

Variation to Consumption Analysis

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Client

Hewlett Packard Inc. has been a global leader in the Printing industry for over 80 years, and their ink and toner cartridges are recognized for their high quality and costeffectiveness. The Toner Supplies Solution Forecast department in Boise, Idaho is responsible for forecasting future demand of cartridges and ensuring inventory is efficiently managed.

Problem statement

The ratio of HP's variation to consumption (VTC) from their toner cartridge forecasting model is inconsistent and inaccurate. Contributing variables to the forecasting model need to be analyzed and adjusted using statistical and qualitative methods to more accurately predict future demand.

assumptions

in creating

data

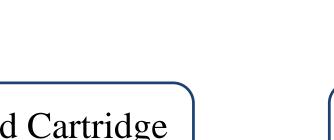


Preliminary System Model

HP's current cartridge forecasting model

Installed Base *
Monthly usage
= Total Expected
Pages

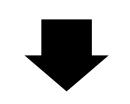
Total Expected
Pages * HP Share
= HP Expected
Pages



Expected Cartridge
Pages / Cartridge
Yield = Expected
Cartridges

Wix = Expected
Cartridge Pages

Cartridge Pages



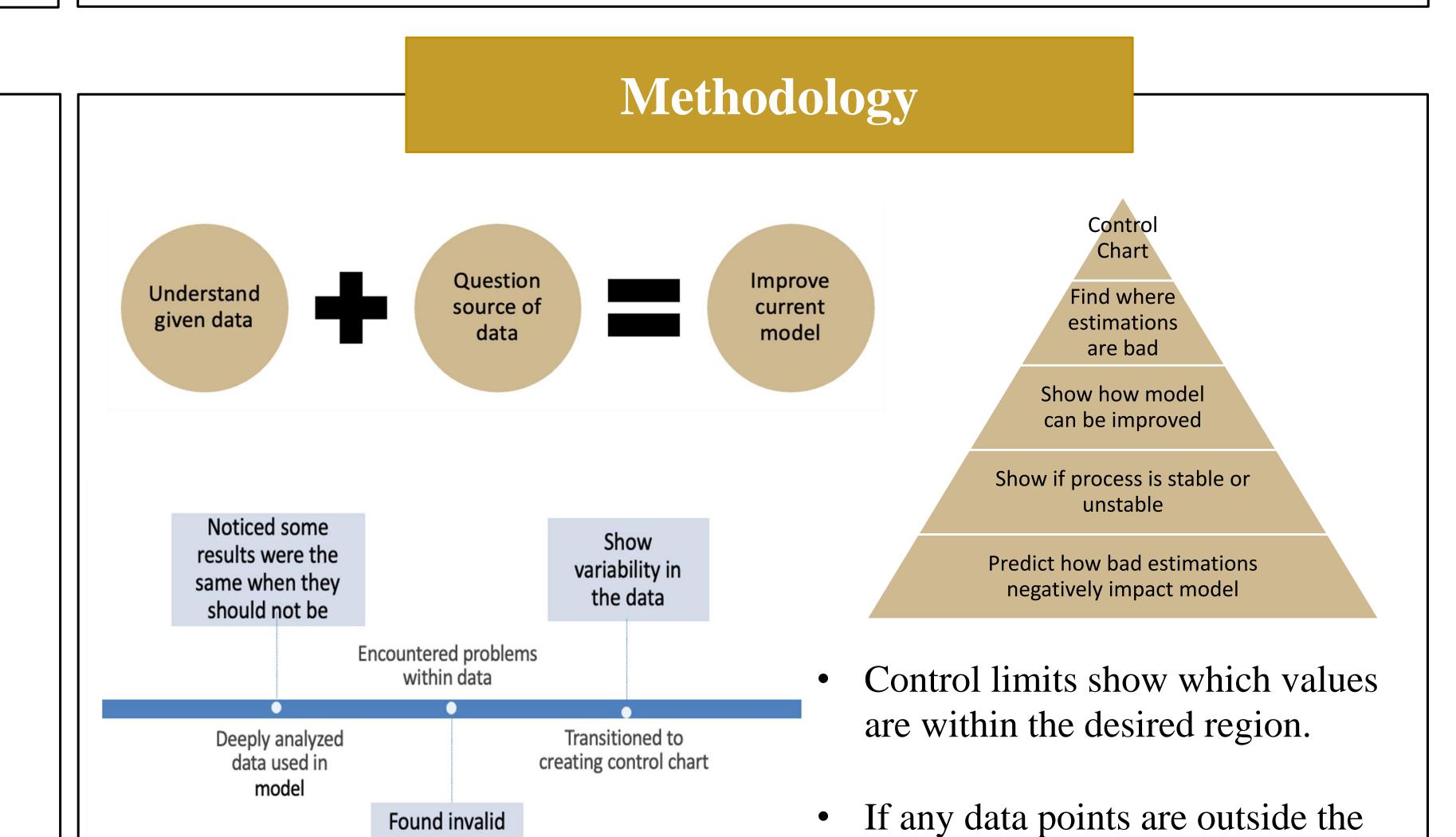
Shipments / Sum of Expected Cartridges = Cartridge VTC

