# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (99%)

MSDS No P000002-1-USHA-AE MSDS CLASS H Ver. No 1

Ver. Date NOV 3 93



ARCO Chemical Company 3801 West Chester Pike Newtown Square PA 19073 USA

IMPORTANT : Read this MSDS before handling and disposing of this product and pass this information on to the employees, sustamers, and users of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Rule and this document has been prepared in accord with the MSDS requirements of this

|                                      |  | 1, 0  | Seneral                        |   |   |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| Trade Name                           | ISOPROPYL A  | LCOH <b>OL</b> (99%)  |                                | Telephone Num   | Telephone Numbers :                             |  |  |  |
| Other Company Na                     | imes None  | None  |                                |   | 800/424-9300 CHEMTREC<br>610/353-8300 ARCO CHEM |  |  |  |
| Synonyma                             | None   |   |                                |   | CUSTOMER SERVICE<br>800/321-7000 INFO ONLY      |  |  |  |
| Other Industry Nam                   | nes IPA; Isopropar   | IPA; Isopropanol; Dimethyl Carbinol   |                                |   |   |  |  |  |
| Chemical Family                      | C3 Alcohol   |   | DOT Hazardor<br>Isopropanol    | OT Hazardous Materials Proper Shipping Name opropenol   |   |  |  |  |
| Generic Name                         | 2-Propanol   |   | OOT Hazard C<br>3 (flammable l |   | DOT Reportable Quantity Not Applicable          |  |  |  |
|                                      | See Section 9 -<br>components)   | ACC Material ID BE10  | )4                             | UN/NA ID No.  | UN 1219   |  |  |  |
|                                      |  | 2. Summar   | y of Hazards                   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Signal Word                          | DANGER   |   |                                |   |   |  |  |  |
| Physical Hazards                     | Physical Hazards Extremely flammable liquid                                      |   |                                |   |   |  |  |  |
| Acute Health Effecti<br>(Short-Term) | Severe eye irrita<br>Silght ingestion<br>No skin irritation                      | Slight inhalation hazard Severe eye irritant Slight ingestion hazard No skin irritation hazard identified from data available No skin absorption hazard identified from data available  |                                |   |   |  |  |  |
| Chronic Health Effect<br>(Long-Term) | Repeated or pro  | longed exposure to isopropanol o  | an be imitating to m           | ucosal membranes  |   |  |  |  |
| ·                                    |  | 3. Fire and   | Explosion                      |   |   |  |  |  |
| Flesh Point<br>AP 53 °F (TCC)        |  | Autoignition Temperature<br>AP 750 °F   |                                | Flammable Limits (at Normal Almospheric Temp and Pressure) Lower: AP 2 (% vot in air) Upper: AP 12.7 (% vot in air) |   |  |  |  |
| Fire and Explosion<br>Hazards        | vapors can burn  | Releases flammable vapors below normal ambient temperatures. When mixed with air and exposed to ignition source, vapors can burn in open or explode if confined. Vapors may be heavier than air. May travel long distances along the ground before igniting and flashing back to vapor source. Diluting with water may not suffice to raise flash point above ambient temperatures.   |                                |   |   |  |  |  |
| Extinguishing Media                  | Alcohol type foar<br>CO <sub>2</sub><br>Ory chemical<br>Water spray<br>Water fog | n   |                                |   |   |  |  |  |
| Extinguishing Media<br>Use Comment   | No additional info   | rmation available   |                                |   |   |  |  |  |
| Special Firefighting<br>Procedures   | pressure to ruptui<br>due to low flash p<br>Aithough water so                    | Do not enter fire area without proper protection. Fight fire from a safe distance/protected location, Heat may build enough pressure to rupture closed containers/spreading fire/increasing risk of burns/Injuries. Water may be ineffective in firefighting due to low flash point, Use water spray/fog for cooling Avoid frothing/steam explosion. Burning liquid may float on water. Although water soluble, may not be practical to extinguish fire by water dilution. Notify authorities immediately if liquid enters sewer/public waters. |                                |   |   |  |  |  |

