

Four-Microphone Measurement of Transmission Loss of Automotive Door Seals: Improved Correction Factor

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Project Description

- Development of a desktop procedure to measure acoustical properties of automotive door seals
- Important as method is simple and economical







Discussion

- The removable clamp contributes an area-correction as well as an inertial-nearfield effect
- Both effects must be corrected to obtain the actual transmission loss of the sample tested
- Procedure was successful as it manage to correct the transmission loss of the sample material

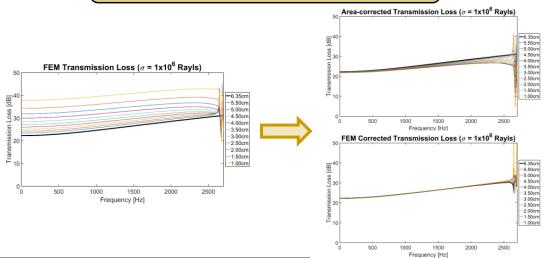
Approach

Desktop procedure consists of a 4-mic standing wave tube with a removable clamp to hold the sample instead of a reverberation room



- Improvement of previously developed desktop procedure
 - Developed a finite element model with well-defined porous properties (JCAPL Model) to obtain a sample material of different transmission loss
 - · Correction factor was obtained by manipulating equations
 - Correction factor was then applied to original transmission coefficients

Results



<u>Summary:</u> Desktop procedure could potentially replace traditional methods that require large scale facilities