- Installed Based,
 Monthly Usage, and HP
 Share are estimates.
- Misalignment in obtaining the VTC. The root cause of the error is suspected to be a scaling factor (α)

$$\alpha A_1 * \alpha B_1 = VTC_1$$

 $\alpha A_2 * \alpha B_2 = VTC_2$

 $VTC_1 \neq VTC_2$

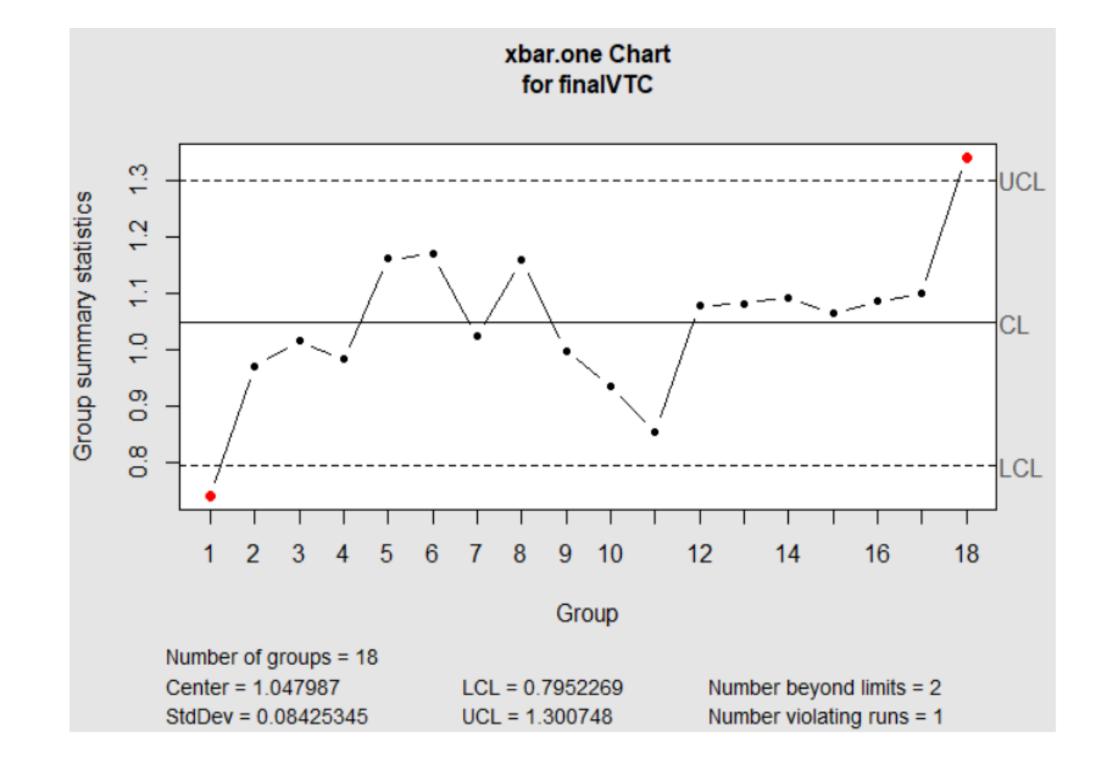


VTC 2021/2022/2023 1.4 1.3 1.2 1.1 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 Jan Jul Jan Jul Jan Jul Jan Jul Jan Jul 2021 2021 2022 2023

Figure 1. X-bar chart of both Single/Multi-function printer data sets with Python

