#### Lecture #2

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# **Our View of Quality**

- Today's attitude much different (hopefully) than two decades ago.
- The statistical theory has remained the same....
- Philosophy underlying quality has changed.

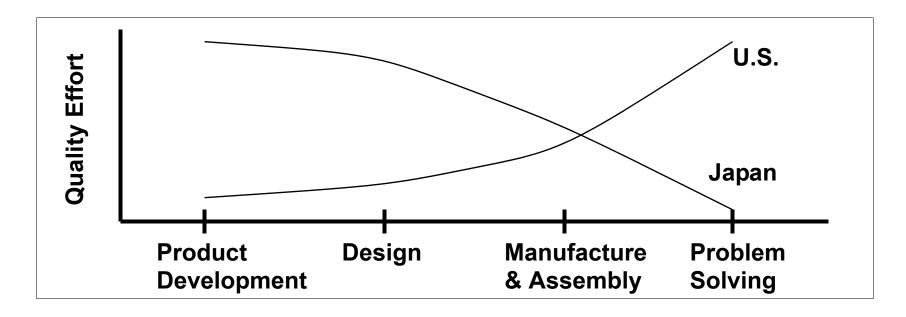
**Quality movement.** 

We must understand why we wish to pursue quality improvement.

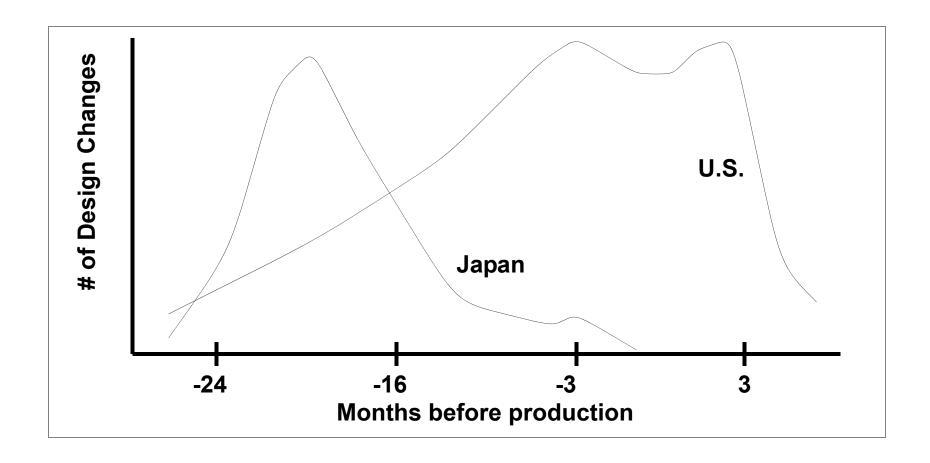


## Status - early 1980s

- Competitive position U.S. companies eroded Japan dominates marketplace - some industries lost
- How did we end up in this situation??







 Let's take a look (focus on quality) at what has happened in the past



	Pre-industrial Revolution
+	Quality "controlled" by the individual craftsman.
1875	Birth of "Taylorism"
	Mass production and division of labor concepts.
	F. W. Taylor develops the principles of scientific management. "Workers are lazy."
	Wage incentive plans and time standard - only production counts.
1925	Shewhart Introduces Statistical Process Control  Walter Shewhart develops a statistical approach to improve processes - emphasis is on fault elimination.  Focus is on economic control of the process People don't accept his idea.
1930	_ Dodge and Romig
	"Acceptance sampling."
	Lot-by-lot inspection.
	Probabilistic approach.

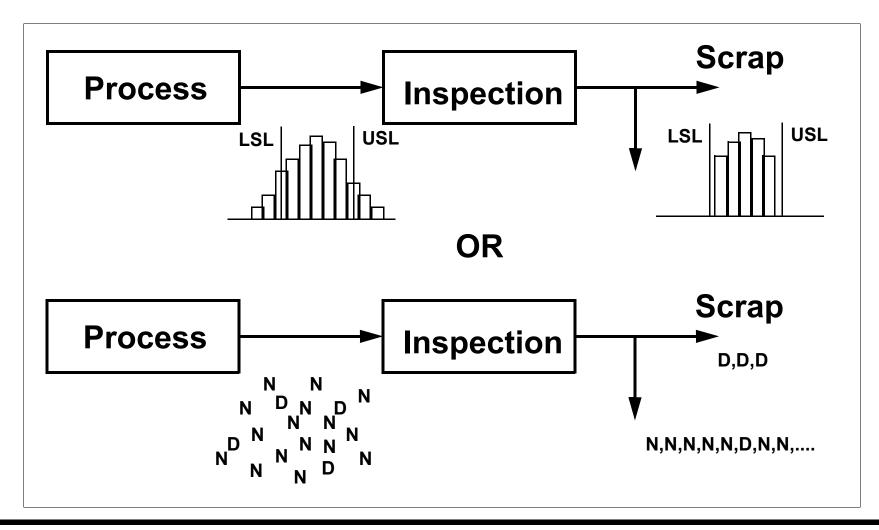


## F. W. Taylor

- Prior to his efforts, all manufacturers "equally bad".
- People that adopt his ideas achieve success -- others fall by the wayside. Playing field is "un-leveled".
- Phenomenon played out again during the quality revolution.
- Math class (20 students) -- 5 students given calculators. Who will succeed??

