

PROCESS SAFETY AS CORE WORK PROCESS

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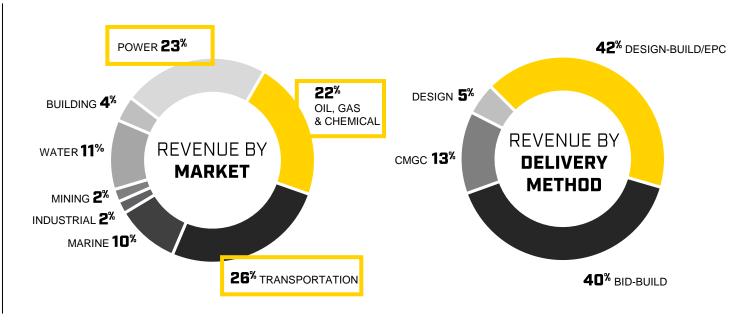


AGENDA

Process Safety implementation in EPC projects
How PS is weaved into design of the facility
How other disciplines contribute
Value of Process Safety















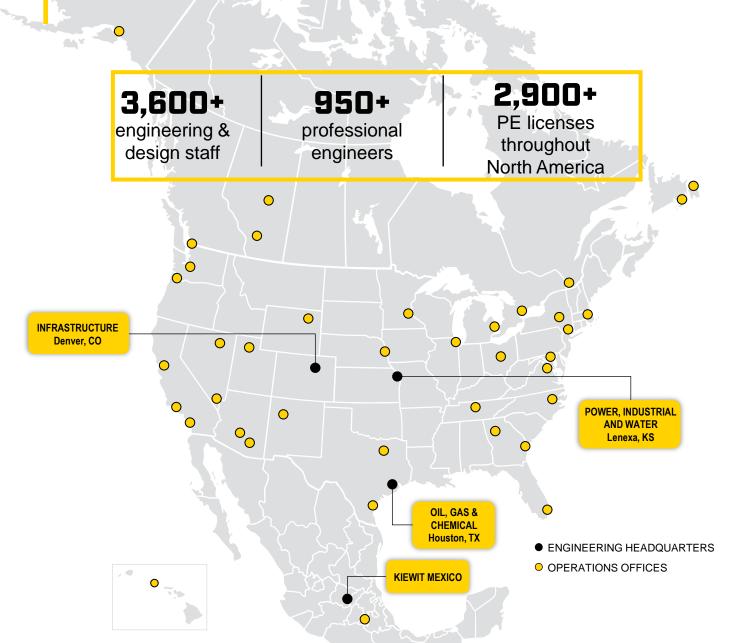








KIEWIT ENGINEERING LOCATIONS





Midstream LNG Petrochemical Refining Renewable / Alternative Fuels Hydrogen / Syngas / Ammonia



Power Generation
Transmission and Distribution
Hydrogen
Solar
Carbon Capture
Battery Storage



Advanced Technologies Industrial Energy Mineral Processing Process Industries



Roadways Bridge Structures Drainage Transit Water



Water Treatment and Supply
Wastewater, Biosolids and Reuse
Conveyance Dams and Storage Desalination
Industrial Water
Energy and Efficiency

