ay_5 - d &= -y_5'
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \underbrace{v + B\Delta}_{\Delta = (B^T W B)^{-1} B^T W f} &= f \quad \text{9-7} \\
 v &= f - B\Delta \quad \checkmark \\
 \mathcal{R} &= \mathcal{L} + v
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \begin{bmatrix} v_{x_1} \\ v_{y_1} \\ v_{x_2} \\ v_{y_2} \\ \vdots \\ v_{x_5} \\ v_{y_5} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} (a) & (b) & (c) & (d) \\ -x_1 & -y_1 & -1 & 0 \\ -y_1 & x_1 & 0 & -1 \\ -x_2 & -y_2 & -1 & 0 \\ -y_2 & x_2 & 0 & -1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ -x_5 & -y_5 & -1 & 0 \\ -y_5 & x_5 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} -x_1' \\ -y_1' \\ -x_2' \\ -y_2' \\ \vdots \\ -x_5' \\ -y_5' \end{bmatrix} \\
 V + B \Delta &= f
 \end{aligned}$$

par. vector

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$$\begin{aligned}
 a &= \lambda \cos \theta \\
 b &= \lambda \sin \theta
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a^2 + b^2 &= \lambda^2 \cos^2 \theta + \lambda^2 \sin^2 \theta \\
 &= \lambda^2 (\cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta) \\
 &= \lambda^2 \cdot 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\lambda = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)$$

recover physical parameters after using the linear params

$$\begin{aligned}
 tx &= c \\
 ty &= d \\
 \tan \theta &= \left(\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}\right)
 \end{aligned}$$

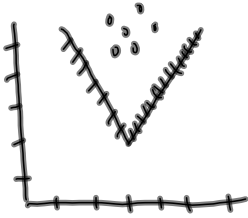
* may need 2 argument arctangent
 atan , atan2
 $\text{atan}(a/b)$, $\text{atan2}(b, a)$

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2D affine coordinate transf. 6 parameter transf. 9-9

$$\begin{aligned} X' &= a_0 + a_1X + a_2Y \\ Y' &= b_0 + b_1X + b_2Y \end{aligned}$$

6 { general rotation
non-orthogonality angle
2 scale factors
2 shifts



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3D conformal coord transf.

7 parameter transf 9-10
rigid transf.

$$\begin{bmatrix} X' \\ Y' \\ Z' \end{bmatrix} = \lambda \cdot M \cdot \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} t_x \\ t_y \\ t_z \end{bmatrix}$$

↑
1 scale

↑
3 rotations

↑
3 shifts

only handled with physical parameters
non-linear

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