

November 2, 2021

**TO:** The Faculty of the College of Engineering

**FROM:** The Faculty of the Weldon School of Biomedical Engineering

**RE:** Changes to Undergraduate Course, BME 45600, Mathematical Models and Methods in Physiology

The Faculty of the School of Biomedical Engineering has approved the following course-level and description changes to an undergraduate course. This action is now submitted to the Engineering Faculty with a recommendation for approval.

**FROM: BME 45600: Mathematical Models and Methods in Physiology**

Term Offered: Fall, Lecture 3, Cr. 3

Prerequisite: BME 25600

**Description:** Teaches principles of mathematical modeling applied to the excitable tissues, including peripheral nerves, brain, muscle, and heart. Using small group, problem-based learning, students solve challenging problems involving coupled differential equations, finite element analysis, simulated annealing, and other numerical methods in order to model consequences of assumptions about how excitable tissues work or interact with implanted devices. Creation of custom computer code is required. Written problem descriptions provided by the instructor are extensive and detailed, serving as a “guide on the side” to student groups, while requiring key discoveries to be made by students themselves. Background information for each problem is presented in lectures. Problems are related to topics such as the function of the cochlea, the genesis of the electrocardiogram, and deep brain stimulation for the treatment of Parkinson’s disease.

**TO: BME 35600: Mathematical Models and Methods in Physiology**

Term Offered: Fall, Lecture 3, Cr. 3

Prerequisite: BME 25600

**Description:** This course uses real-world engineering problems to introduce advanced analytical tools and concepts relevant to biomedical engineering design. Each topic is briefly introduced, and students work in small teams to investigate physical mechanisms involving human anatomy and physiology using mathematical models and methods. Group work is done during scheduled class periods and other times by arrangement. Topics include brain concussions and protective helmets, origin of the electrocardiogram and bi-ventricular pacing, and deep brain stimulation for Parkinson’s disease. Mathematical methods include coupled linear and nonlinear differential equations, finite element analysis, and simulated annealing. Creation of custom computer code is required. Students prepare extensive and detailed written technical reports. A midterm and a final examination encourage individual accountability and understanding.

**Reason:** The BME Undergraduate Curriculum Committee has reviewed this course in the context of the revised curriculum structure and determined that, since the only prerequisite was a 200-level course, and because it aligned with the new pathway courses, this course should be renumbered at the 300-level. This course has been taught very successfully for 3 years as BME 456 with enrollments of 22 in Fall 2019, 28 in Fall 2020 & 32 in Fall 2021. It will be a required course for students in the new Computational Biomedicine pathway.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David M. Umulis". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "David" being the most prominent.

David M. Umulis  
Dane A. Miller Head and Professor  
Weldon School of Biomedical Engineering

# **BME 356 Mathematical Models and Methods in Physiology**

## **Fall 2022**

**Class time: Mondays 3:30-5:20**

**Location: MJIS 1097**

**Course Instructor:**

Dr. Charles F. Babbs ([babbs@purdue.edu](mailto:babbs@purdue.edu))

**Prerequisite:**

BME 25600

**Course Description:** This course uses real-world engineering problems to introduce advanced analytical tools and concepts relevant to biomedical engineering design. Each topic is briefly introduced, and students work in small teams to investigate physical mechanisms involving human anatomy and physiology using mathematical models and methods. Group work is done during scheduled class periods and other times by arrangement. Topics include brain concussions and protective helmets, origin of the electrocardiogram and bi-ventricular pacing, and deep brain stimulation for Parkinson's disease. Mathematical methods include coupled linear and nonlinear differential equations, finite element analysis, and simulated annealing. Creation of custom computer code is required. Students prepare extensive and detailed written technical reports. A midterm and a final examination encourage individual accountability and understanding.

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**Class Attendance:** Attendance is required for introductory sessions. Attendance is required also at work sessions during regular class time (3:30 to 5 p.m. Mondays), during which spontaneous oral progress reports may be requested by the staff. Some additional team meetings and work sessions will likely be needed as “homework”, and can be scheduled by arrangement within each group. Online collaboration using Google documents is recommended (see docs.google.com), but do not convert Word files into Google document format; it causes trouble with equations.

