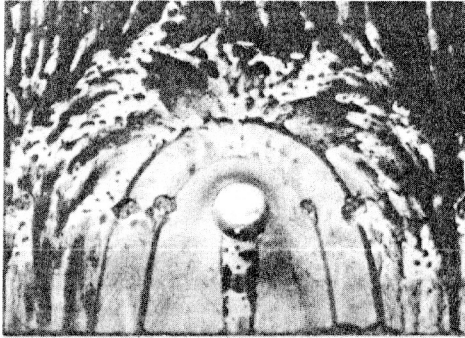


spheres
are
0.238-cm
diameter

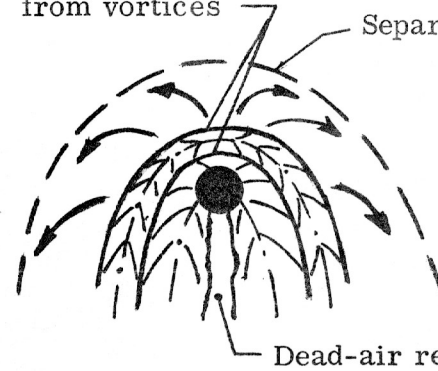
↓ Flow direction



$M_{inf}=6.8$, wedge model, $M_e=M_l=5.5$,
 $k/\delta = 2$, detailed oil flow image.
Basically similar for different roughness
shapes

Oil accumulation
from vortices

Separation boundary

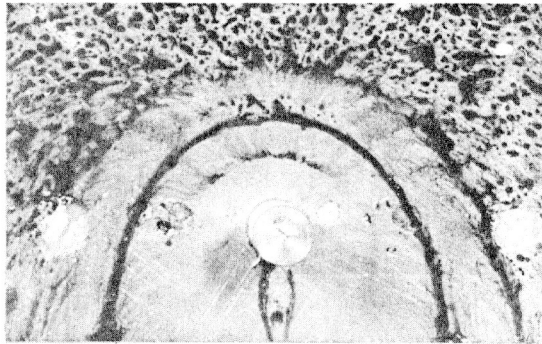


s =element spacing
on CL.
 w =max width of
single element
 k =element height
 δ = bl thickness

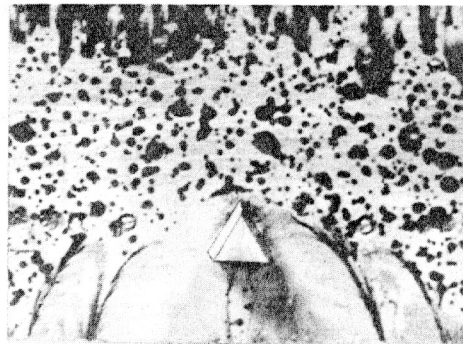
Dead-air region

A.H. Whitehead, Jr., "Flowfield and drag
characteristics of several boundary-layer
tripping elements in hypersonic flow", NASA
TN-D-5454, October 1969

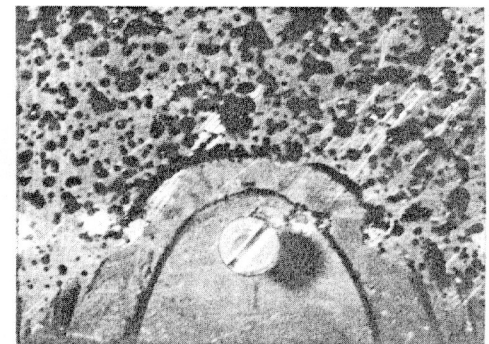
(a) Sphere.



(b) Cylinder.