PRE-CONSTRUCTION

Project development

Capital studies

Asset acquisition

Owner's engineer

Pre-detailed design / FEED

Independent design reviews & assurance

Performance modeling

PROJECT EXECUTION

Detailed design

EPC / design-build

Temporary works

Design management

Design assurance

POST-CONSTRUCTION

Commissioning

Start-up

Plant services

Independent engineer

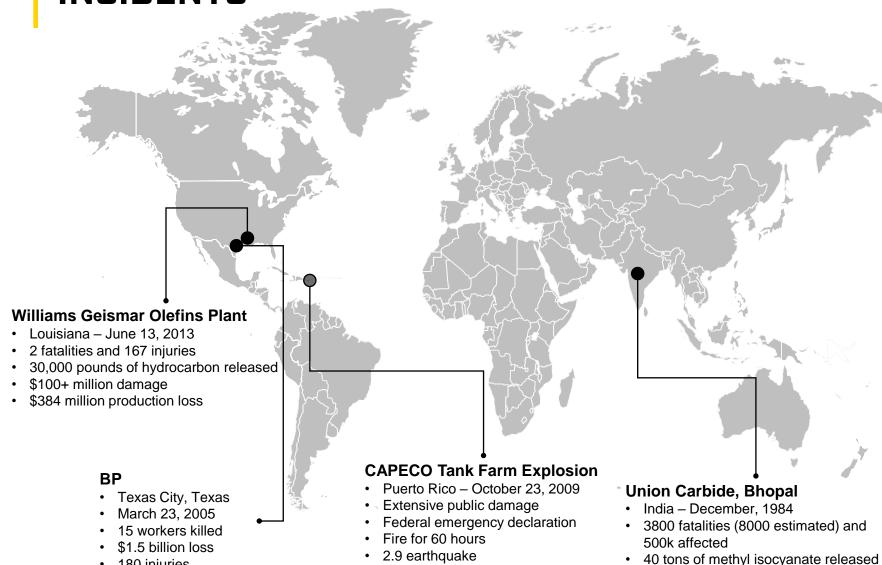


ENGINEERING SERVICES



PROCESS SAFETY





17 tanks destroyed

AEGL fatality level 1.2 ppm

- These and many more incidents that cost companies lots of money and their reputation
- Mostly caused due to failure or shortcomings in Process Safety Management

Total loss of \$33 BILLION (2015 value) incurred in 100 **LARGEST LOSSES**

- Marsh report 2016

180 injuries

WHAT IS PROCESS SAFETY?

- "A disciplined framework for managing the integrity of operating systems and processes handling hazardous substances by applying good design principles, engineering, and operating practices" (Center for Chemical Process Safety)
- Process Safety focuses on prevention and mitigation of process hazards like fire, explosion and chemical releases at process facilities
- Called different things at different times and in different companies
 - Loss prevention
 - HSE (Health, Safety and Environment)
 - Technical safety

MISSION OF PROCESS SAFETY

Our mission is to serve our Kiewit projects and our clients in building **SAFER PROCESS PLANTS**

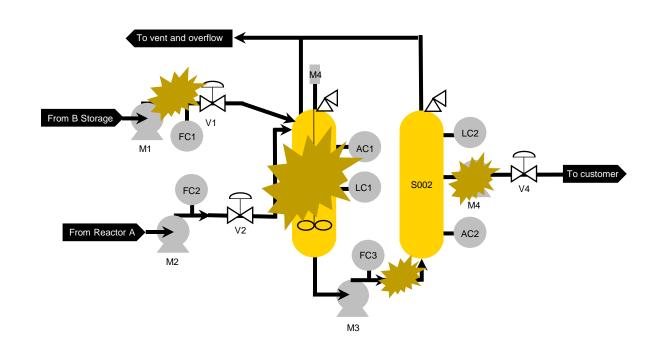
Realized by following codes, standards and **PROCESS SAFETY MANAGEMENT** (PSM) practices

We proactively seek to expose hidden hazards and find ways to PREVENT OR MITIGATE THEM

LEARN from past industrial incidents

PERSONAL SAFETY VS. PROCESS SAFETY





SLIPS, FALLS, CUTS, WORKPLACE INCIDENTS

Protect personnel – prevent injury and fatality

LOSS OF CONTAINMENT: SPILLS, LEAKS, FIRE, TOXIC

Protect assets, environment and prevent multiple fatalities

Source: The Safety Association for Canada's Upstream OGC

PERSONAL SAFETY VS. PROCESS SAFETY

PREVENT SERIES OF EVENTS	PREVENT CATASTROPHIC EVENTS
Low to high severity – high frequency	High severity – low frequency
Good visibility at bottom of pyramid	Less visible and complex to measure

CONSTRUCTION SAFETY

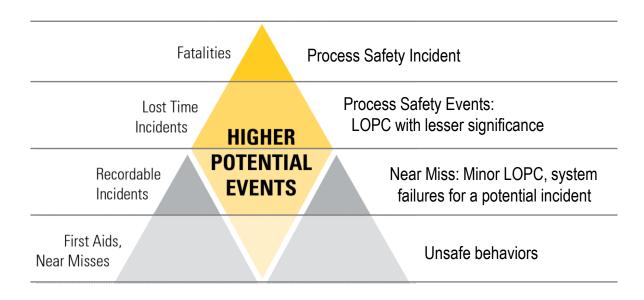
Address 'Nobody Gets Hurt' during construction Life-Saving Actions®