Discussion

- Team looked at 3 different sheets to work with: IB-usage-share, Shipment Forecast Encoded, Tier 1-Sell Through.
- The variation in the printer data is a result of three key factors: damage, shipment, sell within country
- Team organized data and created a chart to visualize data in a more efficient manner in R.
- Switched our finding son the VTC to Python to client specifications



to a special cause.

control limits, the variation is due

Figure 2. X-bar chart of Single function printers with R

VTC of 4 different cartridges based on ARIMA-trained data over time Group 2SS032A 2SS032X 2SS032X 2SS032XC 2SS032XX 2SS032XX Date

Figure 3. VTC of 4 types of cartridges in NA region based on the data trained using ARIMA

Results

- Our team used ARIMA modeling on R to get predicted shipments using given data for the past 2 years.
- Referring to figure 4, we noticed that the two VTC graphs of model 2SS032A seemed similar to each other, except some abnormalities in the early 2021 and late 2022.
- This gave us some insights on how our client's shipment forecasting model is close to the data trained by ARIMA model.
- Since this model was created based on the data for a short period of time, we can create more accurate and meaningful model if we have more data from the past.

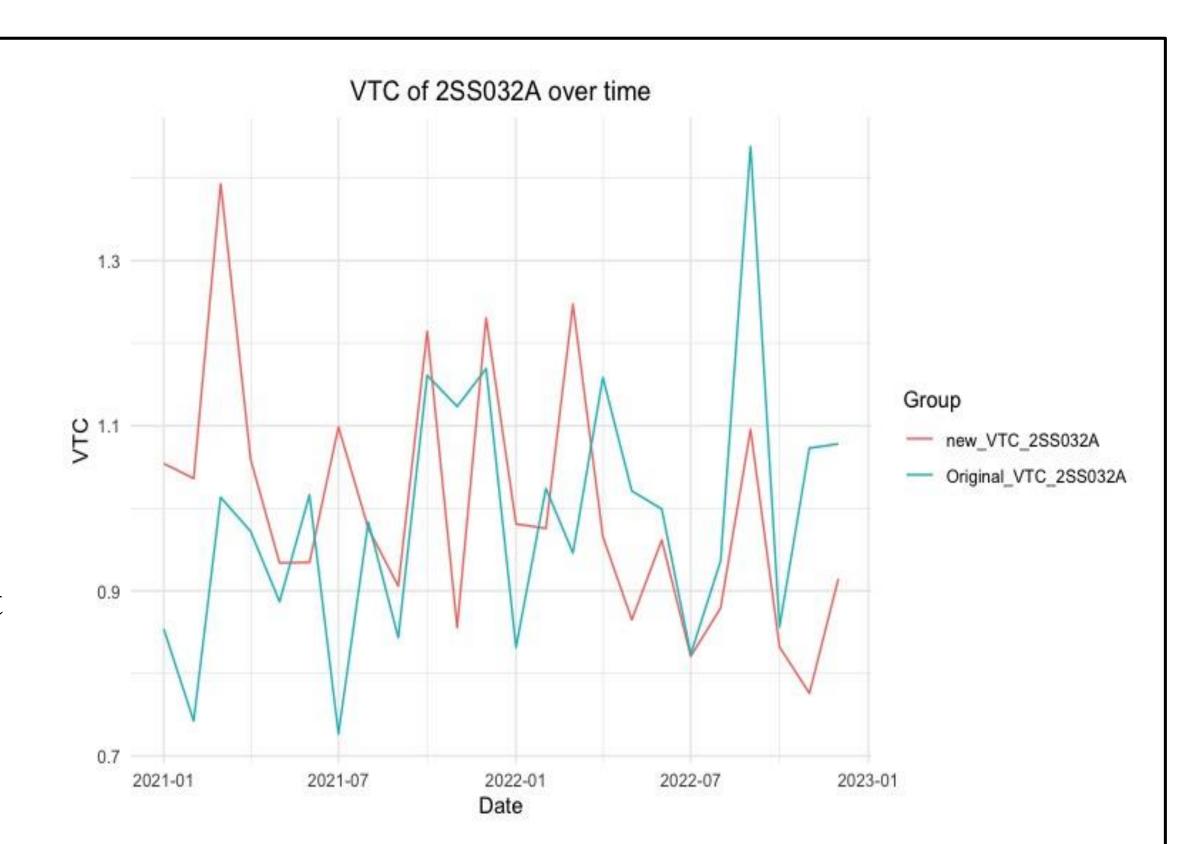


Figure 4. VTC of 2SS032A based on the existing data and trained data