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|  | 4. Health Hazards   |            |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Summary of Acute Hazards               | Moderate health hazard  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Route of Exposure                      | SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inhalation                             | Prolonged overexposure may cause coughing, shortness of breath, dizziness and intoxication.   |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eye Contact                            | May cause severe eye irritation.  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Skin Absorption                        | No significant signs or symptoms indicative of any health hazard are expected to occur as a result of skin absorption exposure.   |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Skin Initation                         | No significant signs or symptoms indicative of any adverse health hazard are expected to occur as a result of skin exposure.  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ingestion                              | This material may be a slight health hazard if ingested in large quantities.  | No         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Summary of Chronic<br>Hazards          | Repeated or prolonged exposure may irritate the mucous membranes.  See additional Tex information elsewhere in this document.   |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Special Health Effects                 | This material or its emissions may affect mucous tissue and/or aggravate mucous membrane dysfunction.   |            |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5. Protective Equipment and Other Control Measures  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Respiratory                            | If exposure exceeds the PEL/TLV, use NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory equipment as specified in the NIO 1981 Occupational Health Guidelines for Chemical Hazards.  | SHVOSHA    |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eye                                    | Eye protection, including both chemical splash goggles and face shield, must be worn when possibility exists for eye contact due to splashing/spraying liquid, airborne particles, or vapor. Contact lenses must not be worn.     |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$kin                                  | Not normally considered a skin hazard. Where use can result in skin contact, practice good personal hygiene. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soep and water before eating, drinking, smoking, and when leaving work. |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Engineering Controls                   | No special ventilation is recommended under anticipated conditions of normal use beyond that needed for normal comfort control.   |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Hygienic<br>Practices            | Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Work Practices                   | Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. P remove soiled clothing/wash thoroughly before reuse. Shower after work using plenty of soap and water.            | romptly    |  |  |  |  |  |
| ·                                      | 6. Occupational Exposure Limits   | _          |  |  |  |  |  |
| ubstance<br>copropyl Alcohol           | Source Date Type Value/Units Time ACGIH 1992 TWA 400 PPM 8 HRS STEL 500 PPM 15 MIN OSHA 1989 TWA 400 PPM 8 HRS STEL 500 PPM 15 MIN  | l No<br>No |  |  |  |  |  |
| dustrial Hygiene<br>omments            | No additional Occupational Exposure Limit information available   |            |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7. Emergency and First Aid  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| hatation                               | If overcome by exposure, remove victim to fresh air immediately. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed emergency medical attention. Prompt action is essential.   | l. Obtain  |  |  |  |  |  |
| e Contact                              | In case of eye contact, immediately rinse with clean water for 20-30 minutes. Retract eyelids often. Obtain emergency medical attention.  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| un Contact                             | Remove contaminated clothing as needed. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. Flush with lukewarm water for 15 minutes. If sticky, use waterless cleaner first.  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| gestion                                | If large quantity swallowed, give lukewarm water (1/2 litre/pint) if victim completely conscious/alert. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Risk of damage to lungs exceeds poisoning risk. Obtain emergency medical attention.               |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| nergency Medical<br>eatment Procedures | If pain, blinking, tears, or redness continue, patient should contact ophthalmologist.  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| toxification                           | Treat symptomatically.  |            |  |  |  |  |  |



## ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (99%)

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### 8. Spill and Disposal

#### Precautions if Material is Spilled or Released

Extremely flammable liquid. Release causes immediate fire/explosion hazard. Liquids/vapors may ignite. Evacuate/limit access. Equip responders with proper protection. Extinguish all ignition sources. Stop release. Prevent flow to sewer/public waters. Restrict water use for cleanup. Notify fire and environmental authorities. Impound/recover large land spill, Blanket with firefighting foam. Soak up small spills with inert solids. Use suitable disposal containers. On water, material is soluble and may float or sink. May biodegrade. Contain/collect rapidly to minimize dispersion. Disperse residue to reduce aquatic harm. Report per regulatory requirements.

