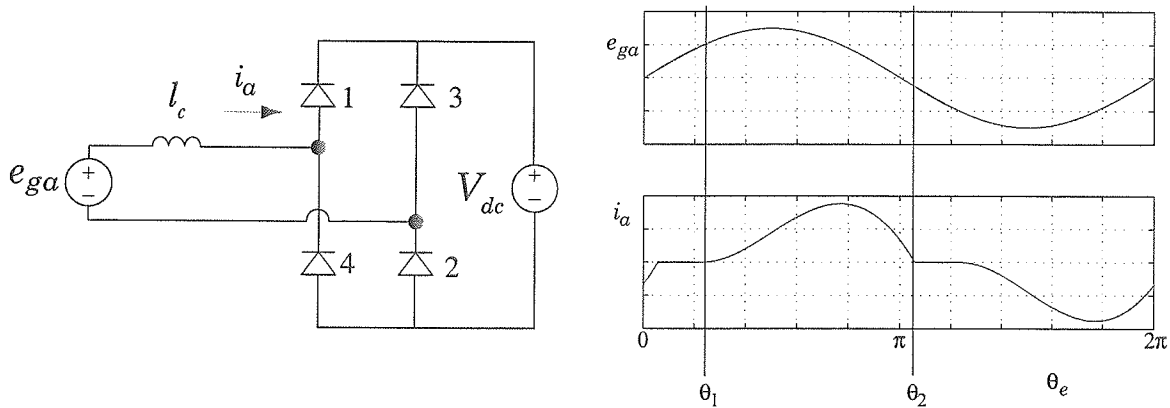


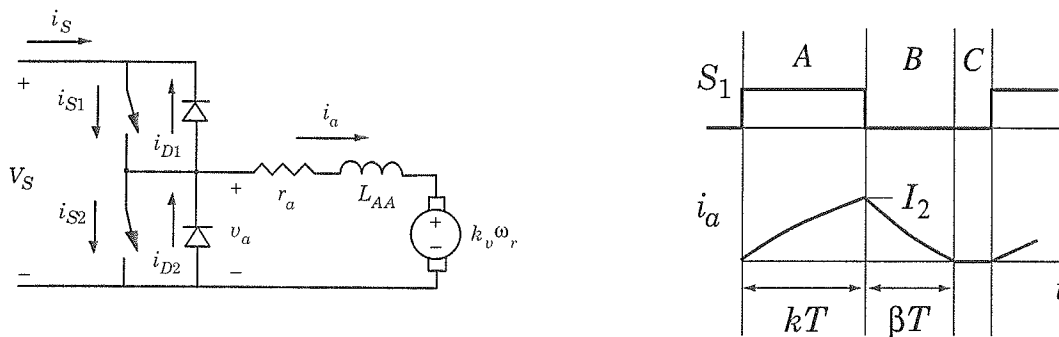
(32) 1. Consider the single-phase full-bridge thyristor-controlled rectifier.



Let  $e_{g\alpha} = E \sin \theta_e$  where  $\theta_e = \omega_e t$ .

- (a) Establish an expression for  $\theta_1$  (beginning of conduction interval for diodes 1 and 2) in terms of  $E$  and  $V_{dc}$ .
- (b) Establish an expression for  $i_a(\theta_e)$  over the interval  $\theta_1 < \theta_e < \theta_2$ .

(36) 2. Consider a dc motor supplied by a 2-quadrant chopper.



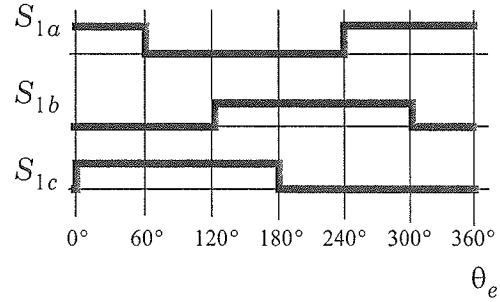
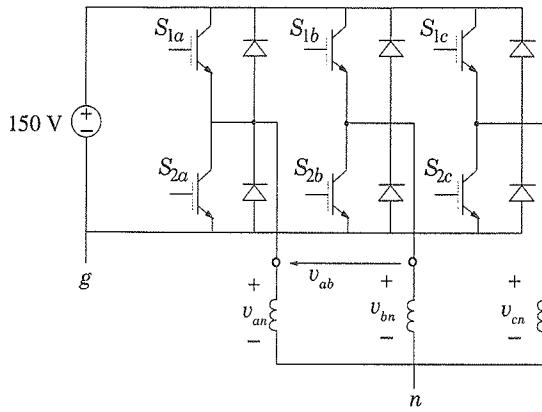
All expressions should be in terms of  $r_a$ ,  $\tau_a = L_{AA}/r_a$ ,  $k_v$ ,  $V_S$ ,  $k$ ,  $T$ , and  $\omega_r$ . You do not need to provide detailed derivations.

- (a) Express  $i_a(t)$  in interval A, i.e.  $i_a = ?e^{?t} + \frac{?}{?}(1 - e^{?t})$ . Express  $I_2$ .
- (b) Sketch  $v_a$  for one period indicating its value in each interval. Express its average (expression may include  $\beta$ ).
- (c) Express  $i_a(t)$  in interval B assuming  $t = 0$  at beginning of interval B, i.e.

$i_a = ?e^{?t} + \frac{?}{?}(1 - e^{?t})$ . Express  $\beta$  (expression may include  $I_2$ ).

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(32) 3.



The upper (lower) switch of each phase leg is closed (open) for  $180^\circ$  and open (closed) for the other  $180^\circ$ . The switching of each phase leg is displaced  $\pm 120^\circ$  relative to the other phase legs as shown above.

- (a) Sketch  $v_{ng}$  (voltage from node  $n$  to node  $g$ ),  $v_{an}$ , and  $v_{ab}$  indicating their values for each of the six intervals.
- (b) Express the fundamental component of  $v_{ab}$  in the form  $v_{ab}^{(1)} = ? \cos \theta_e + ? \sin \theta_e$  (expression may include  $\pi$ ,  $\sqrt{2}$ ,  $\sqrt{3}$ , ...).

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