SAFETY IN DESIGN

Address process safety risk, protect employees, asset, community and reputation

Process Safety Management



PROCESS SAFETY AT KIEWIT

- Part of Kiewit Oil, Gas & Chemical Engineering provide company wide support Responsible for 3 areas
- Process Safety
 - Identify process hazards, estimate consequence and risk
 - Find ways to eliminate, reduce or mitigate

- Functional Safety
 - Effectiveness of safety shutdown system to prevent or mitigate hazards in response to inputs
- Fire Protection
 - Use fire water, foam, dry chemical etc. to protect from hazards of fire

AN INTEGRATED APPROACH

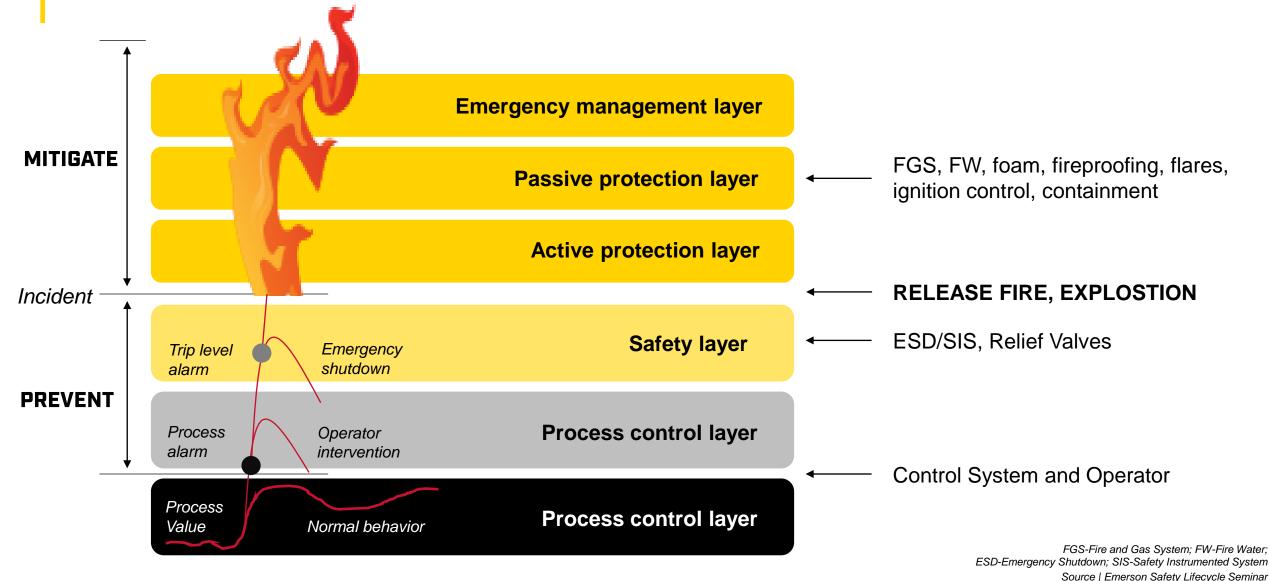
- Prevention (process safety and functional safety)
- Mitigation (fire protection)





SAFETY IN DESIGN

LAYERS OF PROTECTION - SAFEGUARDS - BARRIERS



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GENERAL METHODOLOGY

- Process Safety Management
- Identify hazards, define extent of consequences and design safeguards
- Layers of protection or safeguards or barriers
- Strategies for safeguards
 - Inherently safer
 - Eliminate or minimize process hazards instead of "add-on" controls
 - Active controls
 - Safety shutdown system, relief system
 - Passive controls
 - Fireproofing, dikes and sumps
 - Procedural and administrative
 - Operating procedures

