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Nano-Lightning **Cooling For** Computers

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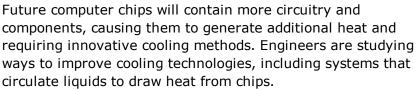
Mechanical engineers at Purdue University are developing a new type of cooling technology for computers that uses a sort of nano-lightning to create tiny wind currents.

The researchers have shown that the underlying concept for a "micro-scale ion-driven airflow" device is sound and have recently filed for a patent.



"This is a groundbreaking idea," said Suresh Garimella, a professor of mechanical engineering at Purdue who is working on the device with Timothy Fisher, an associate professor of mechanical engineering, Daniel J. Schlitz, who recently earned a doctoral degree from Purdue, and doctoral student Vishal Singhal. Schlitz and Singhal have created Thorrn Micro Technologies Inc. to commercialize the cooling system.

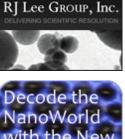




Using a liquid to cool electronic circuits, however, poses many challenges, and industry would rather develop new cooling methods that use air, Garimella said.

"The key attribute of this work is that it sticks with air cooling while possibly providing the same rate of cooling as a liquid," he said.

The new technique works by generating ions – or electrically charged atoms - using electrodes placed close to one another on a computer chip. Negatively charged electrodes, or cathodes, are made of "nanotubes" of carbon with tips only as wide as five







nanometers, or billionths of a meter.

Voltage is passed into the electrodes, causing the negatively charged nanotubes to discharge electrons toward the positively charged electrodes. The electrons react with surrounding air, causing the air molecules to be ionized just as electrons in the atmosphere ionize air in clouds. This ionization of air leads to an imbalance of charges that eventually results in lightning bolts.

The ionized air molecules cause currents like those created by the "corona wind" phenomenon, which happens between electrodes at voltages higher than 10 kilovolts, or 10,000 volts.

"To create lightning you need tens of kilovolts, but we do it with 100 volts or less, " Garimella said. "In simple terms, we are generating a kind of lightning on a nano-scale here."

The researchers are able to create the ionizing effect with low voltage because the tips of the nanotubes are extremely narrow and the oppositely charged electrodes are spaced apart only about 10 microns, or one-tenth the width of a human hair.

Future cooling devices based on the design will have an "ion-generation region," where electrons are released, and a "pumping region," made up of another set of electrodes needed to create the cooling effect.

Clouds of ions created when electrons react with air can then be attracted by the second region of electrodes and "pumped" forward by changing the voltages in those electrodes. The voltages are rapidly switched from one electrode to the next in such a way that the clouds of ions move forward and produce a cooling breeze.

"They are switching at the right frequency so that the ion cloud is constantly moving forward," Schlitz said. "As the ions move forward, they make repeated collisions with neutral molecules, producing the breeze."

The Purdue researchers have demonstrated that the pumping concept works with a region of electrodes made of many series, each series containing three electrodes. The first in the series is the most positively charged, followed by an electrode that has a less-positive charge and then a third electrode that is negative.

Switching the voltages from one electrode to the next causes the charges to move forward, which in turn moves the ion clouds.

"The switching itself is a well-known concept from physics, but we are the first to bring about ion pumping on a micro-scale like this," said Garimella, who is director of Purdue's Cooling Technologies Research Center, a consortium of corporations, university and government laboratories working to overcome obstacles in developing new, compact cooling technologies.

The research has been funded by the <u>National Science</u> <u>Foundation</u>, the <u>Semiconductor Research Corporation</u> and the <u>Purdue Research Foundation</u>.





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