EE538 Digital Signal Processing I Fall 2014 Exam 1 Friday, Sept. 29, 2014

Cover Sheet

Write your name on this and every page

Test Duration: 60 minutes.
Coverage: Chapters 1-5.
Open Book but Closed Notes.
Calculators NOT allowed.
This test contains **three** problems.

Show your work in the space provided for each problem.
You must show all work for each problem to receive full credit.
Always simplify your answers as much as possible.

Prob. No. Topic(s) Points

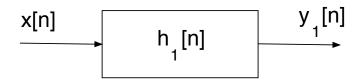
1. Frequency Response and Interconnection of LTI Systems, Pole-Zero Diagrams

2. DT Autocorrelation, Cross-Correlation and their Related Properties

3. LTI Systems: Expressing Cross-Correlation in terms of Convolution

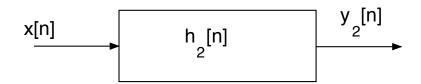
Problem 1. [35 points]

- (a) Consider System 1 with impulse response $h_1[n]$ below, where $p_1 = 0.8$ (in fractional form $p_1 = \frac{4}{5}$):
 - System 1: $h_1[n] = \frac{1}{p_1} \left\{ \delta[n] + (p_1^2 1) p_1^n u[n] \right\}$



- (i) Draw a pole-zero diagram for this system.
- (ii) Plot the magnitude of the frequency response $|H_1(\omega)|$ over $-\pi < \omega < \pi$.
- (b) Consider System 2 with impulse response $h_2[n]$ below, where $p_2=-0.8$ (in fractional form $p_2=-\frac{4}{5}$):

System 2:
$$h_2[n] = \frac{-1}{p_2} \left\{ \delta[n] + (p_2^2 - 1)p_2^n u[n] \right\}$$



- (i) Draw a pole-zero diagram for this system.
- (ii) Plot the magnitude of the frequency response $|H_2(\omega)|$ over $-\pi < \omega < \pi$.
- (c) Consider Systems 1 and 2 to be connected in parallel. Plot the magnitude of the frequency response $|H(\omega)|$ of the parallel combination of System 1 and System 2 over $-\pi < \omega < \pi$.
- (d) Determine the overall output y[n] of the parallel combination of System 1 and System 2 when the common input is:

$$x[n] = 3 + 2\cos(\pi n)$$

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Problem 2. [30 points]

(a) Determine the autocorrelation $r_{x_0x_0}[\ell]$ of the length-4 sequence $x_0[n]$ below, which is written two different ways. Write your answer in sequence form indicating where the value for $\ell=0$ is located.

$$x_0[n] = u[n] - u[n-4] = \{1, 1, 1, 1\}$$

(b) Determine the autocorrelation $r_{x_1x_1}[\ell]$ of the length-4 sequence $x_1[n]$ below. Write your answer in sequence form indicating where the value for $\ell=0$ is located.

$$x_1[n] = e^{j\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n + \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}\right)} \left\{ u[n] - u[n-4] \right\}$$

(c) Determine the autocorrelation $r_{x_2x_2}[\ell]$ of the length-4 sequence $x_2[n]$ below. Write your answer in sequence form indicating where the value for $\ell = 0$ is located.

$$x_2[n] = e^{j\pi(n-2)} \{u[n-2] - u[n-6]\}$$

(d) Determine the autocorrelation $r_{x_3x_3}[\ell]$ of the length-4 sequence $x_3[n]$ below. Write your answer in sequence form indicating where the value for $\ell=0$ is located.

$$x_3[n] = e^{-j\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n + \frac{\pi}{\sqrt{2}}\right)} \{u[n] - u[n-4]\}$$

(e) Sum your answers to parts (a) thru (d) to form the sum below. Do a stem plot of $r_{xx}[\ell]$.

$$r_{xx}[\ell] = r_{x_0x_0}[\ell] + r_{x_1x_1}[\ell] + r_{x_2x_2}[\ell] + r_{x_3x_3}[\ell]$$

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Problem 3. [35 points]

(a) Determine the autocorrelation $r_{x_1x_1}[\ell]$ of the length-4 sequence $x_1[n]$ below, which is written two different ways. Write your answer in sequence form indicating where the value for $\ell = 0$ is located.

$$x_1[n] = \{1, -1, 1, 1\} = \delta[n] - \delta[n-1] + \delta[n-2] + \delta[n-3]$$

(b) Determine the autocorrelation $r_{x_1x_1}[\ell]$ of the length-4 sequence $x_1[n]$ below, which is written two different ways. Write your answer in sequence form indicating where the value for $\ell=0$ is located.

$$x_2[n] = \{-1, 1, 1, 1\} = -\delta[n] + \delta[n-1] + \delta[n-2] + \delta[n-3]$$

(c) The sequence $x_1[n]$ defined above is input to the system described by the simple difference equation below. Do a stem plot of the cross-correlation $r_{y_1x_1}[\ell]$ between the output and input.

$$y_1[n] = x_1[n-4] + x_1[n-6]$$

(d) The sequence $x_2[n]$ defined above is input to the same system described by the simple difference equation below. Do a stem plot of the cross-correlation $r_{y_2x_2}[\ell]$ between the output and input.

$$y_2[n] = x_2[n-4] + x_2[n-6]$$

(e) Sum your answers to parts (c) thru (d) to form the sum below. Do a stem plot of $r_{yx}[\ell]$.

$$r_{yx}[\ell] = r_{y_1x_1}[\ell] + r_{y_2x_2}[\ell]$$

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