

LAB #5 MACHINING EXPERIMENT III

DRILLING, BORING AND REAMING

Purpose: To study the operation of drilling, boring and reaming.

Machine: Engine lathe

Tools: 1" micrometer, telescoping gage set, 6-inch dial calipers, steel ruler, carbide tools.

Material: Aluminum bar (approximately 2 inch in diameter)

Operations:

A. Preparation of the work-piece in the three jaw chuck.

1. Insert the work-piece (from Lab 3) into the chuck and tighten the jaw. You will work on the previously faced end.

B. Drilling (see Figure 1)

1. Extend the tailstock spindle with hand-wheel to extend approximately 1" out of housing.
2. Perform center drilling using a #4 center-drill (use 800 rpm for the spindle speed).
3. Clean taper shank of the 1/4" dia. drill and insert it into the tailstock spindle. Note: drill should sit tight in the drill-holder, which in turn should be locked in the tail-stock. Do not lock the tailstock spindle.
4. Using a cutting speed of 50 ft/min and the drill diameter, compute for computation.

$$\text{RPM} = V \times 12 / (\pi \times D) = V \times 4 / D$$

5. Release the tailstock clamp, slowly slide tailstock forward until drill almost touches the workpiece. Tighten the clamp (i.e. lock the tail-stock movement). Note: make sure the work-piece is clear of the drill-bit before starting lathe.
6. Turn the lathe on and drill a 1.5" deep hole using hand feed on tailstock. Measure depth of the hole relative to the start of the edge of the 3/4" portion, not the tip of the drill.
7. Remove the drill by cranking the tailstock spindle hand-wheel in until the drill is free.
8. Enlarge the hole with a 3/4" drill using a spindle speed of 315 rpm.
8. Replug the spindle plug into the tailstock

C. Boring (see Figure 2)

1. If necessary, remove the tool holder and insert the boring bar onto the tool post. Adjust the holder until the bar is parallel with the axis of the hole and the cutting edge is at approximate center height of the hole (slightly ABOVE center is preferable).
2. Use a cutting speed of 40 ft/min, and the diameter of the hole to compute and set RPM. You may need to change gears on the spindle speed lever – do this with the lathe OFF.
3. Set power feed for 0.0026 in/rev. and longitudinal feed going toward headstock.
4. Bore the hole to a diameter 55/64" and depth of 1.25" (suggestion: take multiple cuts to get the desired dimension). Check the diameter with inside calipers or micrometer (use the telescoping gage).
5. Remove the boring bar holder.

D. Reaming (see Figure 3)

1. Insert a 7/8" reamer in the tailstock. Support it and guide it into the drilled hole in the initial stage.
2. Ream the hole up to 1" deep using a slow hand feed and a speed of 105 rpm.
3. Remove the reamer and check the diameter.

E. Return tools to cabinet and workpiece to instructor and clean up your work area.

To Include in the Report:

Measured diameters after drilling, boring and reaming

Discussion of precision of each process (your experience and comments from literature)

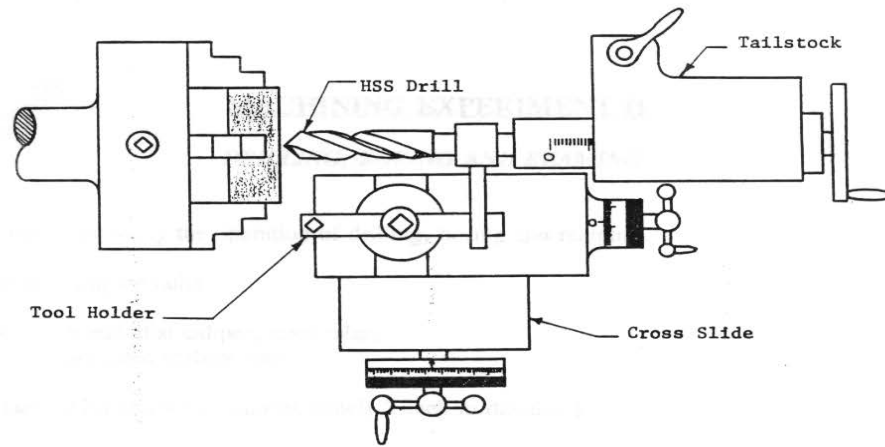


Figure 1 Drilling set up

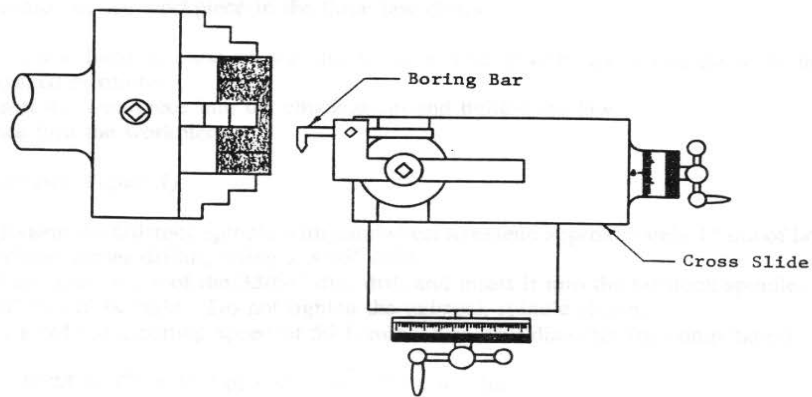


Figure 2 Boring set up

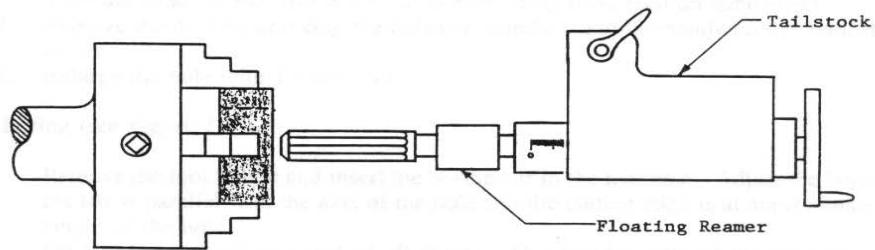


Figure 3 Reaming set up