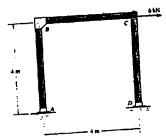
(1)

*11-20. The wood frame is subjected to the load of 6 kN. Determine the moments at the fixed joints A, B, and D. The joint at C is pinned. EI is constant.



$$\theta_A = \theta_D = \Psi ac = 0$$

$$\Psi_{AB} = \Psi_{DC} = \Psi$$

Applying Eqs. 11 - 8 and 11 - 10,

$$M_{AB} = \frac{2EI}{4}(\theta_B - 3\psi) + 0$$

$$M_{BA} = \frac{2EI}{4}(2\theta_B - 3\psi) + 0$$

$$M_{BC} = \frac{3EI}{4}(\theta_B) + 0$$

$$M_{DC} = \frac{3EI}{4}(-\psi) + 0$$

Moment equilibrium at B:

Force equilibrium for entire frame: 6 - VA - Vb = 0

$$\sum M_{B} = U, \qquad \qquad 4$$

$$\Sigma M_D = 0; \qquad V_D = \frac{M_D}{4}$$

Thus,

$$6 + \frac{M_{AB} + M_{BA}}{4} + \frac{M_{DC}}{4} = 0$$
(2)

From Eq.(1): $\frac{2EI}{4}(2\theta_B - 3\psi) + \frac{3EI}{4}\theta_B = 0$

$$\frac{1}{4}(20) = 34, \quad 4$$

$$\theta_{1} = \frac{3}{7} \Psi$$

$$\frac{2EI}{4}(2\theta_{B} - 3\psi) + \frac{1}{4}\theta_{B} = 0$$

$$\theta_{B} = \frac{6}{7}\psi \qquad (3)$$
From Eq.(2):
$$6 + \frac{1}{4}(\frac{2EI}{4}(\theta_{B} - 3\psi) + \frac{2EI}{4}(2\theta_{B} - 3\psi) + \frac{3EI}{4}(-\psi)) = 0$$

$$\frac{96}{EI} + 6\theta_{B} - 15\psi = 0 \qquad (4)$$
Solving Eqs. (3) and (4).
$$\theta_{B} = \frac{8.348}{EI}$$

$$\psi = \frac{9.739}{EI}$$
Thus:

$$\frac{6}{1} + 6\theta_B - 15\psi = 0 \tag{}$$

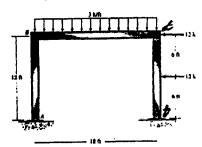
$$\theta_8 = \frac{8.348}{EI}$$

$$\Psi = \frac{9.739}{EI}$$

Thus:

$$M_{AB} = -10.4 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$$
 And $M_{BA} = -6.26 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$ And $M_{BC} = 6.26 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$ And $M_{DC} = -7.30 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$ And $M_{DC} = -7.30 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$

11-21. Determine the moments at the ends of each member. Assume A and D are pins and B and C are fixedconnected joints EI is the same for all members.



$$FEM_{CO} = -\frac{wL^2}{12} = -81, FEM_{CO} = \frac{wL^2}{8} = 81$$

 $FEM_{CD} = -\frac{3PL}{16} = -27$

$$M_{BA} = \frac{3EI}{12}(\theta_B + \psi)$$

$$M_{BC} = \frac{2EI}{18}(2\theta_B + \theta_C) - 8$$

$$M_{BC} = \frac{2EI}{18}(2\theta_B + \theta_C) - 81$$

$$M_{CB} = \frac{2EI}{18}(2\theta_C + \theta_B) + 81$$

$$M_{CD} = \frac{3EI}{12}(\theta_C + \psi) - 27$$

$$M_{CD} = \frac{3EI}{12}(\theta_C + \psi) - 27$$

Moment equilibrium at B and C:

$$M_{BA} + M_{BC} = 0;$$
 $0.472EI\theta_B + 0.11EI\theta_C + 0.25EI\psi = 81$ (1)

$$M_{CB} + M_{CD} = 0;$$
 $0.11EI\theta_B + 0.472EI\theta_C + 0.25EI\psi = -54$ (2)

From FBDS of AB and DC:

$$\mathcal{L} + \Sigma M_B = 0; \qquad M_{BA} - 12V_A = 0$$

$$V = M_{BA}$$

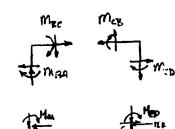
$$V_{A} = \frac{12}{12}$$

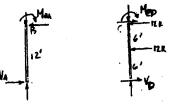
$$V_{D} = \frac{M_{CD} + 12(6) - 12V_{D} = 0}{V_{D}}$$

