

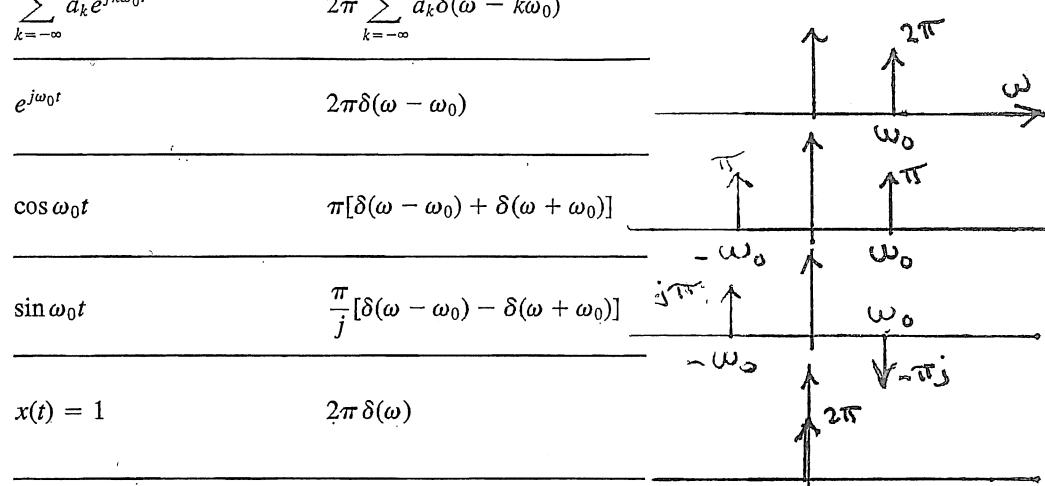
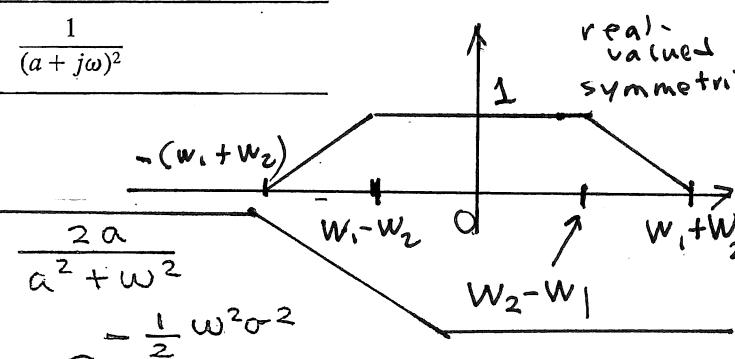
Section	Property	Aperiodic signal	Fourier transform
4.3.0	Duality	$x(t)$ $y(t)$ $\times(t)$	$X(\omega)$ $Y(\omega)$ $2\pi X(-\omega)$
4.3.1	Linearity	$ax(t) + by(t)$	$aX(\omega) + bY(\omega)$
4.3.2	Time Shifting	$x(t - t_0)$	$e^{-j\omega t_0} X(\omega)$
4.3.6	Frequency Shifting	$e^{j\omega_0 t} x(t)$	$X(\omega - \omega_0)$
4.3.3	Conjugation	$x^*(t)$	$X^*(-\omega)$
4.3.5	Time Reversal	$x(-t)$	$X(-\omega)$
4.3.5	Time and Frequency Scaling	$x(at)$	$\frac{1}{ a } X\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right)$
4.4	Convolution	$x(t) * y(t)$	$X(\omega)Y(\omega)$
4.5	Multiplication	$x(t)y(t)$	$\xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} \frac{1}{2\pi} X(\omega) * Y(\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X(\theta)Y(\omega - \theta) d\theta$
4.3.4	Differentiation in Time	$\frac{d}{dt} x(t)$	$j\omega X(\omega)$
4.3.4	Integration	$\int_{-\infty}^t x(t) dt$	$\frac{1}{j\omega} X(\omega) + \pi X(0)\delta(\omega)$
4.3.6	Differentiation in Frequency	$t x(t)$	$j \frac{d}{d\omega} X(\omega)$
4.3.3	Conjugate Symmetry for Real Signals	$x(t)$ real	$\begin{cases} X(\omega) = X^*(-\omega) \\ \Re\{X(\omega)\} = \Re\{X(-\omega)\} \\ \Im\{X(\omega)\} = -\Im\{X(-\omega)\} \\ X(\omega) = X(-\omega) \\ \angle X(\omega) = -\angle X(-\omega) \end{cases}$
4.3.3	Symmetry for Real and Even Signals	$x(t)$ real and even	$X(\omega)$ real and even
4.3.3	Symmetry for Real and Odd Signals	$x(t)$ real and odd	$X(\omega)$ purely imaginary and of
4.3.3	Even-Odd Decomposition for Real Signals	$x_e(t) = \Re\{x(t)\}$ [$x(t)$ real] $x_o(t) = \Im\{x(t)\}$ [$x(t)$ real]	$\Re\{X(\omega)\}$ $j\Im\{X(\omega)\}$
Initial Value Theorems:		$x(0) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(\omega) d\omega$	
4.3.7	Parseval's Relation for Aperiodic Signals	$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x(t) ^2 dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} X(\omega) ^2 d\omega$	