#### Waste Disposal Methods

Contaminated product/soil/water may be RCRA/OSHA hazardous waste due to potentially low flash point. (See 40 CFR 261 and 29 CFR 1910). Landfill solids at permitted sites. Use registered transporters. Burn concentrated liquids in systems compatible with water soluble wastes. Avoid flame-nuts Assure emissions comply with applicable regulations. Dilute aqueous waste may biodegrade. Avoid overloading/poisoning plant biomass. Assure effluent complies with applicable regulations.

## 9. Components

(This may not be a complete list of components.)

(Compositions are typical values, not specifications.)

Component Name Isopropyi Alcohol

CAS No.

Composition Amount (Wt.)

Carcinogen ###

67-63-0

AP 99

%

NP

## ### 1 = National Toxicology Program 2 = International Agency for Research on Cancer 3 = Occupational Health and Safety Administration 4 = Other

#### 10. Component Health Hazards

Component isopropyl Alcohol

Component Health Hazards

Damages developing fetus Mucous membrane irritant Severe eye irritant

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## 11. Additional Toxicological Information

#### Component Name/Comments

Isopropyl Alcohol

#### Isopropyl Alcohol

Chemical Properties

isopropyl alcohol, when given to pregnant rats has been reported in one study to be toxic to the developing fatus at levels of 2.5% in drinking water. No teratogenic effects were, or have been, reported. There are no reports of adverse reproductive effects in humans exposed to this chemical.

#### Material

No additional toxicology information is available for this material

| 12. Physical and Chemical Data                          |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Boiling Point<br>AP 180 °F                              | Viscosity<br>No Data Available                        | Dry Point<br>Not Applicable                          |  |  |  |  |
| Freezing Point<br>AP -127 °F                            | Vapor Pressure<br>AP 33 MM HG (at 68° F)              | Volatile Characteristics Appreciable                 |  |  |  |  |
| Specific Gravity AP .78 at 68 °F (H2O = 1.0 at 39.2° F) | Vapor Specific Gravity AP 2.1 (Air = 1.0 at 60-90° F) | Solubility in Water<br>Complete (In All Proportions) |  |  |  |  |
| pH<br>Not Applicable                                    | Mazardous Polymerization Not expected to occur        | Stability<br>Stable                                  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Chemical No additional Reactivity                 | nformation svailable                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Physical and No additional i                      | Physical and No additional information available      |  |  |  |  |  |

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ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (99%)

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| 12. Physical and Chemical Data (Cont'd) |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Appearance and Odor                     | Liquid; Medicinal odor analogous to rubbing alcohol; Odor threshold: AP 200 PPM; Clear, colorless |  |  |  |  |  |
| Conditions to Avoid                     | Heat, sparks, open flame, other Ignition sources, and exidizing conditions                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| Materials to Avoid                      | Aluminum metals, Nitroform, Strong oxidizing agents, Sulfuric acid                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hazardous<br>Decomposition Products     | Incomplete combustion may produce carbon monoxide and other toxic gases                           |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | 13. Hazards Rating Information  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### National Fire Protection Association

Health = 1 Flammability = 3 Reactivity = 0

## National Paint and Coatings Association

#### Hazardous Materials Information System (HMIS)

Health = 1 Flammability = 3 Reactivity = 0 Personal Protection = X

#### 14. Additional Precautions

#### Handling and Storage Procedures

Store only in tightly closed, properly vented containers away from heat, sparks, open flame and strong oxidizing agents. Use only non-sparking tools. Store closed drums with bung in up position. Carefully vent any internal pressure before removing closure. Containers must be properly grounded before beginning transfer. All equipment must conform to applicable electrical code. Handle empty containers with care; vapor residue may be flammable/explosive. Material may attack some forms of plastic, aluminum, rubber and coatings.