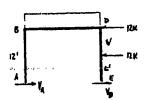
$$V_{D} = \frac{M_{CD} + 6}{12}$$

From FBD of frame:

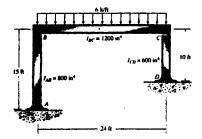
$$\theta_{\rm p} = -\frac{137.077}{EI}$$
 $\theta_{\rm C} = -\frac{510.923}{EI}$
 $\psi = \frac{810}{EI}$
 $M_{\rm MA} = 168 \, \text{k} \cdot \text{ft}$
 $M_{\rm SC} = -168 \, \text{k} \cdot \text{ft}$
 $M_{\rm CB} = -47.8 \, \text{k} \cdot \text{ft}$
 $M_{\rm CD} = 47.8 \, \text{k} \cdot \text{ft}$
 $M_{\rm CD} = 47.8 \, \text{k} \cdot \text{ft}$

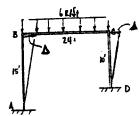


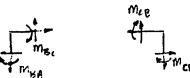


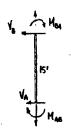


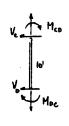
11-22. Determine the moments acting at the ends of each member. Assume the supports at A and D are fixed. The moment of inertia of each member is indicated in the figure. $E = 29(10^3)$ ksi.











$$FEM_{BC} = -\frac{wL^2}{12} = -288, \qquad FEM_{CB} = \frac{wL^2}{12} = 288$$

$$\theta_A = \theta_D = \psi_{BC} = 0$$

$$\psi_{AB} = \psi = \frac{\Delta}{15}$$

$$\psi_{DC} = \frac{\Delta}{12} = 1.5\psi$$

$$M_{N} = 2E(\frac{1}{L})(2\theta_{N} + \theta_{F} - 3\psi) + FEM_{N}$$

$$M_{AB} = \frac{2E(800)}{15}(\theta_{B} - 3\psi)$$

$$M_{BA} = \frac{2E(800)}{15}(2\theta_{B} - 3\psi)$$

$$M_{BC} = \frac{2E(1200)}{24}(2\theta_{B} + \theta_{C}) - 288$$

$$M_{CB} = \frac{2E(1200)}{24}(2\theta_{C} + \theta_{B}) + 288$$

$$M_{CD} = \frac{2E(600)}{10}(2\theta_{C} - 3(1.5)\psi)$$

$$M_{DC} = \frac{2E(600)}{10}(\theta_{C} - 3(1.5)\psi)$$
Moment equilibrium at B and C:
$$M_{BA} + M_{BC} = 0; \qquad 413.3E\theta_{B} + 100E\theta_{C} - 320E\psi = 288$$
(1)

$$M_{CB} + M_{CD} = 0$$
: $100E\theta_B + 440E\theta_C - 540E\psi = -288$
From FBDs of members AB and CD,

 $(+ \Sigma M_B = 0; M_{BA} + M_{AB} + V_A(15) = 0$ $(+ \Sigma M_C = 0; M_{CD} + M_{DC} + V_D(10) = 0$

For the entire frame, $\Sigma F_x = 0; V_A + V_D = 0$ Thus,

$$M_{BA} + M_{AB} + 1.5(M_{CD} + M_{DC}) = 0$$

 $320E\theta_B + 540E\theta_C - 2260E\psi = 0$ (3)

(2)

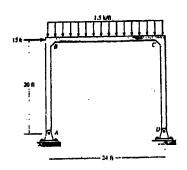
Solving Eqs. (1),(2) and (3),

$$\theta_B = \frac{0.84589}{E}$$
 $\theta_C = -\frac{0.99016}{E}$
 $\psi = -\frac{0.11681}{E}$

Thus,

$$M_{AB} = 128 \text{ k·ft}$$
 Ans $M_{BA} = 218 \text{ k·ft}$ Ans $M_{BC} = -218 \text{ k·ft}$ Ans $M_{CB} = 175 \text{ k·ft}$ Ans $M_{CD} = -175 \text{ k·ft}$ Ans $M_{DC} = -55.7 \text{ k·ft}$ Ans

11-23. Determine the moments acting at the ends of each member of the frame. El is the same for all members.



$$FEM_{\theta C} = -\frac{wL^2}{12} = -72, FEM_{C\theta} = \frac{wL^2}{12} = 72$$