MOST EFFECTIVE

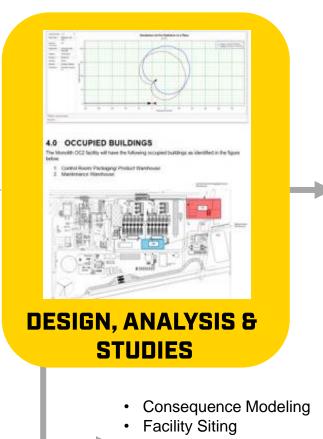
LEAST EFFECTIVE

EPC PROCESS SAFETY IMPLEMENTATION

- Achieve Safety in Design thorough various tasks and design documents
- Process safety does the analysis and sets the requirements
- Process Safety requirements are documented in various design basis and drawings
- Other disciplines implement these requirements into detailed design drawings
- Detailed design drawings are used for construction

PROCESS SAFETY DELIVERABLES – SIMPLIFIED WORKFLOW





ACTIVE FIRE PROTECTION-LOCATION PLAN

REQURIEMETHS

LAYOUTS &

SKETCHES

OTHER DISCIPLINES

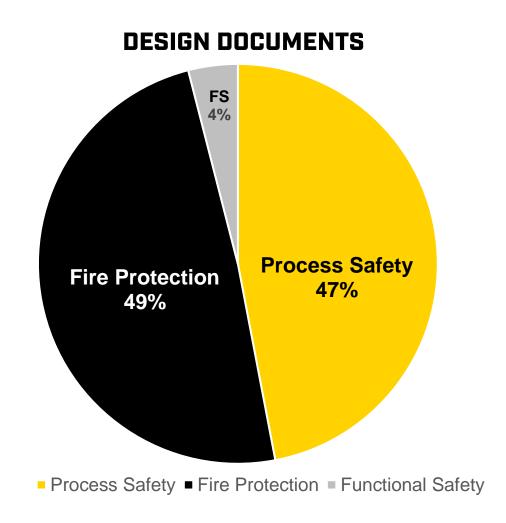
Construction drawings

- PHA
- FW demand & Hydraulics
- F&G mapping

- PHA action items
- · Fire & Gas Detection Location
- FW location
- Specifications

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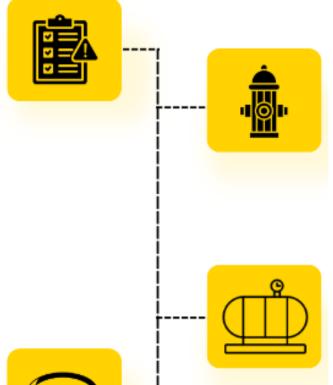
PS DELIVERABLES - BY AREA



PROCESS SAFETY - DESIGN BASIS DESCRIPTIONS

PROCESS SAFETY DESIGN BASIS

Provides overall guidance of the intent and basis of process safety design for a project.



ACTIVE FIRE PROTECTION DESIGN BASIS

Provides overall guidance of the intent and basis of active fire protection for a project.

FIRE, GAS AND TOXIC DETECTION SYSTEM DESIGN BASIS

Basis design for the Fire & Gas Detection System of a project.



PASSIVE FIRE & CRYOGENIC PROTECTION DESIGN BASIS

Provides basis of design for Passive Fire Protection (PFP) and Cryogenic Protection for the project. The goal for PFP is to protect process equipment, process equipment supports, and structural steel member supports from heat influx from a pool or jet fire.

PS DELIVERABLES - BASIS

DELIVERABLE DESCRIPTION	DELIVERABLE TYPE	REMARKS
Process Safety Design Basis	Design Criteria	
Active Fire Protection Design Basis	Design Criteria	For fire water and non-water systems
Fire, Gas, Toxic Detector Design Basis	Design Criteria	
Passive Fire Protection Design Basis	Design Criteria	

In some projects we combine all design basis into one basis

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PS DELIVERABLES - STUDY AND CALCULATIONS