#### Decontamination Procedures

Isolate, vent, drain, wash and purge systems or equipment before maintenance or repair. Remove all ignition sources. Check atmosphere for explosiveness and oxygen deficiencies. Wear recommended personal protective equipment. Observe precautions pertaining to confined space entry.



ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (99%)

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## 15. Regulatory Information

#### FEDERAL:

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)

The following is the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory Status of the components of this material with CAS numbers listed in Section 9 - Components:

CHEMICAL

CAS NO.

**STATUS** 

Isopropyl Alcohol

67-63-0

Listed - Non Confidential

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1988 (SARA), Title III

- Section 302/304

Requires emergency planning based on 'Threshold Planning Quantities' (TPQs), and release reporting based on Reportable Quantities (RQs) of "Extremely Hazardous Substances" (EHS) listed in Appendix A of 40 CFR 355. There are no components of this material with known CAS numbers which are on the EHS list.

- Section 311 & 312

Based upon available information, this material and/or components are classified as the following health and/or physical hazards according to Section 311 & 312:

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard

Fire Hazard

- Section 313

The material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the De Minimis reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313 and 40 CFR 372.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA)

No chemicals in this material with known CAS numbers are subject to the reporting requirements of CERCLA.

**OSHA Regulations** 

'Chemical-specific' OSHA regulations (1910.1002 to 1910.1050) presented under 29 CFR 1910 do not apply to this material or its components.

Other EPA Regulations

No additional information available

Department of Transportation (DOT)

Other than the normal shipping instructions and information given in this MSDS, there are no other specific DOT regulations governing the shipment of this material.

STATE REGULATIONS:

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1988 - Proposition 65

This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins under California Proposition 65 at levels which would be subject to the proposition.

California South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) Rule 443.1 (VOC's)

A Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) is any volatile compound of carbon excluding methane, carbon monoxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides or carbonates, ammonium carbonate, 1,1,1-trichloroathane, methylene chloride, (FC-23), (CFC-113), (CFC-12), (CFC-11), (CFC-22), (CFC-114), and (CFC-115). By this definition, this is a VOC meterial.

ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (89%)

MSDS No PUOUDUZ-1-OSHA-AE

## 15. Regulatory Information (Contd)

Massachusetts Right-to-Know Substance Liet (MSL) [105 CMR670.000]

Hazardous Substances (MSL-HS) on the MSL must be identified when present in materials at levels greater than state specified criterion. The criterion is: >= 1%. Components with CAS numbers present in this material at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

CHEMICAL

CAS NO.

isopropyl Alcohol

67-63-0

Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances (MSL-EHS) on the MSL must be identified when present in materials at levels greater than state specified criterion. The criterion is >= 0.0001%. Components with CAS numbers present in this material, at levels specified in Section 9 - Components, do not require reporting under the statute.

New Jersey Registration

The New Jersey, Registry 3, Registration law does not apply to this material, as none of its components are trade secrets.

Pennsylvania Right-to-Know Hazardous Substances Lists

Environmental Hazards (PA-EH) must be identified when present in materials at levels greater than the state specified criterion. The criterion is >= 0.01%. Components with CAS numbers in this material at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

CHEMICAL

CAS NO.

Isopropyl Alcohol

67-63-0

Hazardous Substances (PA-HS) must be identified when present in materials at levels greater than the state specified criterion. The criterion is >= 1%. Components with CAS numbers in this material at a level which could require reporting under the statute are:

CHEMICAL

CAS NO.

Isopropyi Alcohol

67<del>-63-</del>0

Special Hazardous Substances (PA-SHS) must be identified when present in materials at levels greater than the state specified criterion. The criterion is >= 0.01%. Components with CAS numbers present in this material, at levels specified in Section 9 - Components, do not require reporting under the statute.

Regulatory Advisory

If you reformulate or further process this material, you should consider re-evaluation of the regulatory status of the components listed in Section 9, based on the final composition of your product.