**Course Format:** Class sessions are designed to be interactive and task oriented with a minimal number of formal lectures. Groups are required to meet and work on assignments during class time when there is no lecture. To investigate topics students will use the first floor laboratories, small group study rooms, Internet access, and electronic document support. Groups are required to keep current research progress. Faculty and staff may request spontaneous oral progress reports at any time during scheduled class sessions. Faculty and staff will be available to address questions and give encouragement. The written problem statements provided to students on Blackboard are exceedingly detailed and supplied with adequate hints so that students can do challenging, advanced work while avoiding false starts and blind alleys. These written problem statements include instruction and guidance on relevant mathematical methods.

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- All hazards warning (examples of hazards: tornado (severe weather)/hazardous materials release/civil unrest/directed by police personnel) – When you hear the all hazards alarm immediately seek shelter. Continue to a safe location (typically the lowest level of the building in an area without windows).
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- If we are notified during class of a Shelter in Place requirement for a hazardous materials release, or a civil disturbance, including a shooting or other use of weapons, we will suspend class and shelter in the classroom, shutting the door and turning off the lights.
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**Academic Conduct:** Students are expected to behave in a professional and ethical manner in all aspects of this course. Plagiarism, cheating, or other acts of academic dishonesty will not be tolerated. Any infractions whatsoever will result in immediate expulsion from the course and a failing grade for the semester. Instances of plagiarism or cheating will also be reported to the Dean of Students Office to be recorded on your permanent academic record. If an individual behaves in any other manner that is unprofessional or unethical during the semester, the course instructor(s) reserves the right to fail the student for that as well. For more information, see the Purdue University Student Conduct Code at:

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## Course Assessment

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### Grade Composition and Grading Scale (subject to change with notice):

- 2 group-based, written technical reports, 60% (grade penalties for lateness)
- 1 individual midterm exam, 15%
- Comprehensive individual final exam, 25%

90-100%	A
80-89%	B
70-79%	C
60-69%	D
00-59%	F

**Make-up exams:** Given at the discretion of the instructor; format may be different from regular exams. Advance notice, when possible, is highly recommended. Students must adhere to Purdue policy as outlined: [http://www.purdue.edu/usp/acad\\_policies/attendance.shtml](http://www.purdue.edu/usp/acad_policies/attendance.shtml)

### Problem work groups:

- Modified random assignment of group members (see attached list)
- Practice "teaming", including face-to-face and online collaboration
- Work product is a detailed and complete technical report (see style guide)
- Individual grades on technical reports determined from overall report grade and individual grade correction factors based on peer evaluations (see below)

### Group dynamics

Teamwork is essential in biomedical engineering. All members of each report writing group are expected to contribute evenly. Rotate roles to enhance the learning experience (lead author, code writer, Power Point maestro, etc.) Encourage quieter members to speak up. Encourage more dominant personalities to listen. Work through minor personal and interpersonal issues with respectful, open communication. If major personal or interpersonal problems arise, contact the instructors and/or counseling staff early-on.

## Peer evaluation

To minimize problems with loafing or freeloading by individual members and to mimic the real-world situation in which a person's reputation at work matters, a peer evaluation system will be used in this course. Educational research has shown that having multiple peer evaluations reduces social loafing and increases students' satisfaction with group members' contribution and also the perceived fairness of the project grades (Aggarwal, 2008). The simple, survey-based system that we will use in this course is the most effective and fair yet devised (Zhang and Ohland, 2009). After each technical report is turned in, group members will receive an E-mail with a link to a short survey in which they rate the contributions of all group members, including themselves to the overall success of the project. Individual grades,  $G_i$ , will be calculated from the group grade,  $G_g$ , as

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Game theory analysis shows that the best strategy for self and peer evaluations under this system is to tell the truth—that is, people who try to fake out the system tend to get worse grades (Tu and Lu, 2005).

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## Schedule from 2021

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- Results section including validation of methods, numerical results, presented in Figures and legends as well as Tables in line with the text, positioned for easy reading and accompanied by brief prose descriptions of the results, which never “speak for themselves”
- Discussion including major general principles discovered, limitations of the models and methods, reasons why the limitations can be discounted in this case (otherwise it would have been stupid to proceed)
- Conclusions regarding the biological or medical significance of the results
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- Appendices, such as computer code, when indicated.

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Dr. Charles F. Babbs ([babbs@purdue.edu](mailto:babbs@purdue.edu))

**Teaching Assistant:**

Position open

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