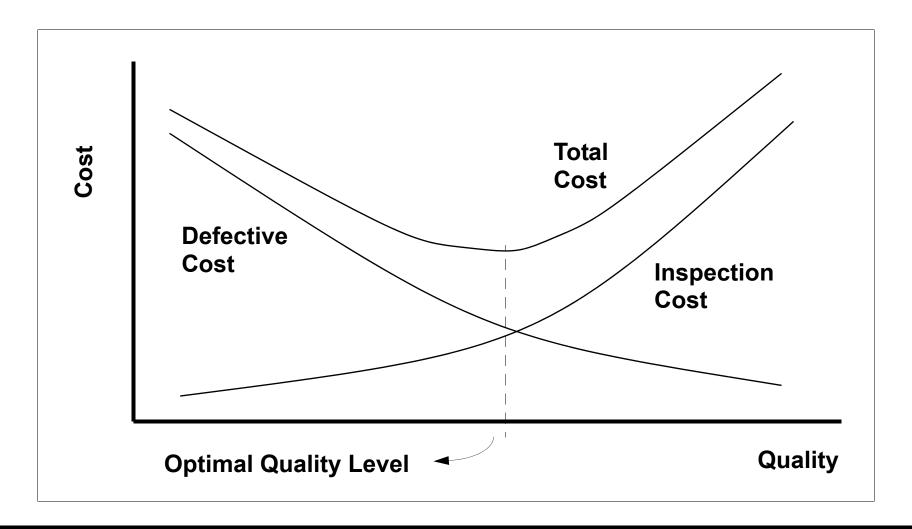


#### **Product Control**



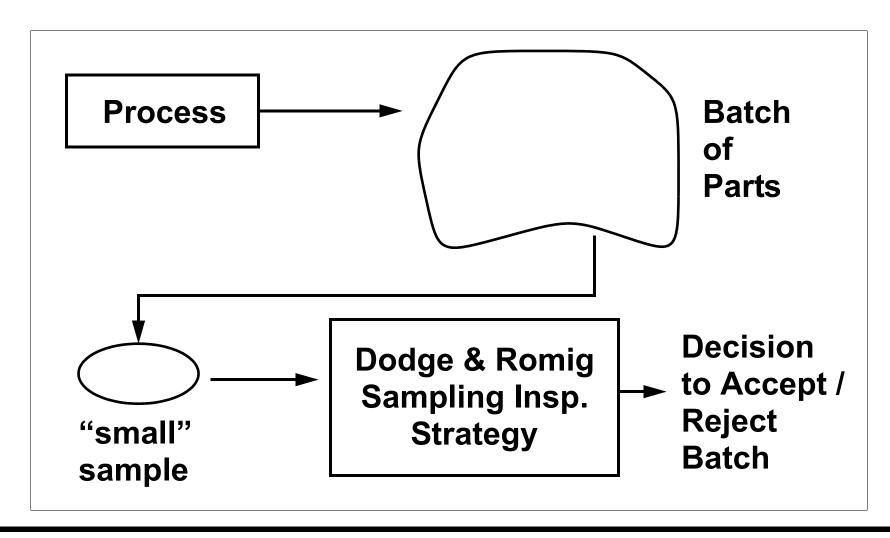


# **Quality Cost**





# **Acceptance Sampling**



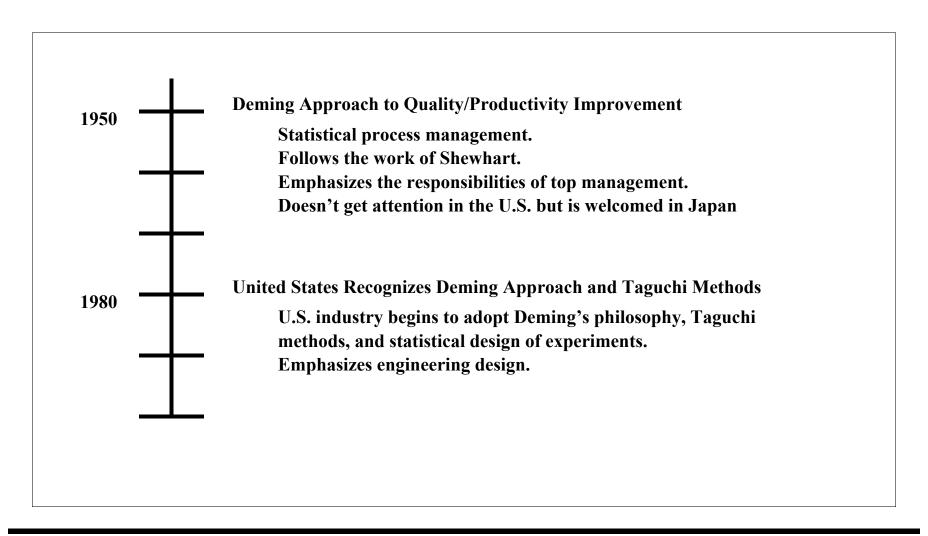


### **Dodge - Romig Plan**

**Dodge & Romig:** Probability of Acceptance pick the sample size & allowable # of **OC Curves** defectives **Incoming Quality Level of Batch** 



