Liquefaction Susceptibility of Reclaimed Calcareous Sand Deposits

MAKING WAVES IN GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING Celebrating the career and achievements of V.P. Drnevich Purdue University – May 1st, 2010



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Land Reclamation Projects in Dubai





Construction-Geotechnical Challenges

- Reclamation done by rainbowing seabed dredge material
- Deposits consisting mainly of calcareous sand with shell fragments
- Post-fill densification by vibrocompaction
- Surface layer of compacted fill





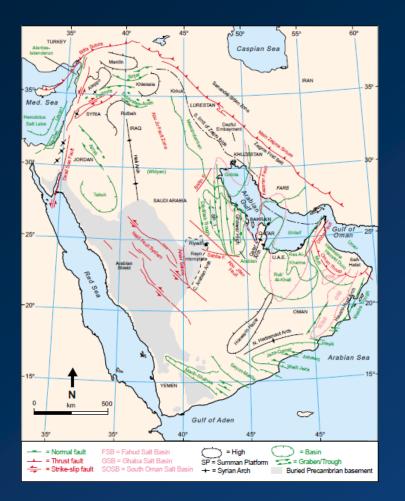


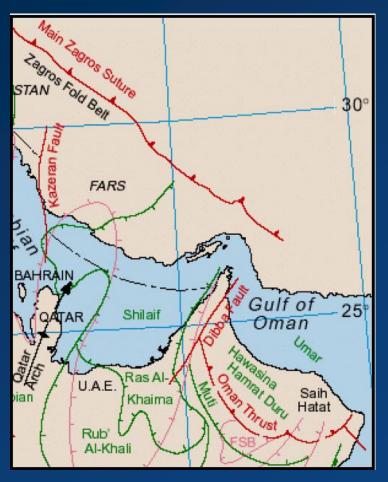
Seismic risk

- Dubai falls in low seismic hazard zone
- Seismographic data limited to none
- Seismic geology data abundant but proprietary
- Design PGA = 0.25 g (under revision)
- Cyclic test data on local sand very limited
- Liquefaction behavior of calcareous sand limited



Geologic Faults - UAE





Source: Ziegler (2001) GeoArabia, Vol. 6, No. 3.



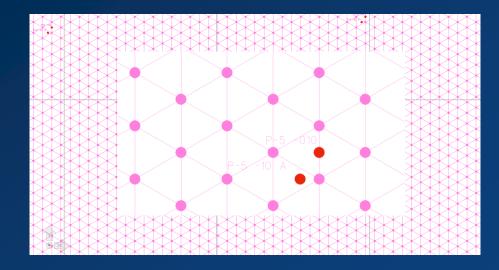
Vibrocompaction Data

- Information collected from six reclaimed land sites in the UAE
- Data includes site layout, as well as locations of CPT and SPT before and after vibrocompaction
- Data can be used to evaluate soil profile vis-à-vis liquefaction resistance, as well as spatial variability



Geotechnical Data

- Dense vibrocompaction grid
- Hundreds of CPT profiles, both pre and post densification
- Post densification CPT taken at fixed locations relative to the vibrocompaction grid



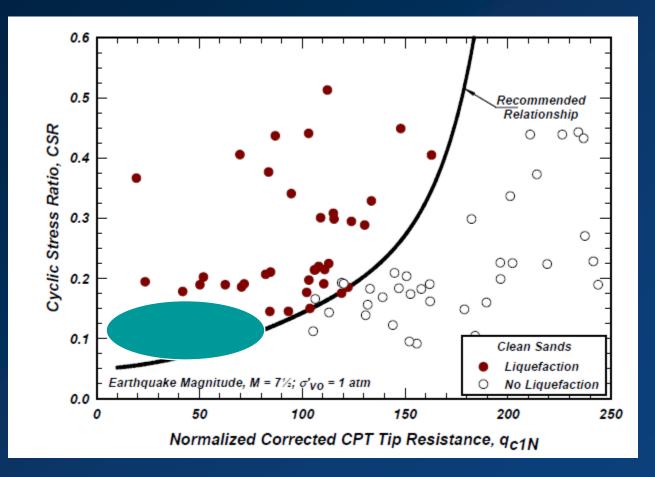


Liquefaction susceptibility of calcareous sand

- Calcareous sands are much more susceptible to particle crushing. As a result, CPT values are low
- Need for undrained cyclic testing to properly define CSR required to cause liquefaction
- Discrete element modeling and image analysis of grain shape can assist in evaluating liquefaction susceptibility of calcareous sand

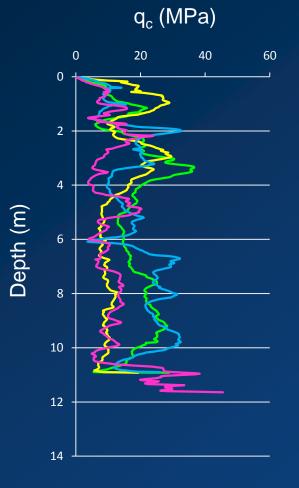


Liquefaction Potential Assessment from CPT





Spatial Variability Pre and Post Densification



AUD AMERICAN UNIVERSITY IN DUBAI

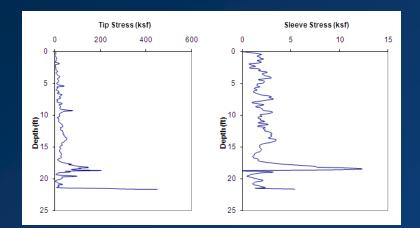
Quantification of Spatial Variability

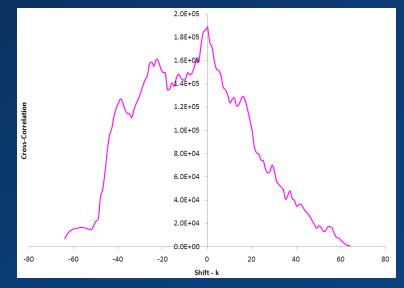
- Cross correlation of CPT soundings results in crosscorrelation functions of different characteristics
- Similarity descriptors are obtained from the crosscorrelation function (Rabens 2000)
- Technique used to determine best location for subsequent CPT soundings
- Can be extended to define spatial variability of site



Implementation at Site A – Palm Jumeirah

- Area
- Mean
- Mode
- Standard Deviation
- Skewness







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