6-29-1998 9:26PM

#### ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (99%)

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16. Label Information

Manufacturer:

ARCO Chemical Company 3801 West Chester Pike Newtown Square PA 19073 USA Telephone Numbers: EMERGENCY

800/424-9300

Signal Word

800/424-9300 CHEMTREC 610/353-8300 ARCO CHEM

DANGER

CUSTOMER SERVICE 800/321-7000

INFO ONLY

Other Company Names

None

Lise Statement

For industrial use only

Keep out of reach of children

Physical Hazards Extremely flammable Health Hezards Severe eye imitant Inhalation hazard Ingestion hazard

Prolonged exposure may affect mucous membranes

Precautionary Measures

Do not handle near heat, sparks, or open flame

Do not store near combustible materials

Avoid contact with eyes

Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of gases, vapors, or mists

Use with adequate ventilation

Prevent contact with food, chewing, or smoking materials

Do not take internally

Keep container lightly closed when not in use Do not store this material in aluminum containers

DOT Information: UN/NA ID No.

UNINA ID No. UN 1219

DOT Hazard Class 3 (flammable squid)

**DOT Reportable Quantity** 

Not Applicable

DOT Hazardous Materials Proper Shipping Name Isopropanol

Component Name

isopropyi Alcohol

CAS No. 67-63-0 Composition Amount (Wt.) AP 99 % RQ

Not Applicable

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Instructions:

In case of fire, use: Alcohol type foem; CO<sub>2</sub>: Dry chemical; Water spray; Water fog

First Aid: Inhelation

If overcome by exposure, remove victim to fresh sir immediately. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as needed. Obtain emergency medical

attention. Prompt action is essential.

Eye Contact

In case of eye contact, immediately rinse with clean water for 20-30 minutes. Retract eyelids often. Obtain emergency medical attention.

Skin Contact

Remove contaminated clothing as needed. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. Flush with lukewarm water for 15 minutes. If sticky,

use waterloss cleaner first.

Ingustion

If targe quantity swallowed, give lukewarm water (1/2 litre/pint) if victim completely conticous/siert. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Risk of

damage to lungs exceeds poisoning risk. Obtain emergency medical attention.

In case of spill,

Extremely flammable liquid. Release causes immediate fire/explosion hazard. Extinguish all ignition sources. Impound/recover large land spill;

soak up small spill with inert solids. On water, may biodegrade. Contam/collect rapidly to minimize dispersion. Report per regulatory

requirements.

Protective Equipment

Respiratory

Use only NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection equipment per 1981 NIOSH/OSHA Guidelines for Chemical Hazards.

Eye Skin Chemical splash goggles and/or face shield should be worn.

No special clothing normally required. Where use can result in skin contact, wash thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or leaving work.

SEP 1 1993

Label No.: LP000002 Version No.: 1 Date:

ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (99%)

MSOS No P000002-1-OSHA-AE

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|---|------|---|---|---|----|----|---|----|--------|
|   |      |   |   |   |    |    |   |    |        |

General Comments

No additional information available.

Other Comments

Some of the information presented and conclusions drawn herein are from sources other than direct test data on the material itself.

Note

EQ=Equal

AP=Approximately

N/P=No applicable information found

Qualifications:

LT=Less Than
GT=Greater Than

UK=Unknown

N/AP=Not applicable
N/DA=No Data Available

Disclaimer of Liability

The information in the MSDS was obtained from sources which we believe are reliable. HOWEVER, THE INFORMATION IS PROVIDED WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING ITS CORRECTNESS.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge.

FOR THIS AND OTHER REASONS, WE DO NOT ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM LIABILITY FOR LOSS, DAMAGE OR EXPENSE ARISING OUT OF OR IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE HANDLING, STORAGE, USE OR DISPOSAL OF THE PRODUCT.

This MSDS was prepared and is to be used only for this product.

If the product is used as a component in another product, this MSDS information may not be applicable.

Print Date

8 February 1995