 $\psi_{\theta C} = 0$
 $\psi_{AB} = \psi_{DC} = \psi$

Applying Eqs. 11-8 and 11-10,

Applying Eqs. 11 - 8 and 11 - 19
$$M_{BA} = \frac{3EI}{20}(\theta_B - \psi)$$

$$M_{BC} = \frac{2EI}{24}(2\theta_B + \theta_C) - 72$$

$$M_{CB} = \frac{2EI}{24}(2\theta_C + \theta_B) + 72$$

$$M_{CD} = \frac{3EI}{22}(\theta_C - \psi)$$

Moment equilibrium at B and C:

Sometic equilibrium at 3 and 5.

$$M_{BA} + M_{BC} = 0;$$
 $0.317EI\theta_B + 0.083EI\theta_C - 0.15EI\psi = 72$ (1)
 $M_{Cy} + M_{CD} = 0;$ $0.083EI\theta_B + 0.317EI\theta_C - 0.15EI\psi = -72$ (2)

From the FBDs of members AB and CD:

$$(+\Sigma M_9 = 0;$$
 $M_{BA} + 20V_A = 0$
 $(+\Sigma M_C = 0;$ $M_{CD} + 20V_D = 0$
For the frame
 $\Sigma F_2 = 0;$ $V_A + V_D = 15$

Thus

 $M_{\rm BA}+M_{CD}=-300$ $0.075EI\theta_B + 0.075EI\theta_C - 0.15EI\psi = -150$ Solving Eqs. (1),(2) and (3),

$$\theta_{g} = \frac{908.5714}{EI}$$

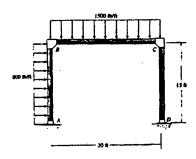
$$\theta_{C} = \frac{291.4285}{EI}$$

$$\psi = \frac{1600}{EI}$$

$$M_{BA} = -104 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$$
 Ams
 $M_{BC} = 104 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$ Ams
 $M_{CB} = 196 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$ Ams
 $M_{CD} = -196 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$ Ams

(3)

*11-24. Determine the moments acting at the ends of each member. EI is the same for all members. Assume all joints are fixed.



$$FEM_{AB} = -\frac{wL^2}{12} = -15,$$
 $FEM_{BA} = \frac{wL^2}{12} = 15$
 $FEM_{BC} = -\frac{wL^2}{12} = -50,$ $FEM_{CB} = \frac{wL^2}{12} = 50$
 $\theta_A = \theta_D = \psi_{BC} = 0$
 $\psi_{AB} = \psi_{CD} = \psi$

$$M_{N} = 2E(\frac{I}{L})(2\theta_{N} + \theta_{F} - 3\psi) + FEM_{N}$$

$$M_{AB} = \frac{2EI}{15}(\theta_{B} - 3\psi) - 15$$

$$M_{BA} = \frac{2EI}{15}(2\theta_{B} - 3\psi) + 15$$

$$M_{BC} = \frac{2EI}{20}(2\theta_{B} + \theta_{C}) - 50$$

$$M_{CB} = \frac{2EI}{20}(2\theta_{C} + \theta_{B}) + 50$$

$$M_{CD} = \frac{2EI}{15}(2\theta_{C} - 3\psi)$$

$$M_{DC} = \frac{2EI}{15}(\theta_{C} - 3\psi)$$

Moment equilibrium at B and C:

(1) $M_{BA} + M_{BC} = 0;$ $0.4667EI\theta_{B} + 0.1EI\theta_{C} - 0.4EI\psi = 35$ $M_{CB} + M_{CD} = 0$; $0.1EI\theta_B + 0.4667EI\theta_C - 0.4EI\psi = -50$ (2)

From FBDs of AB and DC:

 $(+\Sigma M_3 = 0;$ $M_{BA} + M_{AB} + V_A(15) - 90 = 0$ $M_{CD} + M_{DC} + V_D(15) = 0$ $C + \Sigma M_C = 0$;

From FBD of frame,

 $V_A + V_D = 12$

Thus,

$$M_{BA} + M_{AB} + M_{CD} + M_{DC} = -90$$

Substituting.

$$0.4EI\theta_2 + 0.4EI\theta_C - 1.6EI\psi = -90$$
 (3)

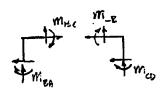
Solving Eqs. (1),(2) and (3),

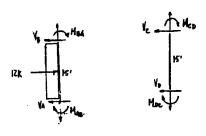
$$\theta_0 = \frac{156.818}{EI}$$

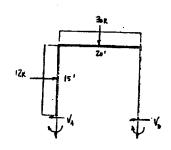
$$\theta_C = -\frac{75}{EI}$$

$$\psi = \frac{76.704}{EJ}$$

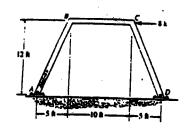
$$M_{AB} = -24.8 \text{ k·ft}$$
 Ans $M_{BA} = 26.1 \text{ k·ft}$ Ans $M_{BC} = -26.1 \text{ k·ft}$ Ans $M_{CB} = 50.7 \text{ k·ft}$ Ans $M_{CD} = -50.7 \text{ k·ft}$ Ans $M_{CD} = -40.7 \text{ k·ft}$ Ans







