

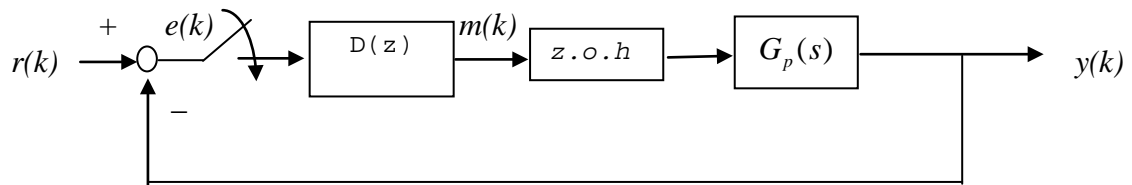
1. Obtain a discrete model of a system defined by the following equation

$$\frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2} + 2 \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = u(t)$$

when $u(t)=1$ for $t \geq 0$. Assume that the sampling interval $T=0.1$ second.

- Use the transformation method covered in class for the second order derivative.
 - Use the entry 6 of Table 2.1 on pp. 34 of Bollinger.
 - Simulate the responses using the difference equations obtained in (a) and (b).
2. Bollinger 2.19 (b) and (d): Obtain the closed loop transfer function and derive a difference equation relating input and output.
3. Bollinger 3.16.
4. A work motion system in a manufacturing system is shown in the figure below. This system is to be computer-controlled with a proportional-integral controller, with the gains of K_p and K_I , in the discrete domain with the sampling interval of 0.02 seconds. The transfer function of the system is known to be

$$G_p(s) = \frac{1}{(0.01s + 1)}$$



- Show the difference equation to be implemented for the PI controller, using the backward transformation.
- Obtain the closed-loop transfer function and calculate the first three responses to a unit step input for $K_p=1$ and $K_I=2$. $r(k)=1$ for $k=0,1,2,3,\dots$ and assume $y(k)=0$ for $k \leq 0$.
- Calculate the steady state value of the system output to a unit step input.