

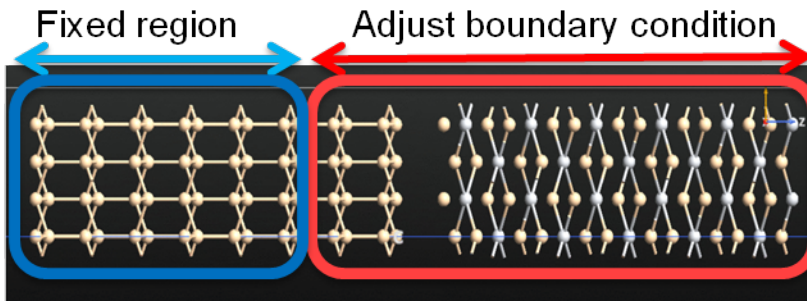
Objectives:

- Study the crystal structure relaxation of TiSi₂(C54)/Si interface.
- Calculate the thermal transport across interface.

Challenges:

- NEMO5 cannot generate some exotic crystal structures. ATK can.
- Interface effects are not accounted for strain, lattice mismatch and relaxation.

Method:



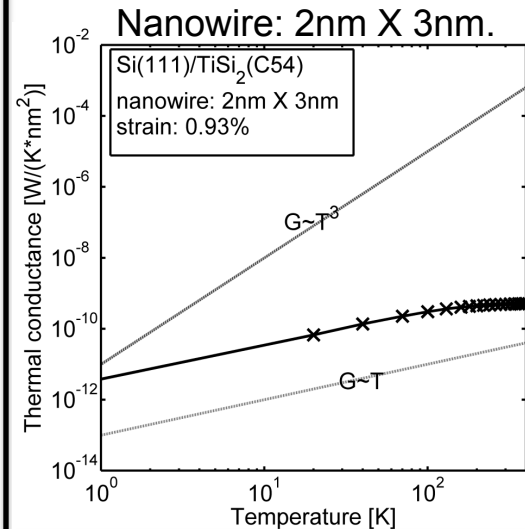
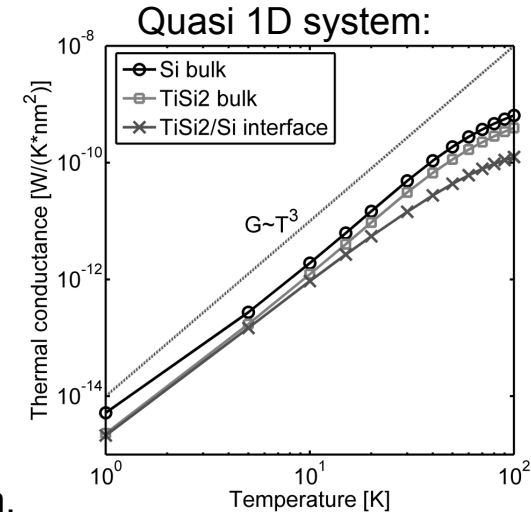
Relaxation happens around the TiSi₂ (C54)/Si interface



- 1 • New lattice structure is read into NEMO5.
- 2 • Strain solver constructs the dynamical matrix.
- 3 • RGF and NEGF are both available to do the transport calculation.

Results

- G has the T^3 dependence in low temperature.
- This is consistent with conventional theory and experiment result.



Thermal conductance is temperature dependent due to the surface confinement.

Conclusions:

- An atomistic method with DFT+NEGF is first applied to simulate the heat transport across M/S interface.
- Thermal conductance with different boundary condition has different temperature dependence.