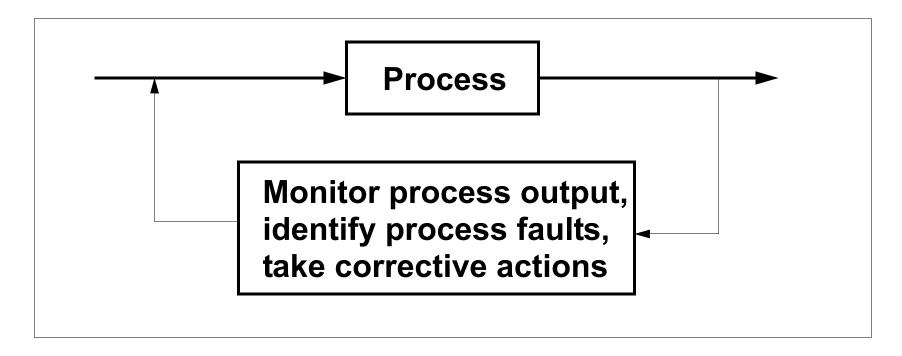
# **History (cont.)**





# Introduction to Deming

- Fallacy of "Optimal Quality Level" Concept
- Product versus Process Control





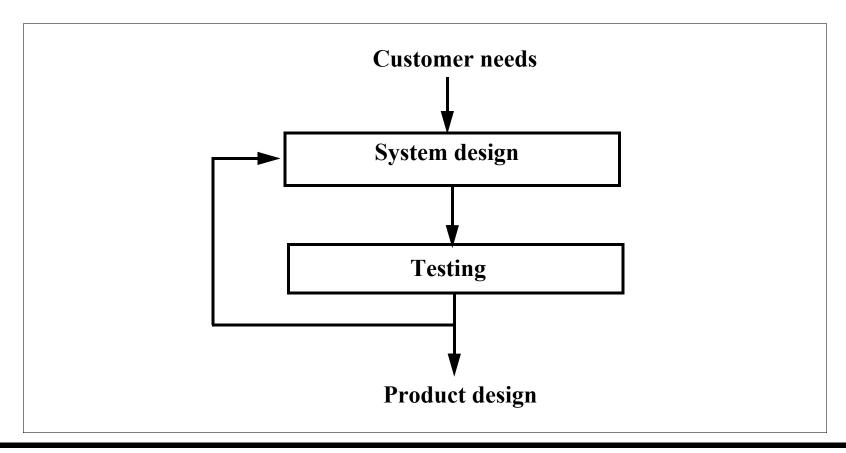
## **More Deming**

- 14 Points (Obligations of Top Management)
- Manage for the long view
- Workers want to do their job well -- monetary incentives aren't everything
- Everyone participates
- Data based conclusions -- not subjective
- People are assets



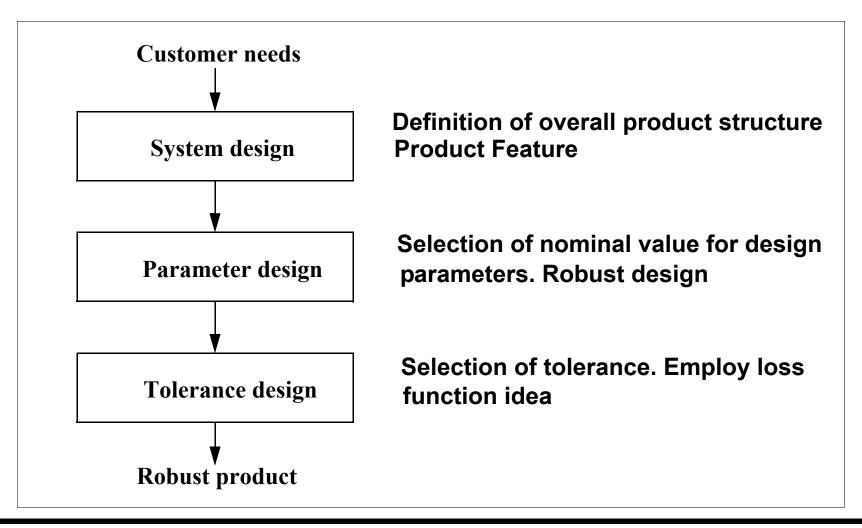
# **Engineering Design**

#### **Traditional View**





# Taguchi's View of Engineering Design





# Strengths of Taguchi's Approach

- Center of Gravity: Engineering Design process
- Definition of the roles of factors that influence product/process performance
- Robust Design -- Parameter Design Concept
- Use of the Loss Function -- link between variation and economic performance