4.3.8 Frequency Shift Variants

$$x(t) \cos(\omega_0 t) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} \frac{1}{2} X(\omega - \omega_0) + \frac{1}{2} X(\omega + \omega_0)$$

$$x(t) \sin(\omega_0 t) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} \frac{1}{2j} X(\omega - \omega_0) - \frac{1}{2j} X(\omega + \omega_0)$$

TABLE 4.2 BASIC FOURIER TRANSFORM PAIRS

Signal	Fourier transform
$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} a_k e^{j k \omega_0 t}$	$2\pi \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} a_k \delta(\omega - k\omega_0)$
$e^{j\omega_0 t}$	$2\pi \delta(\omega - \omega_0)$
$\cos \omega_0 t$	$\pi [\delta(\omega - \omega_0) + \delta(\omega + \omega_0)]$
$\sin \omega_0 t$	$\frac{\pi}{j} [\delta(\omega - \omega_0) - \delta(\omega + \omega_0)]$
$x(t) = 1$	$2\pi \delta(\omega)$
	
$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & t < T_1 \\ 0, & T_1 < t \leq \frac{T}{2} \end{cases} \quad \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{2 \sin k\omega_0 T_1}{k} \delta(\omega - k\omega_0)$ and $x(t+T) = x(t)$	
$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t - nT)$ $\frac{2\pi}{T} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta\left(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{T}\right)$	
$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & t < T_1 \\ 0, & t > T_1 \end{cases} \quad \frac{2 \sin \omega T_1}{\omega}$	
$\frac{\sin Wt}{\pi t}$	$X(j\omega) = \begin{cases} 1, & \omega < W \\ 0, & \omega > W \end{cases}$
$\delta(t)$	1
$u(t)$	$\frac{1}{j\omega} + \pi \delta(\omega)$
$\delta(t - t_0)$	$e^{-j\omega t_0}$
$e^{-at} u(t), \operatorname{Re}\{a\} > 0$	$\frac{1}{a + j\omega}$
$t e^{-at} u(t), \operatorname{Re}\{a\} > 0$	$\frac{1}{(a + j\omega)^2}$
$\frac{\pi}{w_1} \frac{\sin(w_1 t)}{\pi t} \cdot \frac{\sin(w_2 t)}{\pi t}$ $e^{-a t }$ $\frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2\sigma^2}}$	
	
$\frac{1}{\pi t}$ $-j \operatorname{sgn}(\omega) = j \text{ for } \omega < 0$ $-j \text{ for } \omega > 0$	