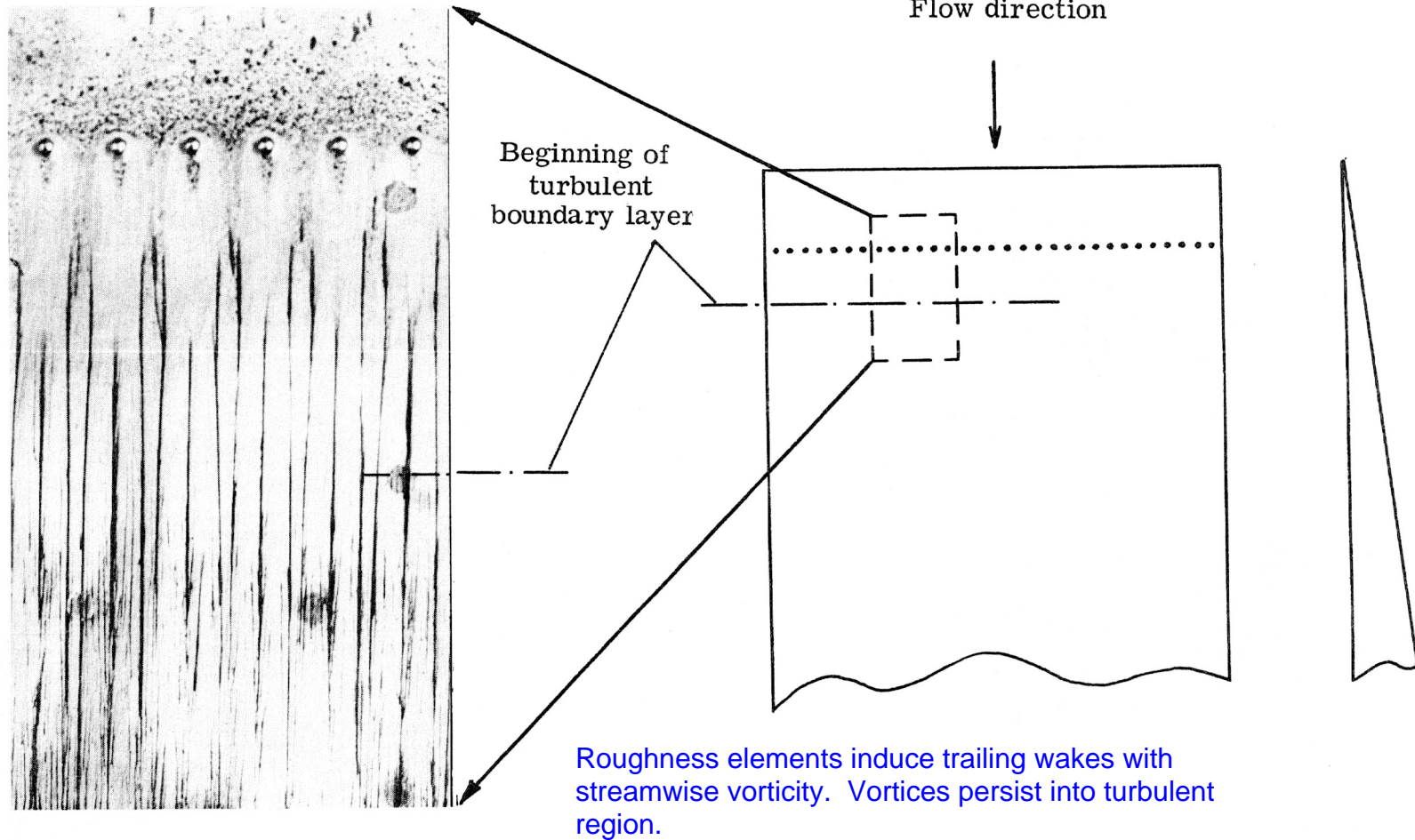


(c) Triangular prism.



(d) Pinhead.

Figure 4.- Flow behavior around elements. $M_l = 5.5$; $k/\delta = 2$; $s/w = 8$.



(a) Flat plate (ref. 12). $M_\infty = M_t = 6.0$; $k/\delta = 2$; $s/w = 4$.

Figure 7.- Downstream influence of spherical elements.