DELIVERABLE DESCRIPTION	DELIVERABLE TYPE	REMARKS
		Using either consequence only basis or using Quantitative Risk Analysis (QRA) basis
Facility and Building Siting Study	Study	Typically fire and explosion risk analysis (FERA) for blast overpressure profiles and impacts on occupied buildings.
Facility Hazard Analysis (FHA) and PHMSA Siting Analysis Report	Study	Required for FERC and PHMSA for Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) projects
Fire Water Demand Calculation Report	Report	Calculates the maximum fire water needed for each fire zone
Fire Water Hydraulics Calculation Report	Report	Make sure adequate flow and pressure of fire water available
Fire Protection Analysis per NFPA	RADOIT	For LNG NFPA59A, Chapter 9, Different zones on plot plan, access hazards within the zone and recommend detection/mitigation/protection





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PS DELIVERABLES - DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

DELIVERABLE DESCRIPTION	DELIVERABLE TYPE	REMARKS
Fire, Gas, Toxic Detector Location Drawings	Drawing	
Fire Water Process Flow Diagram (PFD & P&IDs)	Drawing	Process Flow Diagrams, Piping & Instrumentation Diagrams
Eye wash/Safety shower Location Drawings	Drawing	
Fire Water Location and Coverage Drawings	Drawing	
Fire Extinguisher Location Drawings	Drawing	
Passive Fire Protection Layouts	Drawing	
Escape and Evacuation Route Sketch	Drawing	
Fire, Gas, Toxic Detector Requirements	Specification	
Active Fire Protection Requirements	Specification	
Fire and Safety Equipment Requirements	Specification	Dry chemical, hand held extinguishers etc.
Passive Fire Protection Requirements	Specification	
Safety Requirement Specification (SRS)	Specification	

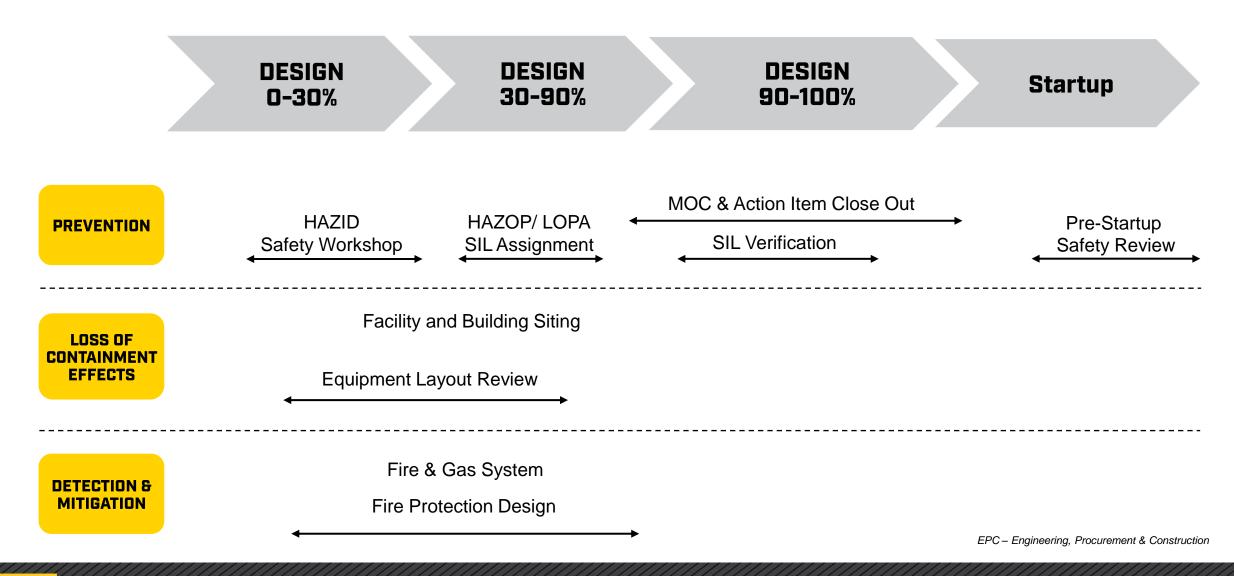
PS DELIVERABLES - LISTS

DELIVERABLE DESCRIPTION	DELIVERABLE TYPE	
Hazardous Area Classification Schedule	List	By equipment list the electrical classification for ignition control
Passive Fire Protection Schedule	List	By equipment lists where fire proofing applied
Hazard Detection List/Matrix	List	Mostly for LNG FERC jobs or if client asks
Fire and Safety Equipment List/Matrix	List	Mostly for LNG FERC jobs or if client asks