11-25. Determine the moment at each joint of the battered-column frame. The supports at A and D are pins. EI is constant.



$$(FEM)_{BA} = (FEM)_{BC} = (FEM)_{CB} = (FEM)_{CD} = 0$$

$$\psi_{AB} = \psi_{DC} = \frac{\Delta}{13}$$
 $\psi_{BC} = \frac{2\Delta \cos 67.38^{\circ}}{10}$

$$\psi_{AB} = \psi_{DC} = \psi_{BC}$$

$$M_N = 3E(\frac{I}{L})(\theta_N - \psi) + (\text{FEM})_N$$

$$M_{BA} = 3E(\frac{I}{13})(\theta_B + \psi_{AB}) + 0$$

$$M_{BA} = 0.2308 EI(\theta_B + \psi_{AB}) \tag{1}$$

$$M_N = 2E(\frac{I}{L})(2\theta_N + \theta_F - 3\psi) + (FEM)_N$$

$$M_{BC} = 2E(\frac{I}{10})(2\theta_B + \theta_C - 3\psi_{AB}) + 0$$

$$M_{BC} = 0.2EI(2\theta_B + \theta_C - 3 \psi_{AB}) + 0$$
 (2)

$$M_{CS} = 2E(\frac{I}{10})(2\theta_C + \theta_S - 3\psi_{AS}) + 0$$

$$M_{CB} = 0.2E(2\theta_C + \theta_B - 3\psi_{AB}) + 0$$
 (3)

$$M_N = 3E(\frac{I}{L})(\theta_N - \psi) + (\text{FEM})_N$$

$$M_{CD} = 3E(\frac{1}{13})(\theta_C + \psi_{AB}) + 0$$

$$M_{CD} = 0.2308 EI(\theta_C + \psi_{AB}) \tag{4}$$

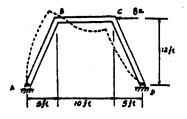
Equilibrium

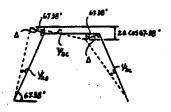
$$M_{BA} + M_{BC} = 0 \tag{5}$$

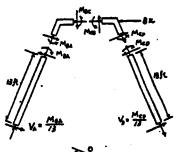
$$M_{CD} + M_{CB} = 0 \tag{6}$$

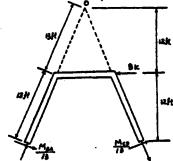
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} + \sum M_{0} = 0; \quad \frac{M_{0A}}{13} (26) + \frac{M_{CD}}{13} (26) - 8(12) = 0$$

$$2 M_{0A} + 2M_{CD} - 96 = 0 \qquad (7)$$







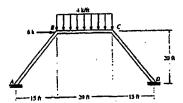


Solving these equations :

$$\theta_B = \theta_C = \frac{32}{EI}$$

$$\psi_{AB} = \frac{72}{EI}$$

11-34 Determine the moments acting at the supports A and D of the battered-column frame. Take $E = 29(10^3)$ ksi, I = 600 in⁴.



$$FEM_{BC} = -\frac{wL^2}{12} = -1600 \text{ k·m.}$$
 $FEM_{CB} = \frac{wL^2}{12} = 1600 \text{ k·m.}$

$$\theta_1 = \theta_2 = 0$$

$$\Psi_{AB} = \Psi_{CD} = \frac{L}{2}$$

$$\psi_{BC} = -\frac{1.2\Delta}{20}$$

$$\psi_{BC} = -1.5\psi_{CD} = -1.5\psi_{AB}$$

$$\psi' = -1.5\psi$$
 (where $\psi' = \psi_{BC}, \psi = \psi_{AB} = \psi_{CD}$)

$$M_N = 2E(\frac{1}{r})(2\theta_N + \theta_F - 3\psi) + FEM_N$$

$$M_{AB} = 2E(\frac{600}{25(12)})(0+\theta_B-3\psi)+0 = 116,000\theta_B-348,000\psi$$

$$M_{BA} = 2E(\frac{600}{25(12)})(2\theta_B + 0 - 3\psi) + 0 = 232,000\theta_B - 348,000\psi$$

