

A gas in a piston assembly undergoes a polytropic expansion from an initial volume, $V_i=0.1 \text{ m}^3$, and initial pressure, $p_i = 2 \text{ bar (abs)}$ ($1 \text{ bar} = 1 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Pa}$), to a final volume of $V_f = 0.5 \text{ m}^3$. Determine the work the gas does on the piston for $n = 1.5$ and $n = 1$ (where $pV^n = \text{constant}$).

SOLUTION:

The work the gas performs on the piston is given by:

$$W_{i \rightarrow f} = \int_{V=0.1 \text{ m}^3}^{V=0.5 \text{ m}^3} p dV \quad (1)$$

where, for a polytropic expansion,

$$pV^n = \text{constant} = c \quad (2)$$

where n is a constant. Substitute Eq. (2) into Eq. (1).

$$W_{i \rightarrow f} = \int_{V=0.1 \text{ m}^3}^{V=0.5 \text{ m}^3} cV^{-n} dV = \begin{cases} \frac{c}{1-n} V^{1-n} \Big|_{0.1 \text{ m}^3}^{0.5 \text{ m}^3} & n \neq 1 \\ c \ln V \Big|_{0.1 \text{ m}^3}^{0.5 \text{ m}^3} & n = 1 \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

When $n = 1.5$, the constant is

$$c = \left(\frac{2 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Pa}}{=p_i} \right) \left(\frac{0.1 \text{ m}^3}{=V_i} \right)^{1.5} = 6.32 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^{2.5} \quad (4)$$

and the work performed by the gas, using Eq. (3), is:

$$W_{i \rightarrow f} = \frac{6.32 \cdot 10^3 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^{2.5}}{-0.5} [(0.5 \text{ m}^3)^{-0.5} - (0.1 \text{ m}^3)^{-0.5}], \quad (5)$$

$$\boxed{W_{i \rightarrow f} = 2.2 \cdot 10^4 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}}. \quad (6)$$

When $n = 1$, the constant is:

$$c = \left(\frac{2 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Pa}}{=p_i} \right) \left(\frac{0.1 \text{ m}^3}{=V_i} \right) = 2 \cdot 10^4 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m} \quad (7)$$

and the work performed by the gas, using Eq. (3), is:

$$W_{i \rightarrow f} = (2 \cdot 10^4 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}) \ln \left(\frac{0.5 \text{ m}^3}{0.1 \text{ m}^3} \right), \quad (8)$$

$$\boxed{W_{i \rightarrow f} = 3.2 \cdot 10^4 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}}. \quad (9)$$