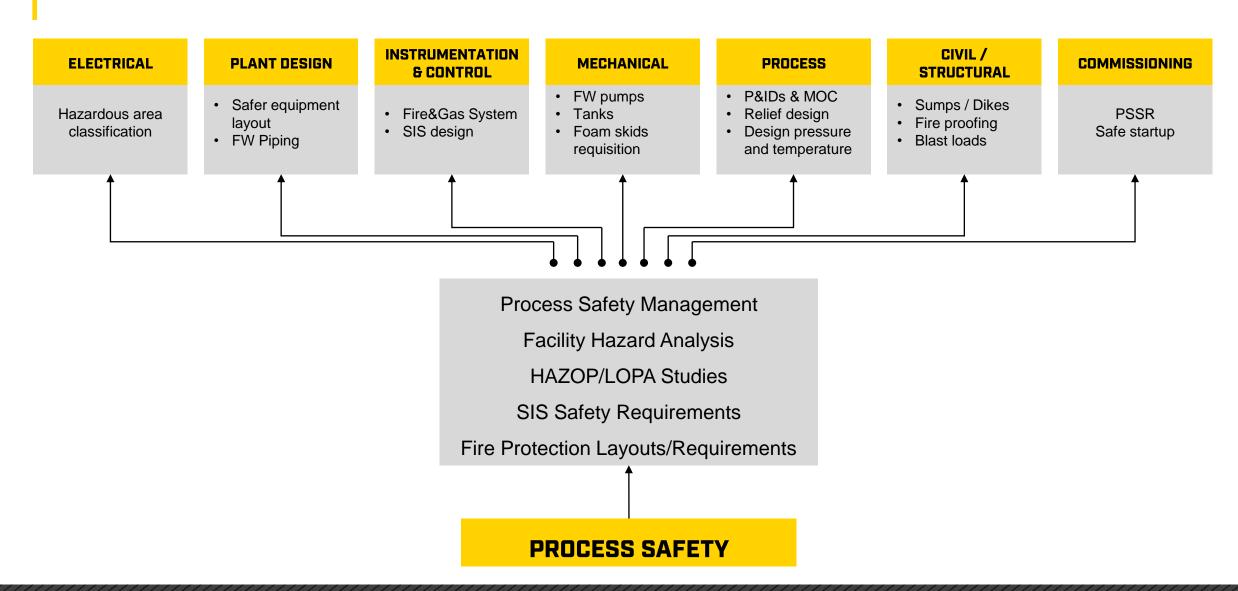
PS DELIVERABLES - PHA

DELIVERABLE DESCRIPTION	DELIVERABLE TYPE	REMARKS
Process Hazard Analysis (HAZID) Report	PHA Documentation	
Process Hazard Analysis (HAZOP, LOPA) Report	PHA Documentation	PHA review includes HAZOP, What if, Checklist, etc. per OSHA 1910.119
PHA Action Item Closeout Sheet	PHA Documentation	PHA Closeout Report with listing of PHA/HAZOP action items.
Management of Change (MOC) Safety Review	PHA Documentation	
Safety Integrity Level (SIL) Verification Analysis	Report	
Reliability, Availability & Maintainability (RAM) analys	is Report	

EPC DESIGN TIMELINE



PROCESS SAFETY AND OTHER DISCIPLINES



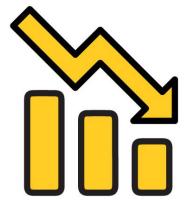
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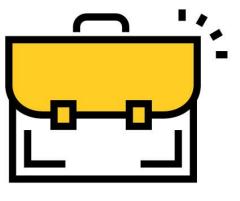
VALUE OF PROCESS SAFETY







RISK REDUCTION AND CONTROL



CORPORATE LIABILITY

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There's an old saying that if you think safety is expensive, try an accident.

Accidents cost a lot of money. And, not only in damage to plant and in claims for injury, but also in the loss of the company's reputation.

"

THANK YOU

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