$$M_{BC} = 2E(\frac{600}{20(12)})(2\theta_B + \theta_C - 3(-1.5\psi)) - 1600$$

$$= 290,000\theta_d + 145,000\theta_C + 652,500\psi - 1600$$

$$M_{CB} = 2E(\frac{600}{20(12)})(2\dot{\theta}_C + \dot{\theta}_B - 3(-1.5\psi) + 1600$$

$$= 290,000\theta_C + 145,000\theta_B + 652,500\psi + 1600$$

$$M_{CD} = 2E(\frac{600}{25(12)})(2\theta_C + 0 - 3\psi) + 0$$

$$= 232,000\theta_{C} - 348,000\psi$$

$$M_{DC} = 2E(\frac{600}{25(12)})(0+\theta_C-3\psi)+0$$
$$= 116,000\theta_C-348,000\psi$$

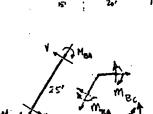
Moment equilibrium at B and C:

$$M_{BA} + M_{BC} = 0$$

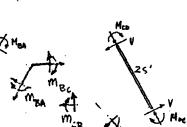
$$522,000\theta_B + 145,000\theta_C + 304,500\psi = 1600$$

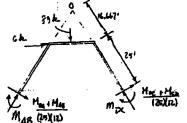
$$M_{CB} + M_{CD} = 0$$

$$145,000\theta_B + 522,000\theta_C + 304,500\psi = -1600$$



(3)





using the FBD of the frame.

$$-0.667M_{AB} - 0.667M_{DC} - 1.667M_{BA} - 1.667M_{CD} - 960 = 0$$

 $464,000\theta_B + 464,000\theta_C - 1.624,000\psi = -960$

(1)

(2)

Solving Eqs.(1),(2) and (3),

 $\theta_B = 0.004030 \text{ rad}$

 $\theta_C = -0.004458 \, \text{rad}$

y = 0.0004687 in.

 $M_{AB} = 25.4 \,\mathrm{k \cdot ft}$

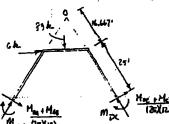
 $M_{BA} = 64.3 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$

 $M_{BC} = -64.3 \text{ k} \cdot \text{ft}$

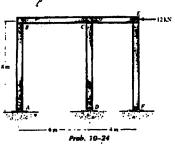
 $M_{CB} = 99.8 \,\mathrm{k \cdot ft}$

 $M_{CD} = -99.8 \,\mathrm{k} \cdot \mathrm{ft}$

 $M_{DC} = -56.7 \,\mathrm{k} \cdot \mathrm{ft}$



1 > 2 \ Wind loads are transmitted to the frame at joint E. If A, B, E, D, and F are all pin-connected and C is fixed-connected, determine the moments at joint C and draw the hending-moment diagrams for the girders BCE. El is constant.



$$\psi_{AB} = \psi_{CB} = 0$$
 $\psi_{AB} = \psi_{CD} = \psi_{BF} = \psi$

Applying Eq. 11 - 10,

$$M_{CB} = \frac{3EI}{6}(\theta_C - 0) + 0$$

$$M_{CB} = \frac{3EI}{4}(\theta_C - 0) + 0$$

$$M_{CB} = \frac{3EI}{4}(\theta_C - w) + 0$$
(1)

Moment equilibrium at C:

$$\frac{M_{CB} + M_{CE} + M_{CD} = 0}{\frac{3EI}{6}(\theta_C) + \frac{3EI}{4}\theta_C + \frac{3EI}{8}(\theta_C - \psi) = 0}$$

 $\psi = 4.333\theta_C$ (2) From FBDs of members AB and EF:

$$\begin{array}{lll}
+ \sum M_B &= 0; & V_A &= 0 \\
+ \sum M_E &= 0; & V_F &= 0
\end{array}$$

Since AB and FE are two-force members, then for the entire frame:

$$Arr$$
 $\Sigma F_x = 0$; $V_0 - 12 = 0$; $V_0 = 12 \text{ kN}$
From FBD of member CD :
 Arr $\Sigma M_C = 0$; $M_{CD} - 12(8) = 0$
 $M_{CD} = 96 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$ Ans

From Eq.(1).

$$96 = \frac{3}{8}ET(\theta_C - 4.333\theta_C)$$

$$\theta_C = \frac{-76.8}{-10.8}$$

From Eq. (2),

$$V = \frac{-332.8}{EI}$$

Thus,

$$M_{CB} = -38.4 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$$
 Ans $M_{CE} = -57.6 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}$ Ans

